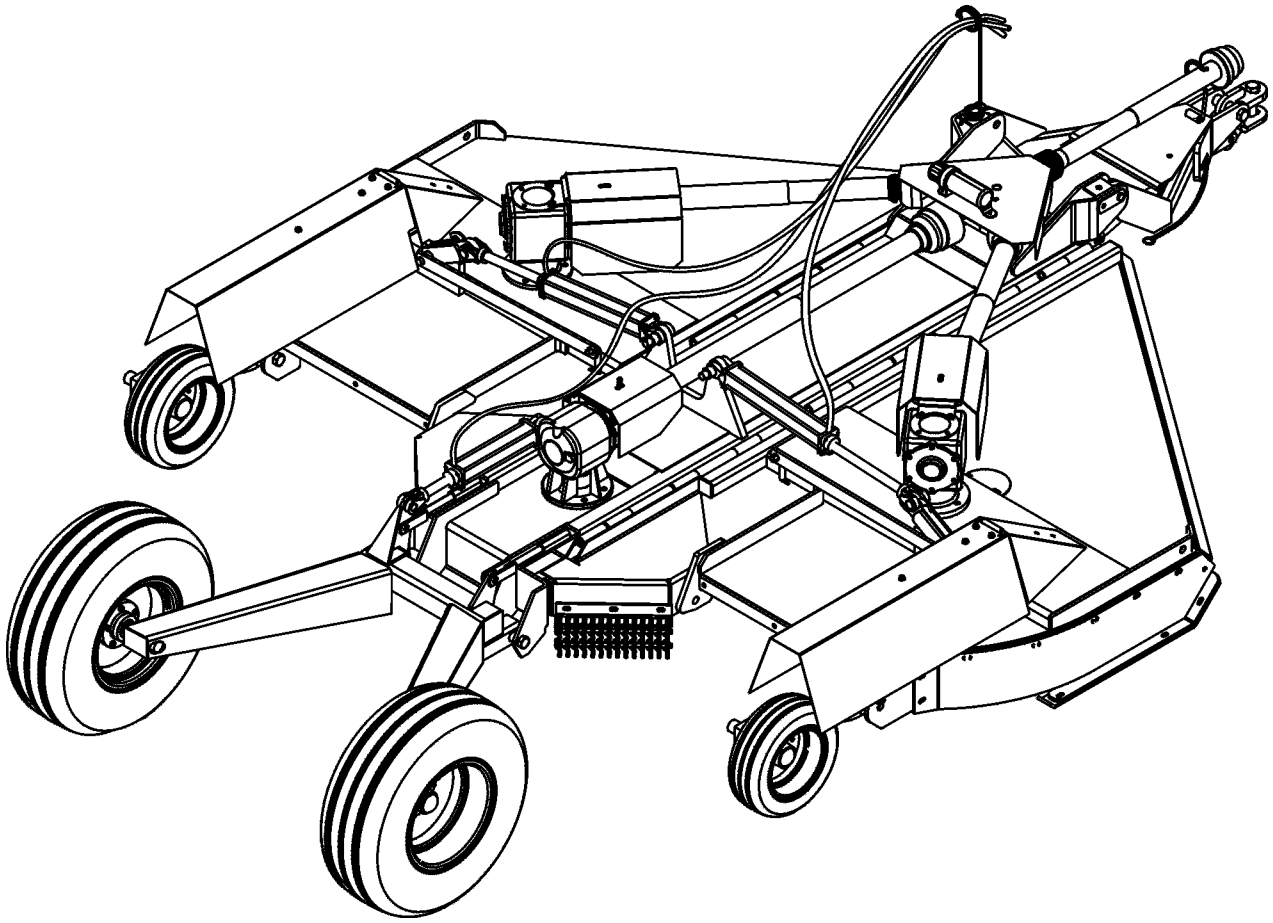
V12

Revised 05/02 Serial No. V-12-10200 Through Current PartNo. 00770489



OPERATOR'S MANUAL with PARTS LISTING

Servis-Rhino®
1502 E. Walnut
Seguin, Texas 78155
830-372-3080

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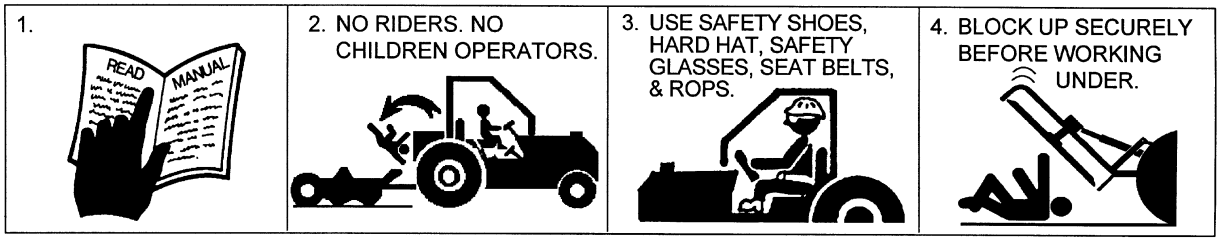
TO THE OWNER/OPERATOR/DEALER

All implements with moving parts are potentially hazardous. There is no substitute for a cautious, safe-minded operator who recognizes the potential hazards and follows reasonable safety practices. The manufacturer has designed this implement to be used with all its safety equipment properly attached to minimize the chance of accidents.

BEFORE YOU START!! Read the safety messages on the implement and shown in your manual. Observe the rules of safety and common sense!

⚠ DANGER

FAILING TO FOLLOW SAFETY MESSAGES AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR EVEN DEATH TO OPERATOR AND OTHERS IN THE AREA.


1.
READ
MANUAL
2. NO RIDERS. NO CHILDREN OPERATORS.
3. USE SAFETY SHOES, HARD HAT, SAFETY GLASSES, SEAT BELTS, & ROPS.
4. BLOCK UP SECURELY BEFORE WORKING UNDER.

1. Study and understand Operator's Manuals, Safety Signs, and Instructional Decals for tractor and implement to prevent misuse, abuse, and accidents. Practice before operating in a confined area or near passersby.
- Learn how to stop engine suddenly in an emergency. Be alert for passersby and especially children.

2. Allow no children on or near implement or tractor. Allow no riders on tractor or implement. Falling off may cause serious injury or death from being run over by tractor or cutter or contact with rotating blades.

3. Operate only with tractor having Roll-Over Protective Structure (ROPS) and with seatbelt fastened securely and snugly to prevent injury and possible death from falling off or tractor overturn. Personal Protective Equipment such as Hard Hat, Safety Glasses, Safety shoes, and Ear Plugs are recommended.

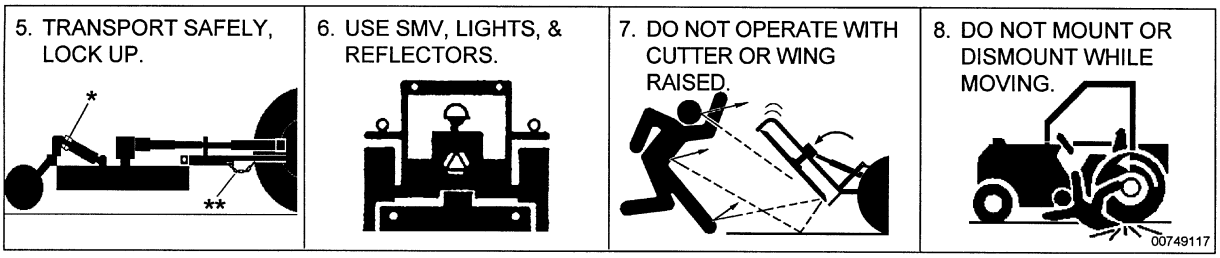
4. Block up or support raised machine and all lifted components securely before putting hands or feet under or working underneath any lifted components to prevent crushing injury or death from sudden dropping or inadvertent operation of controls. Make certain area is clear before lowering or folding.

5. Before transporting, put Lift Lever in detent or full-lift position. Install *Cylinder Stops as Transport Blocks securely on pull-type and folding implements. Slow down when turning and on hillsides.
- Attach **Safety Chain to cutter and towing unit securely. See Operator's Manual.

6. Make certain that SMV sign, Warning Lights, and Reflectors are clearly visible. Follow local traffic codes.

7. Never operate with Cutting Head raised if passersby, bystanders, or traffic are in the area to reduce possibility of injury or death from objects thrown by Blades under Guards or cutter structure.

8. Before dismounting, secure implement in transport position or lower to ground.
- Put tractor in park or set brake, disengage PTO, stop engine, and remove key, and wait until noise of rotation has ceased to prevent entanglement in rotating parts which can cause injury or death.
- Never mount or dismount a moving vehicle. Crushing from runover may cause injury or death.


5. TRANSPORT SAFELY, LOCK UP.
*
**
6. USE SMV, LIGHTS, & REFLECTORS.
7. DO NOT OPERATE WITH CUTTER OR WING RAISED.
8. DO NOT MOUNT OR DISMOUNT WHILE MOVING.
00749117

WARRANTY INFORMATION:

Read and understand the complete Warranty Statement found in this Manual. Fill out the Warranty Registration Form in full and return it to within 30 Days. Make certain the Serial Number of the Machine is recorded on the Warranty Card and on the Warranty Form that you retain.

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SAFETY SECTION

SAFETY

A safe and careful operator is the best operator. Safety is of primary importance to the manufacturer and should be to the owner/operator. Most accidents can be avoided by being aware of your equipment, your surroundings, and observing certain precautions. The first section of this manual includes a list of Safety Messages that, if followed, will help protect the operator and bystanders from injury or death. Read and understand these Safety Messages before assembling, operating or servicing this mower. This equipment should only be operated by those persons who have read the Manual, who are responsible and trained, and who know how to do so safely and responsibly.

The Safety Alert Symbol combined with a Signal Word, as seen below, is used throughout this manual and on decals which are attached to the equipment. The Safety Alert Symbol means: **"ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!"** The Symbol and Signal Word are intended to warn the owner/operator of impending hazards and the degree of possible injury faced when operating this equipment..

Practice all usual and customary safe working precautions and above all---remember safety is up to YOU. Only YOU can prevent serious injury or death from unsafe practices.

CAUTION! The lowest level of Safety Message; warns of possible injury. Decals located on the Equipment with this Signal Word are Black and Yellow.

WARNING! Serious injury or possible death! Decals are Black and Orange.

DANGER! Imminent death/critical injury. Decals are Red and White. (SG-1)

READ, UNDERSTAND, and FOLLOW the following Safety Messages. Serious injury or death may occur unless care is taken to follow the warnings and instructions stated in the Safety Messages. Always use good common sense to avoid hazards.

(SG-2)

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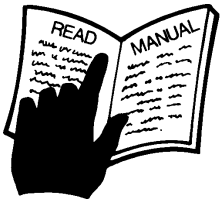
SAFETY

PELIGRO!

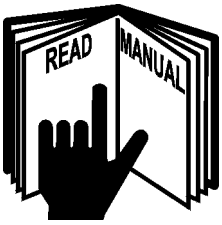
Si no lee Ingles, pida ayuda a alguien que si lo lea para que le traduzca las medidas de seguridad. (SG-3)



¡LEA EL INSTRUCTIVO!

DANGER!

Never operate the Tractor or Implement until you have read and completely understand this Manual, the Tractor Operator's Manual, and each of the Safety Messages found in the Manual or on the Tractor and Implement. Learn how to stop the tractor engine suddenly in an emergency. Never allow inexperienced or untrained personnel too operate the Tractor and Implement without supervision. Make sure the operator has fully read and understood the manuals prior to operation. (SG-4)

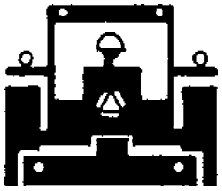


WARNING!

Always maintain the safety decals in good readable condition. If the decals are missing, damaged, or unreadable, obtain and install replacement decals immediately. (SG-5)

WARNING!

Make certain that the "Slow Moving Vehicle" (SMV) sign is installed in such a way as to be clearly visible and legible. When transporting the Equipment use the Tractor flashing warning lights and follow all local traffic regulations. (SG-6)



WARNING!

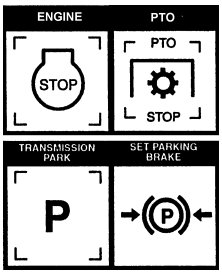
Operate this Equipment only with a Tractor equipped with an approved roll-over-protective system (ROPS). Always wear seat belts. Serious injury or even death could result from falling off the tractor--particularly during a turnover when the operator could be pinned under the ROPS. (SG-7)

WARNING!

Do not modify or alter this Implement. Do not permit anyone to modify or alter this Implement, any of its components or any Implement function. (SG-8)

DANGER!

BEFORE leaving the tractor seat, always engage the brake and/or set the tractor transmission in parking gear, disengage the PTO, stop the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop. Place the tractor shift lever into a low range or parking gear to prevent the tractor from rolling. Never dismount a Tractor that is moving or while the engine is running. Operate the Tractor controls from the tractor seat only. (SG-9)



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SAFETY

DANGER! Never allow children or other persons to ride on the Tractor or Implement. Falling off can result in serious injury or death. (SG-10)

DANGER! Never allow children to operate or ride on the Tractor or Implement. (SGM-11)

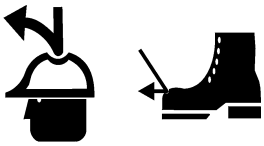
WARNING! Do not mount the Tractor while the tractor is moving. Mount the Tractor only when the Tractor and all moving parts are completely stopped. (SG-12)

DANGER! Start tractor only when properly seated in the Tractor seat. Starting a tractor in gear can result in injury or death. Read the Tractor operators manual for proper starting instructions. (SG-13)

DANGER! Never work under the Implement, the framework, or any lifted component unless the Implement is securely supported or blocked up to prevent sudden or inadvertent falling which could cause serious injury or even death. (SG-14)

DANGER! Do not operate this Equipment with hydraulic oil leaking. Oil is expensive and its presence could present a hazard. Do not check for leaks with your hand! Use a piece of heavy paper or cardboard. High-pressure oil streams from breaks in the line could penetrate the skin and cause tissue damage including gangrene. If oil does penetrate the skin, have the injury treated immediately by a physician knowledgeable and skilled in this procedure. (SG-15)

WARNING! The operator and all support personnel should wear hard hats, safety shoes, safety glasses, and proper hearing protection at all times for protection from injury including injury from items thrown by the equipment. (SG-16)



CAUTION! **PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO LOUD NOISE MAY CAUSE PERMANENT HEARING LOSS!** Tractors with or without an Implement attached can often be noisy enough to cause permanent hearing loss. We recommend that you always wear hearing protection if the noise in the Operator's position exceeds 80db. Noise over 85db over an extended period of time will cause severe hearing loss. Noise over 90db adjacent to the Operator over an extended period of time will cause permanent or total hearing loss. *Note:* Hearing loss from loud noise [from tractors, chain saws, radios, and other such sources close to the ear] is cumulative over a lifetime without hope of natural recovery. (SG-I7)

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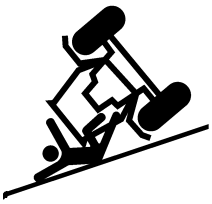
SAFETY

WARNING!

Transport only at safe speeds. Serious accidents and injuries can result from operating this equipment at unsafe speeds. Understand the Tractor and Implement and how it handles before transporting on streets and highways. Make sure the Tractor steering and brakes are in good condition and operate properly.

Before transporting the Tractor and Implement, determine the safe transport speeds for you and the equipment. Make sure you abide by the following rules:

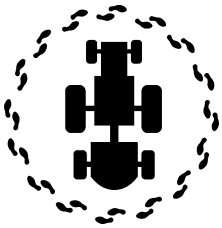
1. Test the tractor at a slow speed and increase the speed slowly. Apply the Brakes smoothly to determine the stopping characteristics of the Tractor and Implement.
   As you increase the speed of the Tractor the stopping distance increases. Determine the maximum safe transport speed for you and this Equipment.
2. Test the equipment at a slow speed in turns. Increase the speed through the turn only after you determine that it is safe to operate at a higher speed. Use extreme care and reduce your speed when turning sharply to prevent the tractor and implement from turning over. Determine the maximum safe turning speed for you and this equipment before operating on roads or uneven ground.
3. Only transport the Tractor and Implement at the speeds that you have determined are safe and which allow you to properly control the equipment.



Be aware of the operating conditions. Do not operate the Tractor with weak or faulty brakes. When operating down a hill or on wet or rain slick roads, the braking distance increases: use extreme care and reduce your speed. When operating in traffic always use the Tractor's flashing warning lights and reduce your speed. Be aware of traffic around you andwatch out for the other guy. (SG-19)

WARNING!

Never attempt to lubricate, adjust, or remove material from the Implement while it is in motion or while tractor engine is running. Make sure the tractor engine is off before working on the Implement. (SG-20)



WARNING!

Periodically inspect all moving parts for wear and replace when necessary with authorized service parts. Look for loose fasteners, worn or broken parts, and leaky or loose fittings. Make sure all pins have cotter pins and washers. Serious injury may occur from not maintaining this machine in good working order. (SG-21)

WARNING!

Always read carefully and comply fully with the manufacturers instructions when handling oil, solvents, cleansers, and any other chemical agent. (SG-22)

DANGER!

Never run the tractor engine in a closed building or without adequate ventilation. The exhaust fumes can be hazardous to your health. (SG-23)

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SAFETY

DANGER!

KEEP AWAY FROM ROTATING ELEMENTS to prevent entanglement and possible serious injury or death. (SG-24)

DANGER!

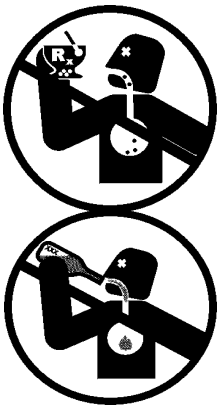
Never allow children to play on or around Tractor or Implement. Children can slip or fall off the Equipment and be injured or killed. Children can cause the Implement to shift or fall crushing themselves or others. (SG-25)

WARNING!

Do not exceed the rated PTO speed for the Implement. Excessive PTO speeds can cause Implement driveline or blade failures resulting in serious injury or death. (SG-26)

DANGER!

NEVER use drugs or alcohol immediately before or while operating the Tractor and Implement. Drugs and alcohol will affect an operator's alertness and coordination and therefore affect the operator's ability to operate the equipment safely. Before operating the Tractor or Implement, an operator on prescription or over-the-counter medication must consult a medical professional regarding any side effects of the medication that would hinder their ability to operate the Equipment safely. **NEVER** knowingly allow anyone to operate this equipment when their alertness or coordination is impaired. Serious injury or death to the operator or others could result if the operator is under the influnce of drugs or alcohol. (SG-27)



DANGER!

Operate the Tractor and/or Implement controls only while properly seated in the Tractor seat with the seat belt securely fastened around you. Inadvertent movement of the Tractor or Implement may cause serious injury or death. (SG-29)

WARNING!

Mow only in conditions where you have clear visibility in daylight or with adequate artificial lighting. Never mow in darkness or foggy conditions where you cannot clearly see at least 100 yards in front and to the sides of the tractor and mower. Make sure that you can clearly see and identify passersby, steep slopes, ditches, drop-offs, overhead obstructions, power lines, debris and foreign objects. If you are unable to clearly see this type of items discontinue mowing. (SGM-1)

DANGER!

There are obvious and hidden potential hazards in the operation of this Mower. REMEMBER! This machine is often operated in heavy brush and in heavy weeds. The Blades of this Mower can throw objects if shields are not properly installed and maintained. Serious injury or even death may occur unless care is taken to insure the safety of the operator, bystanders, or passersby in the area. Do not operate this machine with anyone in the immediate area. Stop mowing if anyone is within 100 yards of mower. (SGM-2)

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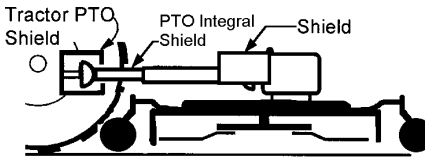
SAFETY

DANGER!

All Safety Shields, Guards and Safety devices including (but not limited to) - the Deflectors, Chain Guards, Steel Guards, Gearbox Shields, Hydraulic Tank Shields, and Retractable Door Shields should be used and maintained in good working condition. All safety devices should be inspected carefully at least daily for missing or broken components. Missing, broken, or worn items must be replaced at once to reduce the possibility of injury or death from thrown objects, entanglement, or blade contact. (SGM-3)



DANGER!

The rotating parts of this machine have been designed and tested for rugged use. However, they could fail upon impact with heavy, solid objects such as steel guard rails and concrete abutments. Such impact could cause the broken objects to be thrown outward at very high velocities. To reduce the possibility of property damage, serious injury, or even death, never allow the cutting blades to contact such obstacles. (SGM-4)

WARNING!

Extreme care should be taken when operating near loose objects such as gravel, rocks, wire, and other debris. Inspect the area before mowing. Foreign objects should be removed from the site to prevent machine damage and/or bodily injury or even death. Any objects that cannot be removed must be clearly marked and carefully avoided by the operator. Stop mowing immediately if blades strike a foreign object. Repair all damage and make certain rotor or blade carrier is balanced before resuming mowing. (SGM-5)

WARNING!

Many varied objects, such as wire, cable, rope, or chains, can become entangled in the operating parts of the mower head. These items could then swing outside the housing at greater velocities than the blades. Such a situation is extremely hazardous and could result in serious injury or even death. Inspect the cutting area for such objects before mowing. Remove any like object from the site. Never allow the cutting blades to contact such items. (SGM-6)

WARNING!

Mow at the speed that you can safely operate and control the tractor and mower. Safe mowing speed depends on terrain condition and grass type, density, and height of cut. Normal ground speed range is from 0 to 5 mph. Use slow mowing speeds when operating on or near steep slopes, ditches, drop-offs, overhead obstructions, power lines, or when debris and foreign objects are to be avoided. (SGM-7)

WARNING!

Avoid mowing in reverse direction when possible. Check to make sure there are no persons are behind the mower and use extreme care when mowing in reverse. Mow only at a slow ground speed where you can safely operate and control the tractor and mower. Never mow an area in the reverse direction that you have not inspected and removed debris or foreign material. (SGM-8)

WARNING!

Do not put hands or feet under mower decks. Blade Contact can result serious injury or even death. (SGM-9)

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SAFETY

DANGER!

Replace bent or broken blade with new blades. NEVER ATTEMPT TO STRAIGHTEN BLADES SINCE THIS WILL LIKELY CRACK OR OTHERWISE DAMAGE THE BLADE WITH SUBSEQUENT FAILURE AND POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY FROM THROWN BLADES. (SGM-10)

DANGER!

Rotary Mowers are capable under adverse conditions of throwing objects for great distances (100 yards or more) and causing serious injury or death. Follow safety messages carefully

STOP MOWING IF PASSERSBY ARE WITHIN 100 YARDS UNLESS:

-Front and Rear Deflectors, Chain Guards, or Bands are installed and in good, workable condition;
-Mower sections or Wings are running close to and parallel to the ground without exposed Blades;
-Passerby are outside the existing thrown-object zone;
-All areas have been thoroughly inspected and all foreign material such as rocks, cans, glass, and general debris has been removed.

NOTE: Where there are grass and weeds high enough to hide debris that could be struck by the blades, the area should be: inspected and large debris removed, mowed at an intermediate height, inspected, closely with any remaining debris being removed, and mowed again at desired final height. (This will also reduce power requiredto mow, reduce wear and tear on the Mower drivetrain, spread cut material better, eliminate streaking, and make the final cut more uniform.) (SRM-1)

DANGER!

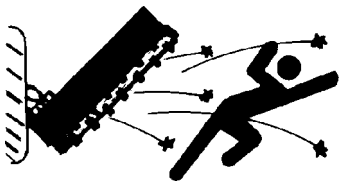
Always disconnect the main PTO Driveline from the Tractor before performing service on the Mower. Never work on the Mower with the tractor PTO driveline connected and running. Blades or Drivelines could turn without warning and cause immediate entanglement, injury or death. (SRM-3)

DANGER!

Do not turn so sharp or lift mower so high to produce a severe "knocking" of the Driveline which will cause accelerated wear and breakage of drive train components and could result inpossible injury from the separated Driveline sections. (SRM-4)

WARNING!

Do not let the Blades turn when the Mower Deck is raised for any reason, including clearance or for turning. Raising the Mower deck exposes the Cutting Blades which creates a potentially serious hazard and could cause serious injury or even death from objects thrown from the Blades. (SRM-7)



WARNING!

Never leave Tractor and Implemented unattended while the implement is in the lifted position. Accidental operation of lifting lever or a hydraulic failure may cause sudden drop of unit with injury or death by crushing. To properly park the implement when disconnecting it from the tractor, lower the stand and put the retaining pin securely in place, or put a secure support under the A-Frame. Lower the implement carefully to the ground. Do not put hands or feet under lifted components. (S3PT-1)

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SAFETY

WARNING! Use extreme care when lowering or unfolding the implement's wings. Make sure no bystanders are close by or underneath the wings. Allow ample clearance around the implement when folding or unfolding the wings. Use extreme caution around buildings or overhead power lines. (S3PT-5)

CAUTION! To prevent tipping of implement when stored in folded position, use carrying wheels or adequate stands on center frame. (S3PT-6)

DANGER! There are obvious and hidden potential hazards in the operation of this Implement as in all power-driven or pulled equipment. REMEMBER! This machine is often operated in rough terrain conditions that include tall grass, weeds, gullies, holes, slopes, hidden obstructions and the like. Serious injury or even death may occur unless care is taken to assure the safety of the operator and bystanders in the area. Do not operate this machine with anyone in the immediate area. (S3PT-7)

DANGER! Make sure the PTO shield is installed when using PTO-driven equipment. Always replace the PTO shield if it is damaged or missing. (S3PT-8)

WARNING! Relieve hydraulic pressure prior to doing any maintenance or repair work on the Implement. Place the Implement on the ground or securely blocked up, disengage the PTO, and turn off the tractor engine. Push and pull the Remote Cylinder lever in and out several times prior to starting any maintenance or repair work. (S3PT-9)

WARNING! The rotating parts of this machine continue to rotate even after the PTO has been turned off. The operator should remain in his seat for 60 seconds after the brake has been set, the PTO disengaged, the tractor turned off, and all evidence of rotation has ceased. (S3PT-10)

"Wait a minute...Save a life!"

DANGER! This Implement is wider than the Tractor. Be careful when operating or transporting this equipment to prevent the Implement from running into or striking sign posts, guard rails, concrete abutments or other solid objects. Such an impact could cause the Implement and Tractor to pivot violently resulting in loss of steering control, serious injury, or even death. Never allow the Implement to contact obstacles. (S3PT-12)

DANGER! Be particularly careful when transporting the Implement using the tractor. Turn curves or go up or down hills only at a low speed and at a gradual steering angle. Make certain that at least 20% of the tractor's weight is on the front wheels to maintain safe steerage. Slow down on rough or uneven surfaces. (STI-1)

DANGER! When the Wings are folded for transport, the center of gravity is raised and the possibility of overturn is increased. Drive slowly and use extremecaution when turning on hillsides. Overturning the Implement could cause the Implement to overturn the Tractor and vice versa resulting in serious injury or even death. Never fold wings on a hillside...the Implement may overturn. (STI-2)

DANGER! **DO NOT** allow any person under a folded wing unless wing is securely locked up or supported. **DO NOT** approach the Implement unless the Tractor is turned off and all motion has ceased. Never work under the frame work, or any lifted component unless the implement is securely supported or blocked up. A sudden or inadvertent fall by any of these components could cause serious injury or even death. (STI-3)

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SAFETY

WARNING!

Never unhitch without using the Tongue Jack. The Tongue is very heavy. Attempting to lift the Tongue without using the Tongue Jack could cause **strains or other injury.** Allowing the tongue to fall **suddenly and unexpectedly** could result in **crushing injury.** Use the Tongue Jack for **lifting the mower only.** Overloading the Tongue Jack can cause failure with possible **serious bodily injury or even death.** (STI-4)

CAUTION!

On a fully-assembled unit, do not remove the Wing Retaining Strap until hoses are attached to the tractor and the Wing Cylinders are filled with oil. Lower the Wings slowly and carefully. Keep bystanders away during operations. (STI-5)

In addition to the design and configuration of this Implement, including Safety Signs and Safety Equipment, hazard control and accident prevention are dependent upon the awareness, concern, prudence, and proper training of personnel involved in the operation, transport, maintenance, and storage of the machine. Refer also to Safety Messages and operation instruction in each of the appropriate sections of the Tractor and Equipment Manuals. Pay close attention to the Safety Signs affixed to the Tractor and Equipment. **(SG-18)**

PARTS INFORMATION

Servis-Rhino mowers use balanced and matched system components for blade carriers, blades, cuttershafts, knives, knife hangers, rollers, drivetrain components, and bearings. These parts are made and tested to Servis-Rhino specifications. Non-genuine "will fit" parts do not consistently meet these specifications. The use of “will fit” parts may reduce mower performance, void mower warranties, and present a safety hazard. Use genuine Servis-Rhino mower parts for economy and safety. (SPRM-1)

SEE YOUR SERVIS-RHINO DEALER

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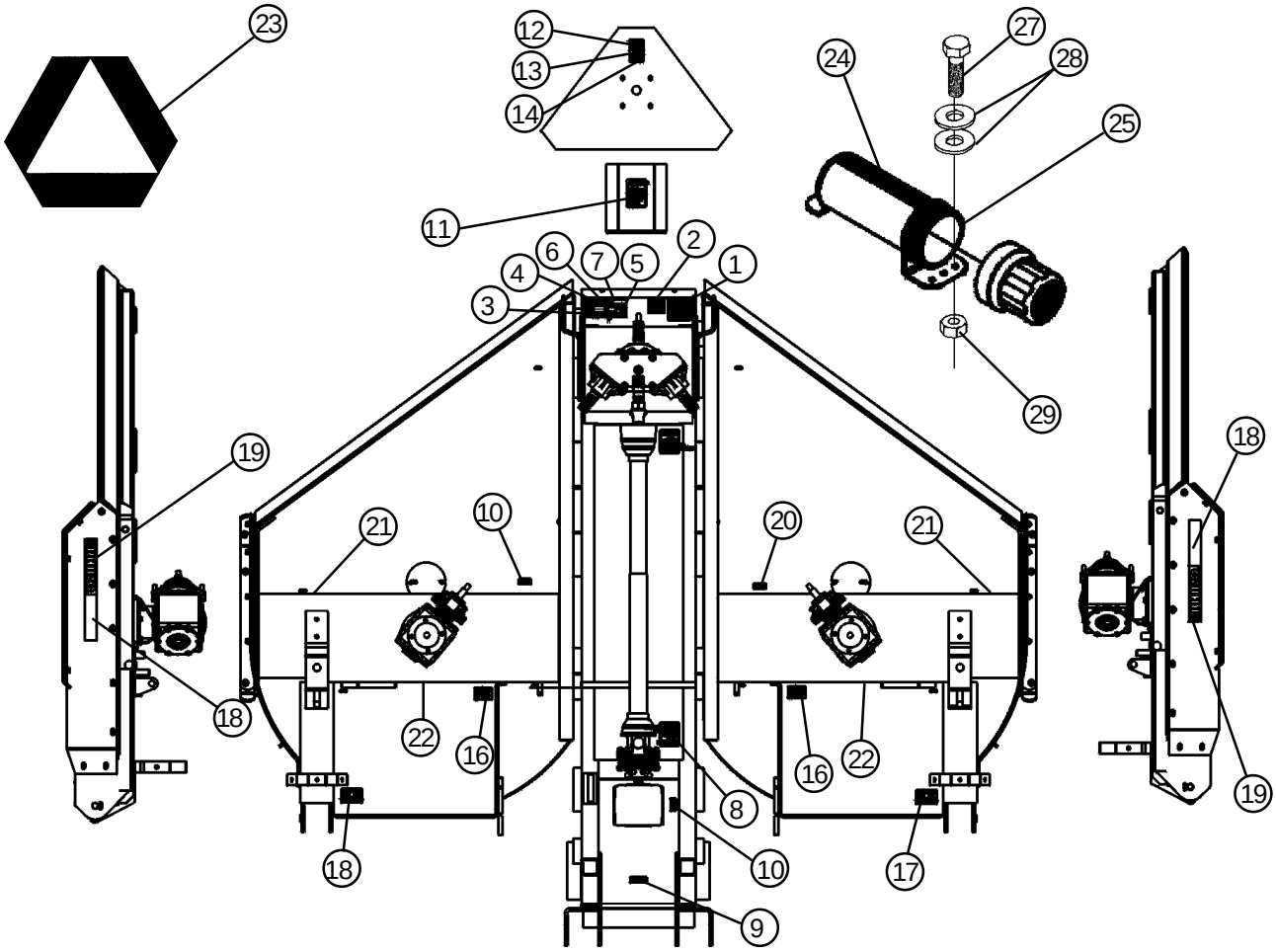
SAFETY



ITEM	PART NO.	QTY	TYPE	DECAL DESCRIPTION
1	00749117	1	DANGER	Danger Multi Hazard
2	00756494	1	DANGER	Danger Driveline
3	00769736	1	WARNING	Use/Repair Guards
4	00725746	1	PELIGRO	Spanish Translation
5	00773723	1	PELIGRO	Driveline Spanish Translation
6	D103	1	INTRUCT	540 RPM
7	00760657	1	IMPORTANT	Genuine Rhino Parts
8	00756004	2	DANGER	Shield Missing
9	00756059	1	WARNING	Warning Oil Leak
10	D137	2	INTRUCT	CCW Blade Rotation
11	00756005	1	DANGER	Rotating Driveline
12	00763977	1	INTRUCT	Notice To Owner
13	00763613	1	INTRUCT	Slip Clutch
14	D102	1	INTRUCT	Draw Bar Length Shaft To Hitch
15	D302	1	LOGO	Rhino Logo
16	00753840	2	DANGER	Safety Wing Lowering
17	00769737	2	DANGER	Thrown Objects
18	00770267	2	NAME	V12
19	D303	2	L.NAME	Rhino (4-3/8X20)
20	D138	1	INTRUCT	CW Blade Rotation
21	99204	2	REFLECT	Yellow Reflector
22	99203	2	REFLECT	Red Reflector
23	03200347	1	REFLECT	SMV EMBLEM
24	00776481	1	INSTRUCT	Decal, Operators Manual Inside
25	00776031	1	----------	Canister, Operators Manual
26	00770489C	1	----------	Operators Manual
27	10058000	3	----------	Bolt
28	00024100	6	----------	Flatwasher
29	02959924	3	----------	Locknut

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SAFETY

⚠ PELIGRO

Si No Lee Ingles, Pida Ayuda a Alguien Que Si Lo Lea Para Que le Traduzca las Medidas de Seguridad.

LEA EL INSTRUCTIVO

00725746

1 - - 00725746

⚠ DANGER

- Stay clear when removing transport strap and lowering or raising wing.
- Component failure or accidental operation of controls may allow wing to fall suddenly and cause bodily injury or death.
- Cylinders with ⊗Restrictors installed must be filled with oil for wings to lower slowly & safely.
- Lock Wings up securely for transporting.

- Do not operate mower with wings raised with passersby in the area.
- Contact with exposed rotating Blades and/or being hit by thrown objects may cause injury or death.

00753840

2 - - 00753840

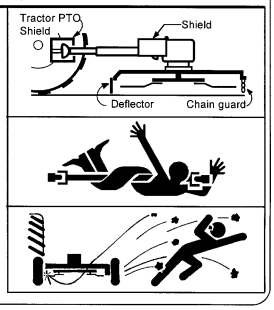
3 - - 00756004

⚠ WARNING

FAILURE TO USE AND MAINTAIN SHIELDS AND DEFLECTORS IN GOOD CONDITION MAY LEAD TO INJURY OR DEATH FROM ENTANGLEMENT WITH ROTATING PARTS, BEING HIT BY OBJECTS THROWN WITH GREAT FORCE BY BLADES, OR BY BLADE CONTACT.

- Always replace Guards which have been removed for maintenance. Never operate with Guards missing or broken.
- Chain Guards, Gearbox & Driveline Shields, Rubber-Fabric Deflectors, and Solid Band Enclosures are subject to wear and lost or broken parts and must be repaired or replaced as soon as damage is found.
- Safety Shielding must be installed and in good condition to reduce the possiblity of thrown objects any time this machine is operated in any area where thrown objects could cause property damage or bodily injury.

ROTARY 00769736



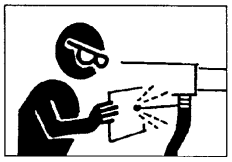
5 - - 00769736

DANGER
ROTATING DRIVELINE-
CONTACT CAN CAUSE DEATH
KEEP AWAY!
DO NOT OPERATE WITHOUT-
• All driveline guards, tractor and equipment shields in place
• Drivelines securely attached at both ends
• Driveline guards that turn freely on driveline
00756005

4 - - 00756005

⚠ WARNING

USE PAPER OR CARDBOARD TO CHECK FOR LEAKS. **NEVER USE YOUR HAND.** IF OIL PENETRATES SKIN, GANGRENE OR OTHER SERIOUS INJURY COULD OCCUR.
GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
See Operator's Manual.



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6 - - 00756059

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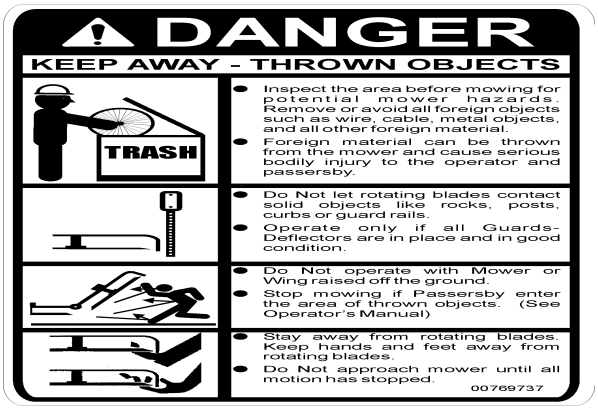
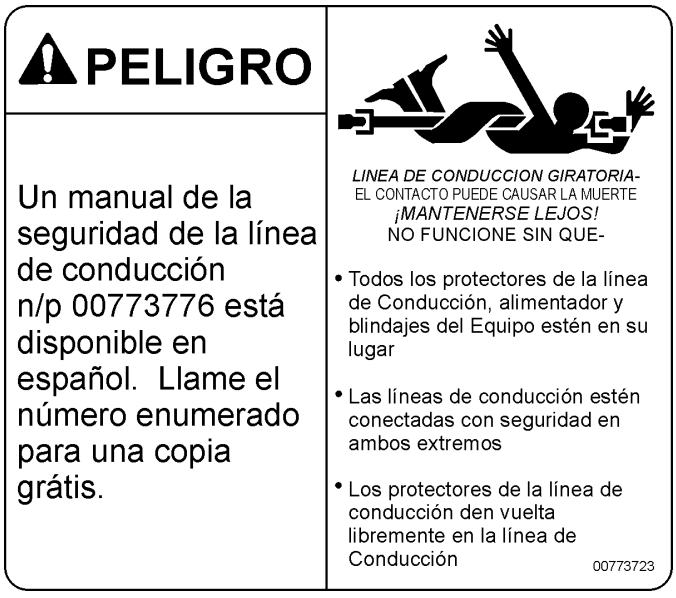

DANGER
KEEP AWAY - THROWN OBJECTS
TRASH
Inspect the area before mowing for potential mower hazards. Remove or avoid all foreign objects such as wire, cable, metal objects, and all other foreign material.
Foreign material can be thrown from the mower and cause serious bodily injury to the operator and passersby.
Do Not let rotating blades contact solid objects like rocks, posts, curbs or guard rails.
Operate only if all Guards-Deflectors are in place and in good condition.
Do Not operate with Mower or Wing raised off the ground.
Stop mowing if Passersby enter the area of thrown objects. (See Operator's Manual)
Stay away from rotating blades. Keep hands and feet away from rotating blades.
Do Not approach mower until all motion has stopped.
00769737

7 - - 00769737

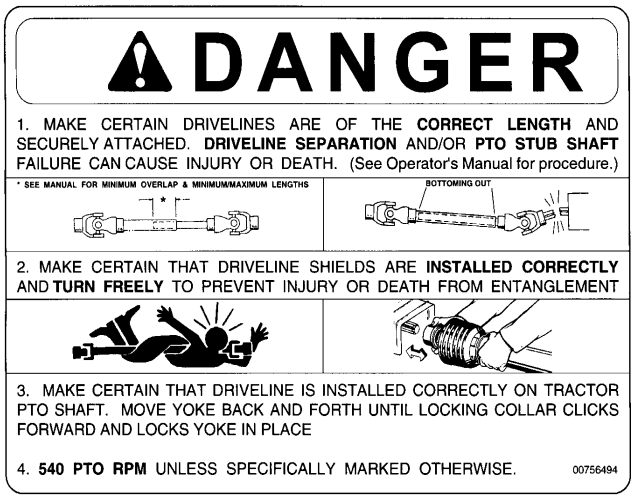
IMPORTANT
For your safety and to guarantee optimum product reliability, always use Genuine RHINO replacement parts. The use of inferior "will-fit" parts will void Warranty of your RHINO implement and may cause premature or catastrophic failure which can result in serious injury or death. If you have any questions concerning the repair parts you are using, contact Servis-Rhino, 1502 E. Walnut Seguin, TX 78155 (830) 372-3080.
RHINO
00760657

9 - - 00760657

12 - - D103


PELIGRO
Un manual de la seguridad de la línea de conducción n/p 00773776 está disponible en español. Llame el número enumerado para una copia grátis.
LINEA DE CONDUCCION GIRATORIA-
EL CONTACTO PUEDE CAUSAR LA MUERTE
¡MANTENERSE LEJOS!
NO FUNCIONE SIN QUE-
• Todos los protectores de la línea de Conducción, alimentador y blindajes del Equipo estén en su lugar
• Las líneas de conducción estén conectadas con seguridad en ambos extremos
• Los protectores de la línea de conducción den vuelta libremente en la línea de Conducción
00773723

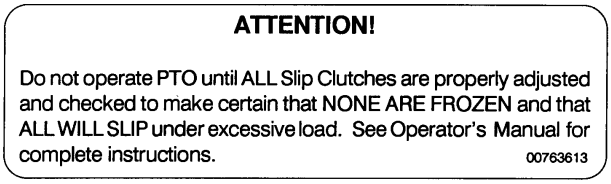
9A - - 00773723


DANGER
1. MAKE CERTAIN DRIVELINES ARE OF THE CORRECT LENGTH AND SECURELY ATTACHED. DRIVELINE SEPARATION AND/OR PTO STUB SHAFT FAILURE CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. (See Operator's Manual for procedure.)
* SEE MANUAL FOR MINIMUM OVERLAP & MINIMUM/MAXIMUM LENGTHS
BOTTOMING OUT
2. MAKE CERTAIN THAT DRIVELINE SHIELDS ARE INSTALLED CORRECTLY AND TURN FREELY TO PREVENT INJURY OR DEATH FROM ENTANGLEMENT
3. MAKE CERTAIN THAT DRIVELINE IS INSTALLED CORRECTLY ON TRACTOR PTO SHAFT. MOVE YOKE BACK AND FORTH UNTIL LOCKING COLLAR CLICKS FORWARD AND LOCKS YOKE IN PLACE
4. 540 PTO RPM UNLESS SPECIFICALLY MARKED OTHERWISE.
00756494

8 - - 00756494

NOTICE TO OWNER
An OPERATOR'S MANUAL (with Repair Parts Listing) and a WARRANTY REGISTRATION CARD were attached to this implement during final inspection at the factory.
If they were not attached at the time of purchase, please contact your selling dealer at once.
1. Read and understand Manual before operating the implement.
2. Complete, sign, and mail the Warranty Registration Card in today.
00763977

17 - - 00763977


ATTENTION!
Do not operate PTO until ALL Slip Clutches are properly adjusted and checked to make certain that NONE ARE FROZEN and that ALL WILL SLIP under excessive load. See Operator's Manual for complete instructions.
00763613

16 - - 00763613

13 - - 03200347 SMV REFLECTOR
14 - - 99203 RED REFLECTOR
15 - - 99204 YELLOW REFLECTOR

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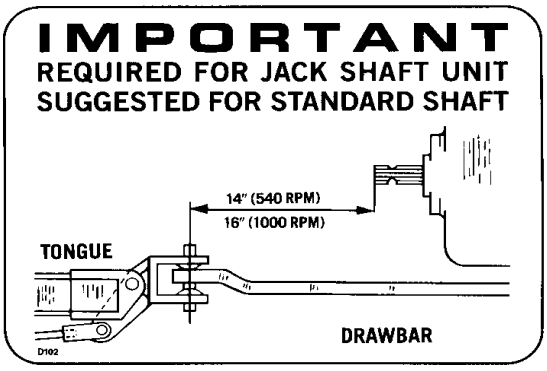
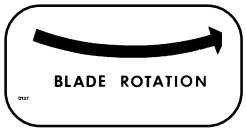
SAFETY

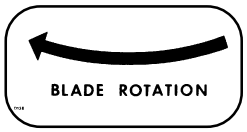


18 - - D102

22- - D303



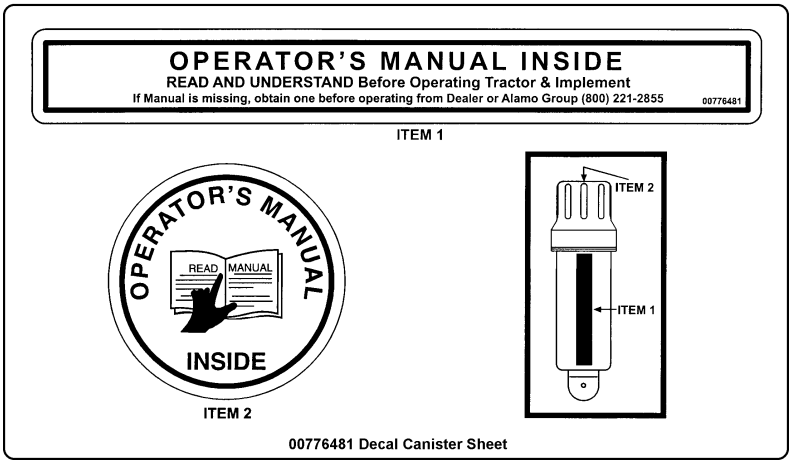
19 - - D137



20 - - D138

21- - D302

24 - - 00770267 NAME - V12



26 - - 00776481

25 - - SERIAL PLATE

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FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS

This section is intended to explain in broad terms the concept and effect of federal laws and regulations concerning employer and employee equipment operators. This section is not intended as a legal interpretation of the law and should not be considered as such.

Employer-Employee Operator Regulations
U.S. Public Law 91-596 (The Williams-Steiger Occupational and Health Act of 1970) OSHA

This Act Seeks:
"...to assure so far as possible every working man and woman in the nation safe and healthful working conditions and to preserve our human resources..."

DUTIES

Sec. 5 (a) Each employer-
(1) shall furnish to each of his employees employment and a place of employment which are free from recognized hazards that are causing or are likely to cause death or serious physical harm to his employees;
(2) shall comply with occupational safety and health standards promulgated under this Act.
(b) Each employee shall comply with occupational safety and health standards and all rules, regulations and orders issued pursuant to this Act which are applicable to his own actions and conduct.

OSHA Regulations
OSHA regulations state in part: "At the time of initial assignment and at least annually thereafter, the employer shall instruct every employee in the safe operation and servicing of all equipment with which the employee is, or will be involved."

Employer Responsibilities:
To ensure employee safety during Tractor and Implement operation, it is the employer's responsibility to:

1. Train the employee in the proper and safe operation of the Tractor and Implement.
2. Require that the employee read and fully understand the Tractor and Implement Operator's manual.
3. Permit only qualified and properly trained employees to operate the Tractor and Implement.
4. Maintain the Tractor and Implement in a safe operational condition and maintain all shields and guards on the equipment.
5. Ensure the Tractor is equipped with a functional ROPS and seat belt and require that the employee operator securely fasten the safety belt and operate with the ROPS in the raised position at all times.
6. Forbid the employee operator to carry additional riders on the Tractor or Implement.
7. Provide the required tools to maintain the Tractor and Implement in a good safe working condition and provide the necessary support devices to secure the equipment safely while performing repairs and service.
8. Require that the employee operator stop mowing if bystanders or passerbys come within 100 yards.

Child Labor Under 16 Years of Age
Some regulations specify that no one under the age of 16 may operate power machinery. It is your responsibility to know what these regulations are in your own area or situation. (Refer to U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment Standard Administration, Wage & Home Division, Child Labor Bulletin #102.)

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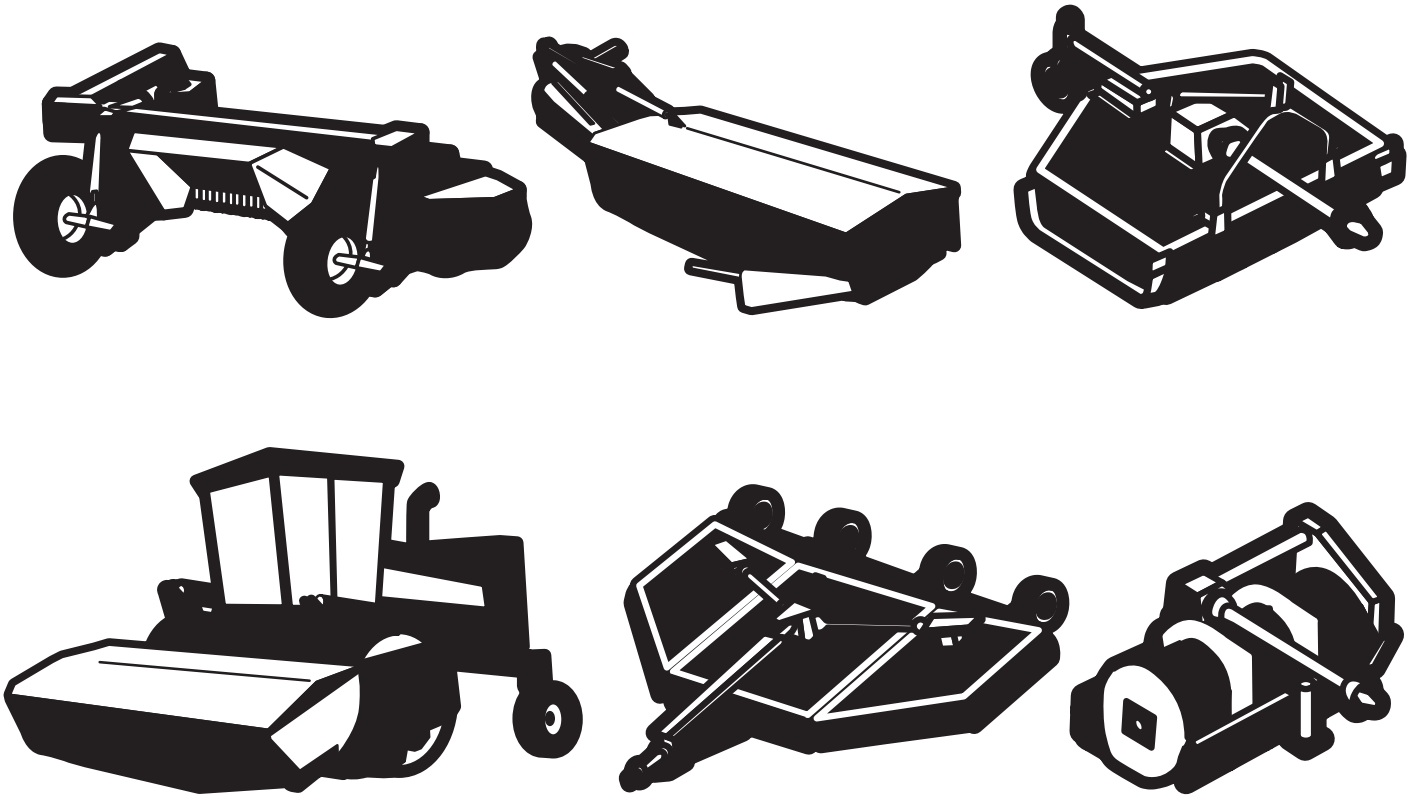
INDUSTRIAL/
AGRICULTURAL MOWER

www.aem.org

SAFETY MANUAL

FOR OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL



FORM IAMSE-1009
Printed in U.S.A.

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Acknowledgment

We wish to acknowledge the contributions of the members of AEM's Industrial/Agricultural Mower Manufacturers Council to the preparation of this Safety Manual.

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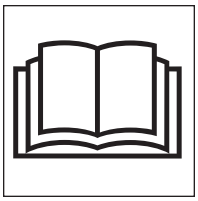
Revised 01/03, 09/10

Foreword

This safety manual is intended to point out some of the basic safety situations that may be encountered during the normal operation and maintenance of your machine and to instruct you in safety practices for dealing with these conditions. This manual is **NOT** a substitute for the mower manufacturer's operator's manual(s).

Additional precautions may be necessary, or some instructions may not apply, depending on equipment, attachments and conditions at the worksite or in the service area. The manufacturer has no direct control over equipment application, operation, inspection or maintenance. Therefore, it is **YOUR** responsibility to use good safety practices in these areas.

The information provided in this manual supplements the specific information about your machine that is contained in the manufacturer's operator's manual(s). Other information that may affect the safe operation of your machine may be contained on safety signs or in insurance requirements, employer's safety and training programs, safety codes, local, state/provincial and federal laws, rules and regulations.



Read and Understand Manuals Before Operating

IMPORTANT! Before you operate the mower, make sure you have the manufacturer's operator's manual(s) for this machine and all attachments. If the manufacturer's manuals are missing, obtain replacement manuals from your employer, equipment dealer or directly from the manufacturer. Keep this safety manual and the manufacturer's manuals with the machine at all times. Read and understand all manuals.

The AEM Mower Safety Practices video is available to train and reinforce good safety practices. Operators are encouraged to periodically view the safety video.

Safety Alerts

Symbol

This Safety Alert Symbol means: **"ATTENTION! STAY ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!"**

The Safety Alert Symbol identifies important safety messages on equipment, safety signs, in manuals or elsewhere. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of death or personal injury. Follow instructions in the safety message.

Reasons Safety is Important:

— Accidents disable and kill.

— Accidents cost.

— Accidents can be avoided.

Signal Words

Signal words are distinctive words that will typically be found on safety signs on the mower and other worksite equipment. These words may also be found in this manual and the manufacturer's manuals. These words are intended to alert the operator to a hazard and the degree of severity of the hazard.

⚠ DANGER **DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING **WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION **CAUTION** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

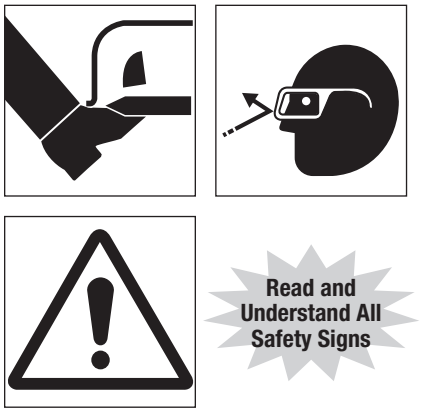
NOTICE **NOTICE** indicates a property damage message.

A Word To The User/Operator

It is **YOUR** responsibility to read and understand the safety manual and the manufacturer's manuals before operating this machine. This safety manual takes you step by step through your working day.

Hazard Recognition and Accident Prevention depend upon you being alert, careful and properly trained in the operation, transport, maintenance and storage of this equipment.

Graphics have been provided to help you understand the text.



Remember that **YOU** are the key to safety. Good safety practices not only protect you but also protect the people around you. Study and understand this manual and the manufacturer's manuals for your specific machine. Make them a working part of your safety program. Keep in mind that this safety manual is written for industrial/agricultural mowers.

Contact the manufacturer of your equipment to answer any questions about safe operation that remain after studying the manufacturer's operator's manual(s) and this safety manual.

Practice all other usual and customary safe working precautions and above all:

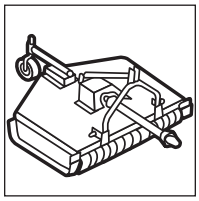
REMEMBER — SAFETY IS UP TO YOU!

YOU CAN PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH CAUSED BY UNSAFE WORK PRACTICES!

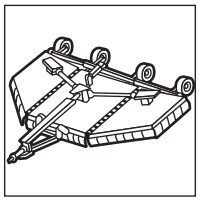
The Industrial/Agricultural Mower

Industrial/Agricultural Mower Types

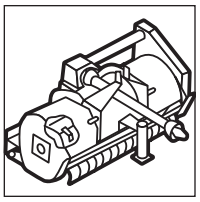
Mowers are used for pasture clipping, crop residue shredding, heavy brush cutting, waterways, right-of-ways, roadside or highway mowing. Also, these mowers are used for cutting grass and other growth in public areas such as parks and cemeteries.



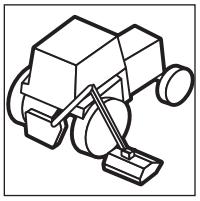
Rotary



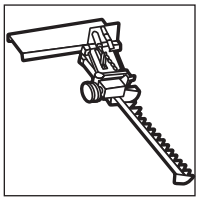
Folding Wing Rotary



Flail



Boom

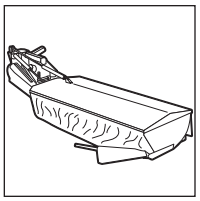


Sickle Bar

The Industrial/Agricultural Mower

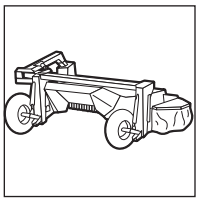
Agricultural Disc Mower Types

Disc mowers are designed and equipped to cut hay crops at higher field speed.



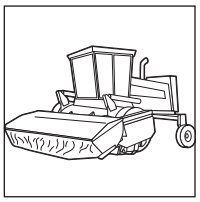
Disc Mower

Disc mower/conditioners mow and condition crops.



Disc Mower Conditioner

Self-propelled windrowers mow and form conditioned hay into windrows.



Self-propelled Windrower

Follow A Safety Program

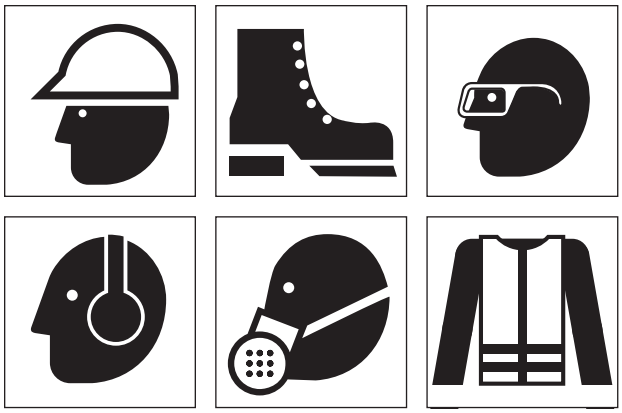
Protect Yourself

Wear personal protective clothing and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) issued to you or called for by job conditions. You must **ALWAYS** wear safety glasses with side shields.

You may also need:
— Hard hat
— Safety shoes
— Safety goggles or face shield
— Heavy gloves
— Hearing protection
— Reflective clothing
— Wet weather gear
— Respirator or filter mask

Wear whatever is needed—don't take chances.

WARNING! Prevent death or serious injury from entanglement. **Do not wear loose clothing or accessories. Tie up long hair. Stay away from all rotating components when the engine is running.** Contact, wrapping or entanglement with rotating or moving parts could result in death or serious injury.



Follow A Safety Program

— Read, understand and follow the manufacturer's written instructions found in the operator's manual(s) and safety signs on mower and tractor.
— Have operational training with mower and tractor.
— Take advantage of training programs offered in your area.
— Ask your equipment dealer or supervisor to explain things you do not understand.
— Explain the written instructions in the operator's manual(s) and safety signs to those users or operators who cannot read.
— Inspect the mower and tractor daily before operating. Ensure all guards are in place and the equipment is operating properly.
— Never smoke while operating. Never fill the fuel tank with the engine running or near an open flame.
— Make sure you have adequate visibility and sufficient lighting.
— Know the pinch points and rotating parts. Awareness on your part can prevent accidents.
— Never attempt to operate the controls except from the operator's seat. Improperly controlled functions could produce unexpected machine movement and result in serious injury or death.
— Shut down the mower and tractor before dismounting. (See page 18, **Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices.**)

Follow A Safety Program

Avoid Injury From Raised Equipment

Avoid possible crushing injury from falling mower or other raised equipment.

Avoid Crushing – Block Up or Securely Support Mower

Before working near or under raised mower or equipment parts:

— Securely support or block up raised mower or equipment parts according to the operator's manual.
— Securely support, block up or lock up wings with approved locking devices or lower mower or equipment parts to the ground.
— Use transport locks when transporting mower on public roads.

Avoid Injury From High Pressure Fluid

Avoid fluid injection injury due to high pressure fluid leaks.

High Pressure Fluid Can Inject into the Body

If any fluid is injected into the skin, it must be removed within a few hours by a doctor familiar with this type of injury.

Fluid leaks under pressure may not be visible. When checking for leaks or working around pressurized systems:

— Read manufacturer's operator's manual(s) for recommended safety practices.
— Wear a face shield or safety goggles for eye protection.
— Use a piece of cardboard or wood to check for leaks; **DO NOT use your hands.**
— Relieve system pressure before disconnecting lines.
— Check for and repair damaged or leaking lines, pipes and hoses.
— Check for and tighten loose connections.
— Purge air from system before operating.

Follow A Safety Program

Avoid Injury From Fire And Explosion

Set the parking brake, shut the mower and tractor engine down and remove the key while filling the fuel tank. Use extra caution when fueling a hot engine. Never smoke while fueling. Avoid sparks by grounding the fuel nozzle against the filler neck.

The fumes in an empty fuel tank are explosive. Never weld or cut on fuel lines, tanks or containers.

Remove all trash or mowing debris from the machine daily or as needed. Keep debris away from engine, exhaust, slip clutches and other heat sources. Use spark arrestors, as appropriate, on the engine exhaust system. Make sure oily rags or other flammable material are not stored on the machine.

Check for fuel, oil or hydraulic fluid leaks. Repair the leaks and clean the machine before you operate it.

Ether/cold start fluid is flammable. Do not smoke when using ether/cold start fluid. Always follow the instructions on the can and in the manufacturer's operator's manual(s) for your mower. Do not use ether/cold start fluid if the engine is equipped with a glow plug or other type of preheater.

Always use a nonflammable solvent when you clean parts. Do not use gasoline, diesel fuel or other flammable fluids.

Store all flammable fluids and materials away from your machine and work area.

Know where fire extinguishers are kept—how they operate—and what type of fire they are for. Check readiness of fire extinguishers according to manufacturer's instructions. Make sure each tractor is equipped with a fire extinguisher.

No Smoking and No Open Flames

Remove Debris Daily or As Needed

Follow A Safety Program

Be Alert!

Know where to get assistance. Know how to use a first aid kit and fire extinguisher/fire suppression system.

Be Aware!

Take advantage of training programs offered.

Be Careful!

Human error is caused by many factors: carelessness, fatigue, overload, preoccupation, unfamiliarity of operator with the machine, drugs, and alcohol to name a few. Damage to the tractor or mower can be fixed in a short period of time, but injury, or death, has a lasting effect.

For your safety and the safety of others, encourage your fellow workers to act safely.

For Safe Operation

You must be a qualified and authorized operator for proper operation of your machine. You must clearly understand the written instructions supplied by the manufacturer, be trained—including actual operation of the mower—and know the safety rules and regulations for the worksite. It is a good safety practice to point out and explain safety signs and practices and ensure others understand the importance of following these instructions.

WARNING! Drugs and alcohol affect an operator's alertness and coordination and the operator's ability to safely operate the equipment. **Never use drugs or alcohol while operating the mowing equipment. Never knowingly allow anyone to operate this machine when their alertness or coordination is impaired.** An operator taking prescription or over-the-counter medication must consult a medical professional regarding any side effects of the medication that would hinder their ability to safely operate this equipment.

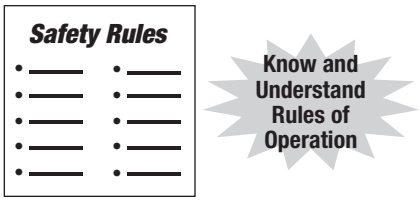
Follow A Safety Program

Know The Rules

Most employers have rules governing operation and maintenance of equipment. Before you start work at a new location, check with your supervisor or the safety coordinator. Ask about the rules you will be expected to obey.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) enforces federal laws within the United States that apply to safe operation, application and maintenance of equipment on a worksite. It is the employer's responsibility to comply with these laws. An OSHA representative may periodically inspect a worksite to see that these laws are being followed.

There may also be local or state/provincial laws or international regulations that apply to this equipment and its use, along with specific worksite or employer rules. It is important that you know and comply with all applicable laws and rules, including those requiring operator training and certification.



These are some of the rules you must work by:

— A ROPS and seat belt-equipped tractor is a federal government (OSHA) requirement for operator protection during mowing operations. An enclosed cab provides additional operator protection from thrown objects. Check your mower operator's manual to see if a tractor cab is also required.
— Wear and check that others are wearing proper clothing and personal protective equipment.
— Inspect your machine and attachments before each use as specified by the manufacturer and your employer.
— Know the limitations and operating characteristics of your mowing equipment. Do not misuse it.
— Have all provided shields and guards properly installed before operating the machine.
— Never modify or remove any part of the machine (except for service—then make sure it is replaced).

Follow A Safety Program

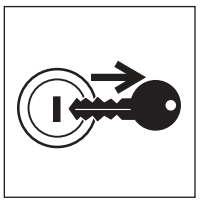
Some Rules You Must Work By (continued)

— Only qualified and authorized individuals may operate this equipment.
— **Never allow children** to **play** on, **ride** on or **operate** the equipment. Children **are not** qualified to operate this equipment.
— **Do not** allow **any** riders.
— Use three-point contact (handholds and steps) and face the equipment when mounting or dismounting.
— Keep bystanders 300 ft (92 m) from the mowing operation.
— Know the worksite before you use the mower. Be aware of possible terrain hazards that you may encounter. Remove or mark obstacles and debris that could damage or be thrown by the mower.
— Only use attachments and parts that are approved by the mower manufacturer.
— Make sure all attachments are lowered, set the parking brake, shut off the engine and cycle the control levers. Remove the key before leaving the tractor. (See page 18, **Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices.**)
— When transporting the mower on a trailer, follow the manufacturer's detailed instructions for loading, tying down and unloading the mower.

Keep Children Away from Equipment

Keep Bystanders Away

No Riders

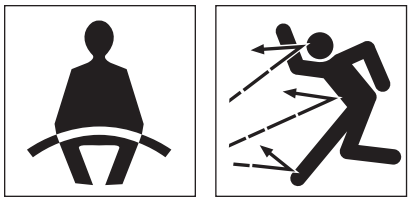


Shut Down Unattended Equipment

Follow A Safety Program

Know The Equipment

Read and understand the DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTICE safety signs and other informational signs on the tractor and mower and in the manufacturer's operator's manual. Ask your supervisor or mower dealer to explain any information you do not understand. Failure to obey safety instructions could result in death or serious injury.



Read and Understand All Safety Signs

Make sure all the manufacturer's protective structures, guards, shields, screens and panels are in good repair, in place and securely fastened. Damaged, missing or weakened safety components can create a hazardous situation for you as the operator. **Never** remove or modify any safety components including thrown object shielding on a mower.

Know the following about your tractor and mower:

— Function, purpose and use of all controls.
— Correct operation speeds.
— Slope and uneven terrain capabilities and proper operation.
— Braking and steering characteristics.
— Turning radius and clearances.
— How to quickly stop equipment in an emergency.

Read and Understand Manuals Before Operating

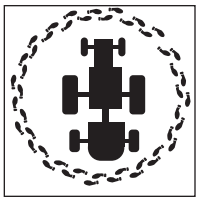
Prepare For Safe Operation

Check The Mower And Tractor Equipment

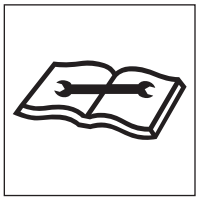
Before beginning your work day inspect the machine and have all systems in good operational condition.

WARNING! Prevent possible crushing injury from falling equipment. Hydraulic system or part failure could cause unsupported equipment to fall. **Do not go under raised equipment unless it is properly supported according to the operator's manual.**

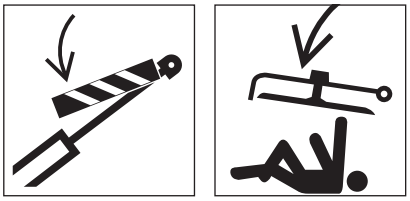
— Perform daily and periodic service procedures as instructed by the equipment manufacturer.
— Check for loose, broken, missing or damaged tractor and mower parts. Repair or replace these parts.
— Check for proper tractor and mower attachments.
— Check for proper tractor and mower PTO rpm rating match.
— Check mower blade(s) condition. Replace severely worn, bent, gouged or nicked blades including the blade bolts and fasteners. Never straighten or weld on blades.
— Ensure thrown object shielding is properly installed and in good condition. Repair or replace if damaged or missing.



Walk-Around Inspection



Maintain Machine



Read Manual – Block Up or Securely Support Mower

Prepare For Safe Operation

— Check that all guards and shields are in place and that all equipment is in good operating condition. This includes PTO driveline, gearbox and implement guards and shields that are used for operator protection.
— Check for properly latched driveline yoke-end locking devices.
— Check for damaged or leaky tractor and mower hydraulic systems. Repair or adjust as needed.

WARNING! Hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin or eyes and cause serious injury, blindness or death. Fluid leaks under pressure may not be visible. **Use a piece of cardboard or wood to find leaks, not your hand. Wear eye protection.** If fluid is injected into the skin, it must be removed within a few hours by medical personnel familiar with this type of injury.

— Keep the operator platform surface clean and free of grease, oil, dirt, snow or ice. Steps and handholds must be clean and functional.
— Ensure work lights are kept clean (if equipped). Check that all lights work properly.
— Ensure the slow moving vehicle (SMV) sign, reflectors and warning lights are in good condition and can be clearly seen.
— Ensure all tools or loose objects are removed or securely fastened while operating the machine.
— Check all safety signs for clarity. Replace damaged signs.

Check for Missing/ Damaged Guards and Shields

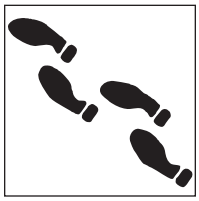
Check for Leaks and Inspect Hoses

Put Away Tools

Prepare For Safe Operation

Know The Work Area

Before you operate the mower thoroughly inspect the work area. Walk around the area and inspect the surfaces you will travel on when using the mower.



Walk Around the Worksite

Locate and avoid:

- Holes
- Drop-offs
- Obstacles (stumps)
- Excavations
- Standing water
- Deep mud
- Wet spots
- Soft soil
- Rough spots
- Power lines and apparatus
- Other utilities
- Any conditions which could cause collision, loss of control or tipover
- Steep slopes

Look for debris and obstacles by walking the area before you mow. Objects like wire, cable, rocks, tires, and metal objects that could damage or be thrown by the mower must be removed or marked clearly and avoided.

Correct unsafe conditions. Do not operate in problem areas where debris and obstacles cannot be removed or marked.

Analyze mowing area to determine:

- The most efficient mowing procedure.
- The height of the material to be mowed.
- Operating terrain conditions.
- How to best use forward mowing pattern.
- The potential for bystanders or passers-by to be exposed to thrown objects.

Remove or Mark Debris and Obstacles

Look Out For Others

Before starting equipment:

- Walk around the equipment.
- Check for anyone under, on or near the equipment.
- Clear everyone from these areas.
- Sound a warning.

Prepare For Safe Operation

Mount And Dismount Tractor Properly

Always use three-point contact when mounting or dismounting the tractor or mower. Face the machine when you enter or leave the machine. Three-point contact means that three out of four arms and legs are in contact with the machine at all times during mount and dismount.

Before mounting:

- Clean shoes and wipe hands. Clean steps and handholds of snow, ice, mud or oil.

During mounting and dismounting:

- Use handholds and step plates.
- Never grab steering wheels or controls for handholds.
- Never mount or dismount from a moving tractor.
- Never mount or dismount while carrying tools or objects that prevent three-point contact. Put parts or tools down. Maintaining proper contact, climb and then pick up the object.

Use Three-Point Contact

Clean Up Slippery Areas

Prepare For Safe Operation

Tractor And Mower Controls Safety Test

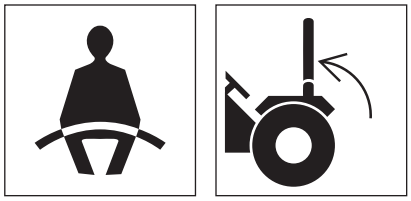
Start the tractor following the specific procedures in the manufacturer's operator's manual. These procedures normally include:

— Fasten and adjust seat belt on your ROPS-equipped tractor.
— Check parking brake for engagement.
— Check PTO disengagement.
— Check all controls for Park position.
— Warn others in area before starting tractor.
— Start tractor following tractor manufacturer's recommended starting procedures.

WARNING! Avoid serious injury or death from unexpected machine movement. **Start the engine only from the operator's position. Never attempt to start the engine by shorting across starter terminals or reaching the key from the ground or outside the cab.**

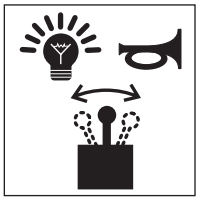
After starting:

— Check all instruments, gauges and indicator lights for normal operation.
— Check all tractor controls, steering and brakes for proper function.
— Raise and lower mower to check for driveline bottoming out or engagement problems.
— Check the equipment for excessive vibration and unusual noises.



Use ROPS and Seat Belt

Start Only from Operator's Seat



Check Instruments and Controls

Prepare For Safe Operation

— Use proper equipment shut down practices before inspecting equipment. Wait until all equipment motion has stopped before dismounting the tractor or mower.
— Do not operate mower unless tractor and mower are running properly. Place a "Do Not Operate" tag on the machine, remove the key and do not operate the mower until the problem is corrected.

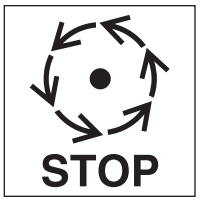
Power Takeoff System

Be sure to operate the tractor at the mower's rated PTO rpm speed.

When operating tractors with transmission-driven PTO systems, a rotary mower will have a significant flywheel effect. The mower may continue to propel a tractor with a transmission-driven PTO system.

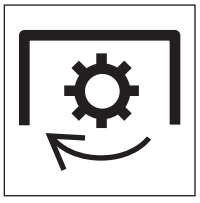
The tractor should be equipped and operated as follows:

— Install a driveline equipped with an over-running clutch.
— Give yourself sufficient maneuvering room and time by anticipating turns, stops and speed reductions.



Do Not Dismount Until Equipment Motion Has Stopped

Use a "Do Not Operate" Tag



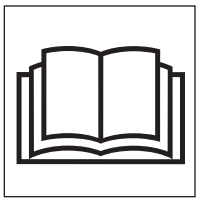
Use Proper PTO Speed

Prepare For Safe Operation

Hitching Mower To Tractor

Three-point hitch-mounted mowers:

— Refer to mower and tractor manufacturers' manuals.
— Place tractor's hydraulic power lift (rockshaft) selector lever in down position to avoid unexpected movement.
— Explain the hitching procedures to those operators who cannot read.
— Front-end weights may be needed to maintain steering control and front-end stability. Refer to the manufacturers' operator's manual(s).
— When backing the tractor up to the mower, NEVER allow anyone between the tractor and the mower.
— Attach the mower to the tractor three-point links and securely pin in position.
— Securely attach the driveline to the tractor PTO. Lower the master shield into place if it is movable. Push and pull on the driveline to ensure it is locked onto the PTO shaft.



Read and Understand Manuals Before Operating

Maintain Proper Weight Distribution

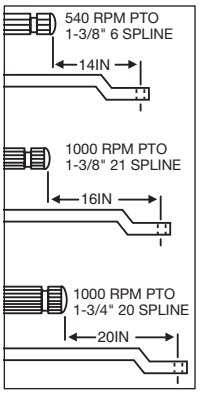
No One Allowed Between Tractor and Mower

Avoid Entanglement, Use Guards and Shields

Prepare For Safe Operation

Pull-type hitch-mounted mowers:

— Refer to mower and tractor manufacturers' manuals.
— Remove three-point hitch quick coupler if equipped.
— Attach only to drawbar hitch.
— Adjust tractor drawbar length for 540 or 1000 rpm PTO operation.
— When backing the tractor up to the mower, NEVER allow anyone between the tractor and the mower.
— Properly attach the mower safety tow chain to the tractor.
— Securely attach the driveline to the tractor PTO. Push and pull on the driveline to ensure it is locked onto the PTO. Lower the master shield into place.
— Hook up the mower hydraulic hoses to the tractor.
— Make sure the wings, or raised mower decks, are supported by the cylinders before removing the transport locks. Never use force to release the transport or wing locks. The wings or deck could fall and crush you.



Tractor Drawbar Adjustment

Confirm Wings Are Supported Before Releasing Locks

Avoid Entanglement, Use Guards and Shields

Start Safely

Make The Right Start

Mow only in daylight or good artificial light conditions.

Avoid serious injury or death from mower-thrown objects or blade contact:
— Keep chain shields, flexible or solid deflector shields or discharge chutes in place and in good repair.
— Keep bystanders at least 300 ft (92 m) from mowing operation.
— Never direct mower discharge toward anyone.
— Keep hands, feet and other body parts away from rotating parts, blades and discharge openings.
— Do not operate mower in transport position.

Do not approach a mower until all motion has stopped.

Mower PTO drive engagement:
— Raise mower to maximum cutting height.
— Engage PTO at low engine rpm.
— Increase engine rpm to mower's rated rpm PTO speed.
— Lower mower to desired cutting height.
— Stop and shut down immediately if the mower strikes an obstruction.
— Inspect and repair any mower damage before resuming mowing.
— Do not operate mower with severe vibrations or with unusual noise.

Rotating Blades – Keep Away

Do Not Operate a Damaged Mower

Mower-Thrown Objects

Depending on the designed purpose, mowers are designed to cut grass, weeds, brush and crops. The mower blades have been designed and tested for rugged use. The mower blades, however, are not intended to contact solid objects like rocks, concrete or metal. Such impact can cause broken objects to be thrown up to 300 ft (92 m). Bystanders should never be within 300 ft (92 m) of an operating rotary mower or within 100 ft (30 M) of a properly equipped disc mower.

Operate Safely

Mower shielding is designed to reduce the risk of thrown objects and must be properly maintained and in place during mowing operations.

The risk of serious injury or death from thrown objects can be significantly reduced by following three rules. **If all of these safety rules are not followed, the mowing operation must be stopped if anyone comes within the safety limit for the mower type.**

First — Inspect the area prior to mowing and remove stones, branches, wire, cable, metal, glass and other solid objects before operating. Any objects that cannot be removed must be clearly marked and carefully avoided by the operator.

In non-crop areas with grass and weeds high enough to hide objects that could be struck by the blades, inspect the area and remove or mark large debris or obstacles.

Mow the area at an intermediate height. Inspect the area closely and remove or mark any remaining debris or obstacles. Mow again at desired final height.

Follow All Mower Safety Rules

Second — Mower-thrown object shielding must be used when operating near roads, parks, populated areas or other areas where thrown objects could injure bystanders or damage property. Follow the manufacturer's operator's manual.

Third — Cross diagonally when mowing through ditches, sharp dips, and drops. Raise the mower to prevent the mower blades from hitting the ground.

Operate Safely

Mower-Thrown Objects (continued)

Disc Mowers — When using a disc mower it is important to know the area to be mowed. If the operator has mowed the field before and is familiar with all obstacles that may be present, it is sufficient to watch ahead of the mower path for any additional objects that may have entered the field. Be ready to stop or avoid any objects that could be hazardous if thrown by the mower. If you plan to mow an unfamiliar field and it is next to a traveled road or people may be within 100 ft (30 m) of the mower you must inspect, and clean or mark the field.

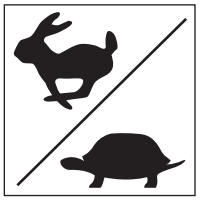
Mowing In Reverse

Do not mow while traveling in reverse. Objects are more likely to be thrown and can travel further.

Shut off the PTO, wait for the blades to stop turning, raise the mower, and then back up.

Mow traveling in the forward direction.

Do Not Mow in Reverse



Use Proper Ground Speed

Mowing Ground Speed

Proper ground speed depends on terrain conditions and grass type, density and height to be cut:
- — Normal ground speed range is 2 to 5 mph.
- — Use slower ground speed for mowing tall, dense grass.
- — Use faster ground speed for mowing medium height, thin grass and under smooth terrain conditions.
- — Use slower ground speed for mowing in rough, sloping or unfamiliar terrain.

Disc mowers are designed to use faster ground speeds for operating in fields clear of debris and surface hazards.

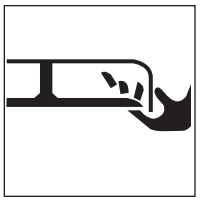
Operate Safely

Extremely Tall Grass Mowing

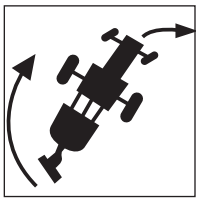
You may need to mow extremely tall, non-crop grass twice. (See page 13, **Mower-Thrown Objects.**)

First mowing pass:
- — Shut the mower and tractor down using proper equipment shut down practice before dismounting tractor. (See page 18, **Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices.**)
- — Inspect the area and remove or mark debris and obstacles.
- — Cut grass higher (10-15 inches) to avoid hidden objects.

Second mowing pass:
- — Shut the mower and tractor down using proper equipment shut down practice before dismounting tractor.
- — Inspect the area and remove or mark debris and obstacles.
- — Cut grass at desired height and, when possible, 90 degrees to the first mowing pass.



Stop Blade Before Unclogging



Provide Adequate Clearance for Mower Swing

Watch Equipment Clearances

Three-point hitch and side-mounted mowers have a larger turning arc than pull-type mowers. Allow sufficient clearance for mower swing while turning.

Do not allow bystanders near the tractor and mower when moving or transporting the tractor and mower.

Operate Safely

Under Mount Mower Safety Practices

When mowing with an under mount mower:

— Keep removable discharge chute in place and over discharge opening.

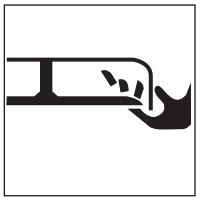
— Never stand on a mower housing when the tractor engine is operating.

— Distribute grass clippings with discharge chute facing mowed area.

— Before clearing a clogged mower or discharge chute, shut down your machine using proper equipment shut down practice. (See page 18, **Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices.**)

Never Stand on Mower – Keep Away

Keep Chute in Place



Stop Blade Before Unclogging

Operate Safely

Wing Or Boom Mower Overhead Obstruction Hazards And Risks

Check for overhead obstructions with raised wing or boom mowers to avoid serious injury or death by contact with:

— Electrical power lines and apparatus.

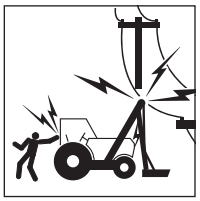
— Low tree limbs.

— Other overhead obstructions.

— Maintain specified distance from power lines and apparatus. Never approach energized power lines or apparatus with any part of your machine unless all local, state/provincial and federal (OSHA) required safety precautions have been taken. Use extreme caution.

DANGER! Avoid electrocution or serious injury from contact with or inadequate clearance to energized power lines or apparatus. **Do not allow the machine or attachment to approach or contact any power line. Do not approach or touch any machine in contact with a power line.**

Do Not Approach Energized Power Lines



Stay Clear of Energized Equipment

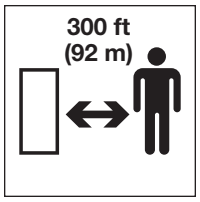
Operate Safely

Wing And Side Mount Mowers Safety Practices

Raised wing positions reduce shielding protection and increases the thrown object and blade contact hazard risks.

Avoid possible serious injury or death by thrown objects or blade contact from raising and lowering wings during mowing operations:

— Do not mow with bystanders within 300 ft (92 m) of the mower.
— Be sure no one is near mower while raising or lowering wings.
— Shut off the PTO and wait for all rotating elements to stop before raising the mower deck or wing section.
— Only raise wing to clear objects in the mowing path or to match ground slope.
— Lower raised wing to ground after clearing object or ground slope conditions.
— Stop mowing if anyone approaches within 300 ft (92 m) of mowing area.



Keep Bystanders Away from Mowing Area

Avoid Hitting Obstructions

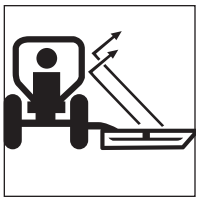
Ditch Bank Mowing Safety Practices

Use extreme care when mowing ditch banks. Watch for washouts, eroded areas and mowing obstructions along the ditch banks. Hitting obstructions with side-mount or boom mowers may swerve the tractor's front end toward the ditch.

Operate Safely

Raised wing and boom mower ditch bank operations may reduce the mower's thrown object shielding effectiveness for the mower operator's protection.

— Use enclosed ROPS cabs, special protective enclosures and other operator shielding available from the manufacturer when performing these operations.
— Inspect mowing area and remove or mark all foreign objects and debris to be avoided by mower.



Use Enclosed ROPS Cabs or Protective Enclosures

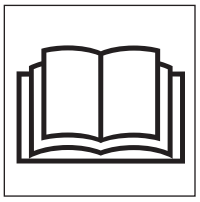
Uneven Terrain Mowing Safety Practices

Tractor and mower stability is reduced on slopes and uneven terrain.

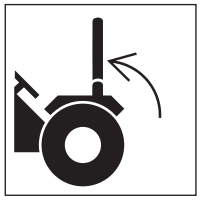
As in all conditions when mowing, use tractors equipped with ROPS and seat belt. **Make sure the ROPS are raised and locked in place and always wear your seat belt.**

Prevent tractor and mower overturns and maintain equipment stability control:

— Review tractor and mower operator's manuals for operating safety practices on slopes and uneven terrain conditions. Explain the practices to those users and operators who cannot read.
— Avoid extremely steep slope operations.



Read and Understand Manuals Before Operating



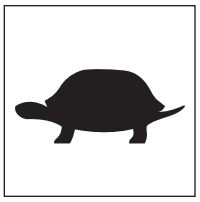
Use ROPS and Seat Belt

Operate Safely

Uneven Terrain Mowing Safety Practices (continued)

— Use extreme care to maintain control over the equipment when operating in these conditions.
— Increase tractor stability by adding wheel weights, ballast and increasing wheel spacing to maximum. Refer to operator's manual for recommendations.
— Maintain minimum ground speed.
— Make wide and gradual turns.
— Avoid sudden starts, stops, and turns when operating up, down, or across slopes.
— **Do not** raise rear-mount or side-mount mowers or mower wings from the ground during these operations.
— Keep alert for holes, bumps, ruts, rocks, stumps or other obstructions that could overturn the machine.
— Avoid slippery ground conditions that could cause loss of control and overturn of tractor and mower.
— Avoid bottoming and striking the ground by diagonal crossing of sharp dips and drops.

Use extreme care in maintaining equipment stability during all uneven terrain and slope mowing operations. You are the final judge as to any slope that can be safely negotiated.



Maintain Control, Use Low Speeds

Add Ballast, Widen Wheel Spacing

Avoid Ruts, Bumps, Holes

Operate Safely

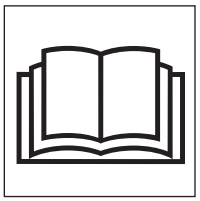
Road Transport Safety Practices

Before operating on public roads:
— Refer to tractor and mower manufacturers' operator's manuals for instructions.
— Explain the instructions to those users or operators who cannot read.
— Check local regulations for required equipment markings, lights, flashers, etc., while traveling on public roads. Lights are required on mowers that obscure tractor taillights and/or warning lights.
— When transporting the mower on a trailer, follow the manufacturer's detailed instructions for loading, tying down and unloading the mower.

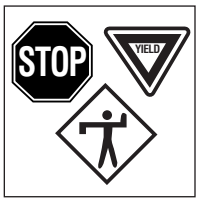
Before transporting on public roads:
— Disengage PTO power to mower.
— Raise mower into transport position and engage transport lock.
— Lock mower wings in the transport position with approved locking devices.
— Attach towing safety chain between pull-type mower and tractor.
— Make sure lights, warning lights and reflectors are in place and visible.
— Check SMV (Slow-Moving Vehicle) emblem for visibility to any rear-approaching vehicle.

While transporting on public roads:
— Obey all local traffic regulations.
— Approach intersections with caution.
— Observe speed and traffic control signs.
— Avoid panic stops and sharp turns.

Be a courteous operator and pull over periodically and allow traffic to pass.



Read and Understand Manuals Before Operating



Obey Traffic Regulations

Park Safely

Parking Safety Practices

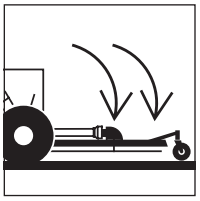
— Use designated or out-of-traffic areas.
— Use firm level ground locations.
— Set parking brake.
— Lower raised equipment to ground.

Shut down the mower and tractor using proper equipment shut down practice before dismounting tractor. (See page 18, **Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices.**)

Sloping ground parking locations:
— Position equipment across slope.
— Set parking brakes.
— Lower raised equipment to ground.
— Block tractor wheels.

Before temporarily parking and leaving disabled equipment near traffic areas:
— Remove equipment from public roads.
— Set out warning flags.
— Use tractor flashing warning lights.

Set Parking Brake



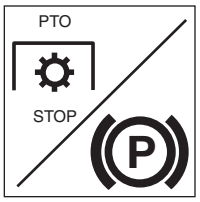
Lower Raised Equipment to Ground

Shut Down Safely

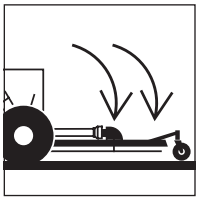
Proper Equipment Shut Down Practices

Make proper equipment shut down an important habit.

Properly shutting down a tractor and mower can prevent accidents from occurring when the mower is left unattended. Shut down the mower following the specific procedures in the manufacturer's operator's manual. These procedures will normally include:
— Reduce engine speed.
— Disengage PTO clutch and transmission drive.
— Idle engine for gradual cooling.
— Place all controls in PARK position.
— Set the parking brake.
— Lower mower to ground.
— Lower wings of wing mowers to ground.
— Shut off engine, lock ignition and remove key from the machine and take it with you.
— Wait for all moving parts to stop before dismounting.
— Relieve hydraulic pressure by moving hydraulic controls several times in all directions.
— Lock anti-vandalism covers and closures, if equipped, when equipment is unattended.
— Dismount carefully maintaining three-point contact.

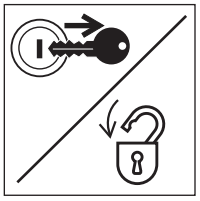


Disengage PTO, Set Brake



Lower Raised Equipment to Ground

Wait for Rotating Parts to Stop

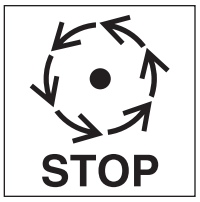


Remove Key, Lock Ignition, Take Key With You

Shut Down Safely

Dismounting Properly

— Never dismount from moving equipment.
— Never jump from any machines.
— Dismount carefully.
— Check for slippery steps.
— Keep feet and hands away from controls.
— Use handholds and steps during dismount.
— Face machine and use three-point contact (2 hands and 1 foot or 2 feet and 1 hand).



Wait for Moving Parts to Stop

Use Three-Point Contact, Face Machine

Perform Maintenance Safely

Maintain Your Equipment

Maintain Equipment

Be sure to maintain the equipment according to manufacturer's instructions. Regularly check the operation of the protective and safety devices.

Do not perform any work on a tractor or mower unless you are authorized and qualified to do so.

If you have been authorized to do maintenance, **read the operator's and service manuals.** Study the instructions; check the lubrication charts; examine all the instruction messages on the machine. Maintenance can be hazardous unless performed properly. Be sure you have the necessary skill, information, correct tools and equipment to do the job.

WARNING! Do not modify equipment or add components not approved by the manufacturer. Use parts, lubricants and service techniques recommended by the manufacturer.

Mower Parts And Your Safety

Mower manufacturers use specific fasteners and specially designed parts to meet mowing operations requirements. Critical parts (self-locking blade bolts, blades, pins, shields and other special items) have specific strength, design and fit requirements for the make and model mower you are using.

Avoid possible death or serious injury from unapproved parts or modifications:
— Do not substitute common hardware for original manufacturer's blade bolts or other special part items.
— Do not substitute for blades, pins, shields or other critical parts.
— Do not use higher strength bolts to replace original manufacturer's shear bolts.

Perform Maintenance Safely

Prepare Yourself

Wear personal protective clothing and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) issued to you or called for by job conditions. You must **ALWAYS** wear safety glasses with side shields.

You may also need:
— Hard hat
— Safety shoes
— Safety glasses, goggles or face shield
— Apron and gloves
— Hearing protection
— Welding helmet or goggles
— Respirator or filter mask

Wear whatever is needed—don't take chances.

Keep hands—and clothing—away from all moving parts. Don't wear dangling ties, loose sleeves, rings, watches, or long hair.

WARNING! Prevent death or serious injury from entanglement. **Do not wear loose clothing or accessories. Stay away from all rotating components when the engine is running.** Contact, wrapping or entanglement with rotating or moving parts could result in death or serious injury.

Perform Maintenance Safely

Wear a rubber apron and rubber gloves when working with corrosives. Wear gloves and safety shoes when handling wooden blocks or sharp-edged metal.

Always use safety glasses, goggles or a face shield. They provide eye protection from fluids under pressure, during grinding and while servicing batteries. Protection is also needed from flying debris, liquids and loose material produced by equipment, tools and pressurized air/water.

Wear a face shield and follow manufacturer's instuctions when you disassemble spring-loaded components or work with battery acids. Wear a welding helmet or goggles with a shaded filter when you weld or cut with a torch.

Do not sand, grind, flame-cut, braze or weld without a NIOSH-approved respirator or appropriate ventilation. If welding is required on this machine, refer to the manufacturer's operator's or service manuals or consult your equipment dealer for proper procedures.

Keep pockets free of all objects that could fall out—and drop into machinery.

Handle tools and heavy parts sensibly—with regard for yourself and other persons. Lower items—don't drop them.

Prepare The Work Area

— Position the mower in a level area out of the way of other working equipment.
— Make sure there is adequate light, ventilation and clearance.
— Remove oil, grease or water to eliminate any slippery surfaces.
— Clean around the area to be serviced to minimize contamination.

Perform Maintenance Safely

Prepare The Machine

Stored energy sources (electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, chemical, thermal, etc.) must be controlled or reduced to a practical minimum before performing any maintenance, repair or service procedures.

Safety practices to prevent potential injuries from energy-releasing sources:

— Disengage PTO before shutting off engine.
— Place controls in PARK or NEUTRAL before shutting off engine.
— Set parking brake or block wheels.
— Allow all moving parts to stop.
— Lower mower to ground.
— Lower wings to ground on wing mowers.
— Shut off tractor engine.
— Relieve hydraulic system pressure by moving controls several times in all directions.
— Lock ignition, remove key and take it with you.
— Look and listen for evidence of moving parts before dismounting.
— Securely support or block up mower before working underneath mower or other lifted components.
— Securely support, block up, or lock up mower wings with approved locking devices before working near or underneath a wing mower.
— Relieve pressure before disconnecting or disassembling any pressurized system.
— Block or relieve spring pressure before disassembling any spring-loaded mechanism.
— Securely support or block up any raised machine component before working on it.
— Avoid flames, sparks, or smoking near any fuel, hydraulic fluid or other flammable material such as mowing debris.

Prepare Machine Systems for Service

Perform Maintenance Safely

Attach a “DO NOT OPERATE” warning tag to the control levers and remove the ignition key if the mower should not be operated. Take the key with you.

Install approved support device(s) when working under or near raised equipment.

WARNING! Unsupported raised mowers or other equipment may drop unexpectedly. **Never go under equipment when raised unless supported by an approved support device(s).** Death or serious crushing injury could result from falling equipment.

Remove only guards or covers that provide access to the area being serviced. Replace all guards and covers when work is complete.

Use a “Do Not Operate” Tag

Use Approved Support Device

Replace All Guards

Perform Maintenance Safely

Use Proper Ventilation

If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension. If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, make sure you open the doors and get outside air into the area.

WARNING! Prevent possible injury. **Never work on machinery with the engine running unless instructed by the manufacturer's manuals for specific service.**

WARNING! Never operate any type of engine without proper ventilation—EXHAUST FUMES CAN KILL.

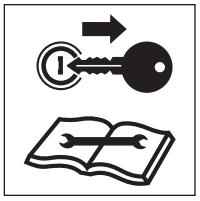
Use Jacks And Hoists Carefully

Safety stands or blocks must be located on a rigid part of the mower. Do not position stands under axles or wheel supports that may rotate.

If you must work beneath raised equipment, always use wood—**not concrete**—blocks, jack-stands or other rigid and stable supports. When using jacks or hoists always be sure they are adequately supported.

WARNING! Prevent possible crushing injury. **Never use concrete blocks for supports.** They can collapse under even light loads.

Make sure the hoists or jacks you use are in good repair. Never use jacks with cracked, bent, or twisted parts. Never use frayed, twisted or pinched cables. Never use bent or distorted hooks.



Remove Key and Read Maintenance Manual

Ventilate Work Area

Use Proper Support for Raised Equipment

Perform Maintenance Safely

Common Maintenance Safety Practices

Fuel Hazards

WARNING! Always use approved fuel containers and/or dispensing equipment.

Fuels are flammable, so observe these practices to reduce the possibility of a serious accident.

- — Shut off engine and ignition during refueling.
- — Always ground the fuel nozzle against the filler neck to avoid sparks.
- — Keep sparks and open flames away from fuel.
- — Do not smoke while refueling or when handling fuel containers.
- — Do not cut or weld on or near fuel lines, tanks or containers.
- — Do not overfill the tank or spill fuel. Clean up spilled fuel immediately.

Engine Coolant Hazards

Liquid cooling systems build up pressure as the engine gets hot, so **use extreme caution before** removing the radiator cap.

Be sure to:

- — Stop the engine and wait for the system to cool.
- — Wear protective clothing and safety glasses.
- — Turn the radiator cap slowly to the first stop to allow the pressure to escape before removing the cap completely.

No Smoking and No Open Flames

Remove Radiator Cap Slowly

Perform Maintenance Safely

Hydraulic System Hazards

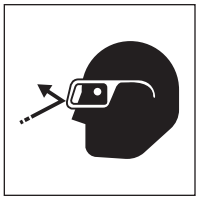
The hydraulic system is under pressure whenever the engine is operating and may hold pressure even after the engine is shut off. Cycle all hydraulic controls including the auxiliary hydraulic control after the engine is shut down. Relieve trapped pressure in the lines after the attachments are shut down and resting on the ground.

During inspection of the hydraulic system:
— Wait for fluid to cool before disconnecting the lines. Hot hydraulic fluid can cause SEVERE BURNS.
— **Do not** use your hand to check for leaks. Instead, use a piece of cardboard or paper to search for leaks.
— Wear appropriate eye protection. Hydraulic fluid can cause permanent eye injury.

WARNING! Hydraulic fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin or eyes and cause serious injury, blindness or death. Fluid leaks under pressure may not be visible. **Use a piece of cardboard or wood to find leaks, not your hand. Wear a face shield or safety goggles for eye protection.** If fluid is injected into the skin, it must be removed within a few hours by medical personnel familiar with this type of injury.

When venting or filling the hydraulic system, loosen the filler cap slowly and remove it gradually.

Never reset any relief valve in the hydraulic system to a pressure higher than recommended by the manufacturer.



Perform Maintenance Safely

Electrical System Hazards

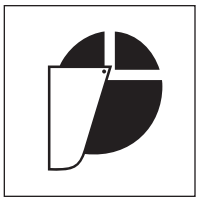
Before working on the electrical system, disconnect the battery cable(s).
— Remove the battery negative (-) cable(s) first.
— When reconnecting the battery, connect the battery negative (-) cable(s) last.

The liquid in batteries contains acid, which is a POISON and can cause SEVERE CHEMICAL BURNS.

Avoid Injury

— Wear a face shield to prevent contact with your eyes.
— Wear chemical-resistant gloves and clothing to keep electrolyte off your skin and regular clothing.

WARNING! Electrolyte will damage eyes or skin on contact. **Always wear a face shield to avoid electrolyte in eyes.** If electrolyte contacts eyes, flush immediately with clean water and get medical attention. **Wear chemical-resistant gloves and protective clothing to keep electrolyte off skin.** If electrolyte contacts exposed skin or clothing, wash off immediately with clean water. **If electrolyte is ingested,** seek medical attention immediately. NEVER give fluids that would induce vomiting.



Perform Maintenance Safely

Avoid Explosion

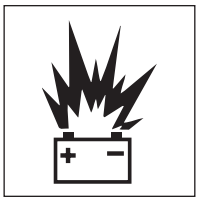
WARNING! Avoid possible serious injury from explosion. Lead-acid batteries produce extremely explosive gases especially when being charged. **Keep arcs, sparks, flames and lighted tobacco away.**

— **Do not** smoke near batteries.
— Keep arcs, sparks and open flames away from batteries.
— Provide adequate ventilation.

Never check the battery by placing a metal object across the battery posts — the resulting spark could cause an explosion.

WARNING! Avoid possible serious injury from battery explosion. **Do not charge a battery or boost start the engine if the battery is frozen.** Warm to 60°F (15.5°C) or the battery may explode and could cause serious injury.

Safety rules during battery boost starting:
— Follow the instructions for proper “battery boost starting” as specified in the manufacturer’s manual.
— Be sure the machines are not touching.
— Observe the polarity of the batteries and connections.
— Make the final cable connection to the engine or the furthest ground point away from the battery. Never make the final connection at the starter or dead battery—sparks may ignite the explosive gases present at the battery.
— When disconnecting cables after jump starting, remove the cables in reverse order of connection (e.g., final connection first).



Avoid Sparks and Open Flames Near Batteries

For Boost Starting Observe Polarity and Make Final Connection at Ground Point

Perform Maintenance Safely

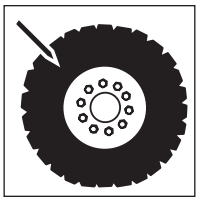
Tire And Wheel Maintenance

Check your tires and wheels daily because the stability of the tractor and mower can be dramatically affected by tire pressure or damage to tires or wheels.

Check tires for:
— Correct pressure.
— Cuts and bulges.
— Nails or other punctures.
— Uneven or excessive wear.
— Condition of valve stems and caps.

Check wheels for:
— Damage to the rims.
— Missing or loose lug nuts or bolts.
— Misalignment.

All tire service should be performed by a qualified tire service center or by an authorized service person who has been properly trained in the procedures and use of safety equipment designed for tire servicing.



Check Tires and Wheels for Damage

Maintain Proper Tire Pressure

Perform Maintenance Safely

Tire And Wheel Maintenance (continued)

WARNING! The types of wheels and tires usually found on this equipment require special care when servicing to prevent death or serious injury.

Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Be sure to replace tire ballast if equipped. See manufacturer's specifications for ballast requirements.

Keep wheel lug nuts tightened to manufacturer's recommendations.

A rise in tire pressure during operation is normal, and should NOT be reduced.

Never reinflate a tire that has been run flat or seriously underinflated without removing the tire from the wheel. Have the tire and wheel closely inspected for damage before remounting.

When adding air to a tire, do so from a distance. Use a long hose with self-attaching chuck. Always stand behind tread when adjusting tire pressure.

Do not inflate tires with flammable gases or from systems using an alcohol injector.

Never cut or weld on a wheel with an inflated tire mounted on it. This could cause explosive decompression.

Check that the tire size and wheel are correctly matched.

When replacing the tires, ensure the tires are of the appropriate rating specified by the manufacturer.

Tires should not be operated at speeds higher than their rated speed. Most agricultural tires are rated for 20mph maximum speed.

Perform Maintenance Safely

Complete Service And Repairs Before Machine Is Released

Tighten all bolts, fittings, and connections to torques specified by the manufacturer.

Install all guards, covers, and shields after servicing. Replace or repair any damaged parts. Refill and recharge pressure systems only with manufacturer approved or recommended fluids.

Start the engine and check for leaks. (See page 23, **Hydraulic System Hazards.**) Operate all controls to make sure the tractor and mower are functioning properly. Test the machine if necessary. After testing, shut down and check the work you performed. Are there any missing cotter pins, washers, locknuts, etc.? Recheck all fluid levels before releasing the equipment for operation.

All parts should be inspected during repair and replaced if worn, cracked or damaged. Excessively worn or damaged parts can fail and cause injury or death.

Replace any damaged or illegible safety signs.

Mower Blade Maintenance

Do not take chances using damaged or bent blades. The mower manufacturers from the Association of Equipment Manufacturers (AEM) and the Farm Equipment Manufacturers Association (FEMA) advocate that you DO NOT reuse, straighten, hard face or weld mower blades. Death or serious injury could result if a broken blade is thrown from a mower.

Perform Maintenance Safely

Mower Blade Maintenance (continued)

— **How are mower blades made?** Mower blades are made of high strength alloy spring steel. They are hot-forged and shaped to meet the manufacturer's individual specifications, then heat treated and tempered to a high strength, ductile state to reduce the possibility of breaking while mowing. Blades are tested to ensure they meet strength, hardness, and ductility standards. If a blade fails to meet any of these specifications, it will not be used on the mower.

— **What happens when a mower blade bends?** It takes a great amount of impact force to bend the blade. This impact force often results in the blades being gouged or chipped. After a blade is damaged by a gouge or chip a blade failure is much more likely to occur. When a blade is severely bent, a microscopic crack may be created in the blade. Straightening the blade does not remove or repair this crack, but may cause additional cracks. Additional stresses during mowing operations can result in an unexpected blade failure.

— **Avoid bending blades.** Help prevent mower blades from bending or cracking by avoiding contact with solid objects. Mower blades are intended to cut grass, shrubs, woody vegetation, and small trees and limbs. They are not intended to contact solid objects such as rocks, concrete, or steel posts. Inspect the area prior to mowing. Remove or clearly mark any solid objects and mow around them.

— **Replace damaged blades!** Inspect the mower blade(s) daily or after hitting any solid object. If a mower blade becomes damaged (bent, gouged, cracked) or worn more than 25 percent of the original size, it should be removed and replaced with a new blade. Always use the original manufacturer's blades. Aftermarket brand blades may not meet the mower manufacturer's strength, hardness and ductility requirements.

— **Do not take chances mowing with damaged or bent blades.** Using a damaged or straightened mower blade can result in the blade breaking and being thrown into the operator or a bystander causing death or serious injury. The price of a new blade is small compared to the potential for the serious injury that could result from a bent or broken blade being thrown from the mower.

Final Word To The User

You have just finished reading the AEM Industrial and Agricultural Mower Manual. It is impossible for this manual to cover every safety situation that you may encounter on a daily basis. Your knowledge of these safety precautions and your application to the basic rules of safety will help to build good judgment in all situations. Our objective is to help you develop, establish and maintain good safety habits to make operating an Industrial and Agricultural Mower easier and safer for you.

This manual is another in a series on the safe operation of machinery published by AEM.
Many pictorials in this safety manual can be found and downloaded at http://pictorials.aem.org.
For additional publications visit our website at www.safetymaterials.org.

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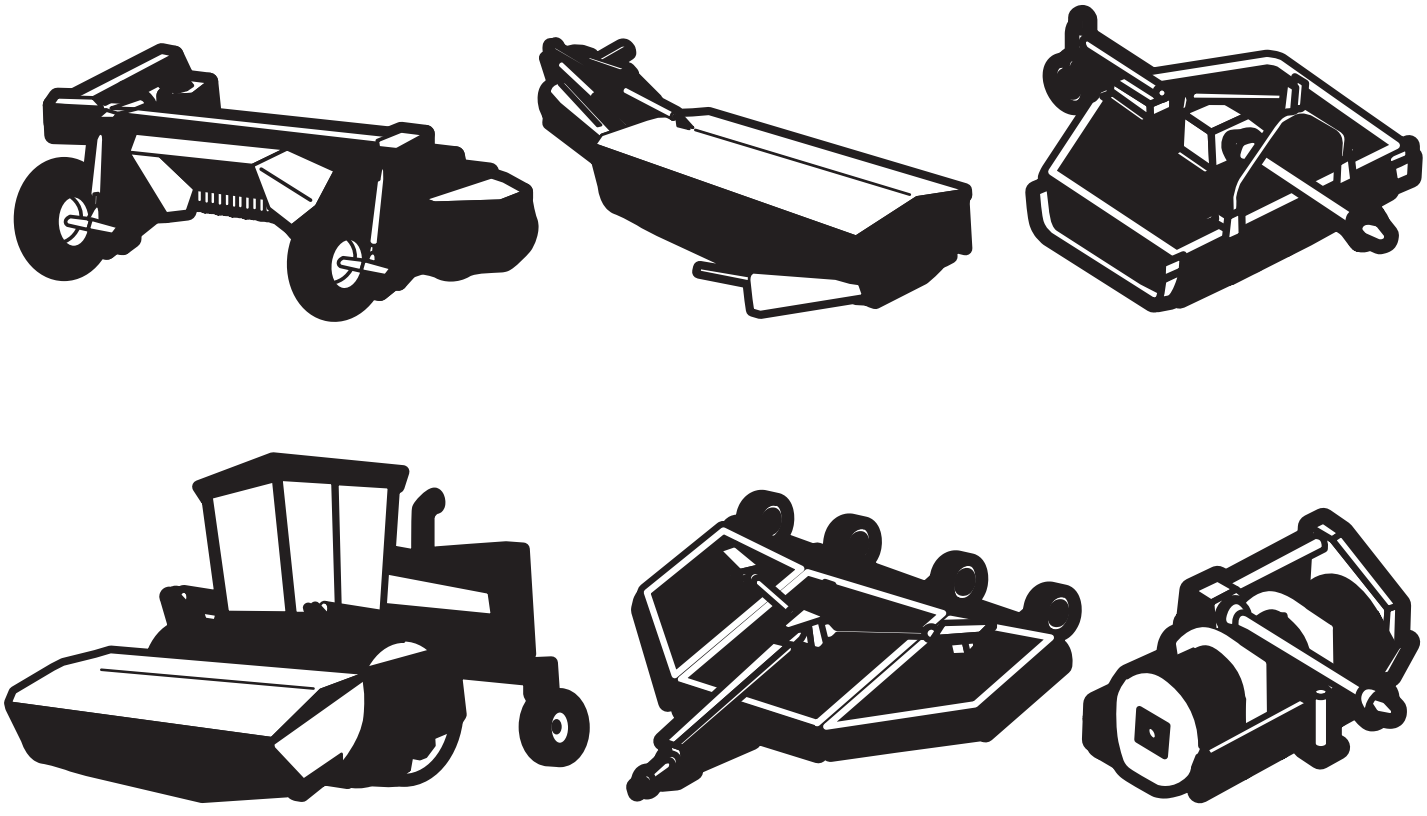
CORTADORA
DE CÉSPED INDUSTRIAL/
PARA AGRICULTURA

www.aem.org

MANUAL DE SEGURIDAD

PARA EL PERSONAL DE OPERACIONES Y MANTENIMIENTO



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Reconocimiento

Deseamos reconocer las contribuciones de los miembros del Consejo de Fabricantes de Cortadoras de Césped Industriales/para Agricultura para la preparación de este Manual de seguridad.

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Revisado el 01/03, 09/10

Introducción

Este manual de seguridad está destinado a señalar algunas de las situaciones de seguridad básicas que pueden surgir durante la operación y el mantenimiento normales de la máquina y a instruirlo en prácticas de seguridad para manejar estas condiciones. Este manual **NO** sustituye los manuales del operador del fabricante de la cortadora de césped.

Puede ser necesario tomar precauciones adicionales o algunas de las instrucciones pueden no ser pertinentes, dependiendo del equipo, los accesorios y las condiciones del sitio de trabajo o del área de servicio. El fabricante no tiene control directo sobre la aplicación, la operación, la inspección o el mantenimiento del equipo. Por lo tanto, es **SU** responsabilidad utilizar prácticas de seguridad correctas en estas áreas.

La información que se proporciona en este manual complementa la información específica sobre la máquina que contienen los manuales del operador del fabricante. Puede haber otra información que afecte la operación segura de la máquina en los letreros de seguridad o en los requisitos del seguro, programas de seguridad y capacitación del empleador, códigos de seguridad, leyes federales, locales, estatales o provinciales, reglas y ordenanzas.

Lea y asegúrese de comprender los manuales antes de comenzar la operación

¡IMPORTANTE! Antes de hacer funcionar la cortadora de césped, asegúrese de contar con los manuales del operador del fabricante para esta máquina y todos los accesorios. Si faltan los manuales del fabricante, solicite manuales de repuesto a su empleador, al concesionario de los equipos o directamente al fabricante. Guarde este manual de seguridad y los manuales del fabricante con la máquina en todo momento. Lea y asegúrese de comprender todos los manuales.

Se encuentra disponible el video AEM Mower Safety Practices (Prácticas de seguridad para la cortadora de césped de AEM) para capacitar y reforzar prácticas de seguridad correctas. Se alienta a los operadores a ver periódicamente el video de seguridad.

Alertas de seguridad

Símbolo

Este símbolo de alerta de seguridad significa:
“¡ATENCIÓN! ¡MANTÉNGASE ALERTA! ¡SU SEGURIDAD ESTÁ EN RIESGO!”

El símbolo de alerta de seguridad identifica mensajes de seguridad importantes sobre el equipo, sobre letreros de seguridad, en manuales u otros lugares. Cuando vea este símbolo, manténgase alerta ante la posibilidad de muerte o lesiones personales. Siga las instrucciones del mensaje de seguridad.

Motivos por los cuales la seguridad es importante:
— Los accidentes provocan discapacidad y muerte.
— Los accidentes cuestan.
— Los accidentes pueden evitarse.

Palabras indicativas

Las palabras indicativas son palabras distintivas que típicamente se encontrarán en letreros de seguridad de la cortadora de césped y otros equipos del sitio de trabajo. Estas palabras también se pueden encontrar en este manual y en los manuales del fabricante. Están destinadas a alertar al operador sobre un riesgo y el grado de gravedad del riesgo.

⚠ DANGER
PELIGRO
DANGER (PELIGRO) indica una situación riesgosa que, si no se evita, resultará en una lesión grave o la muerte.

⚠ WARNING
ADVERTENCIA
WARNING (ADVERTENCIA) indica una situación riesgosa que, si no se evita, podría resultar en una lesión grave o la muerte.

⚠ CAUTION
PRECAUCIÓN
CAUTION (PRECAUCIÓN) indica una situación que, si no se evita, podría resultar en lesiones leves o moderadas.

NOTICE
AVISO
NOTICE (AVISO) indica un mensaje de daños a la propiedad.

Palabras para el usuario/operador

Es **SU** responsabilidad leer y asegurarse de comprender el manual de seguridad y los manuales del fabricante antes de hacer funcionar esta máquina. Este manual de seguridad lo lleva paso a paso a través de su día de trabajo.

El reconocimiento de los riesgos y la prevención de accidentes dependen de que usted esté alerta, sea cuidadoso y se capacite correctamente para la operación, el transporte, el mantenimiento y el almacenamiento de este equipo.

Se han suministrado gráficos útiles para comprender el texto.

Recuerde que **USTED** es la clave de la seguridad. Las prácticas de seguridad correctas lo protegen no sólo a usted sino también a las personas que lo rodean. Estudie este manual y los manuales del fabricante para su máquina en particular. Transfórmelos en una parte activa de su programa de seguridad. Tenga presente que este manual de seguridad está escrito para cortadoras de césped industriales/para agricultura.

Contáctese con el fabricante del equipo si le queda alguna pregunta sobre la operación segura después de estudiar los manuales del operador del fabricante y este manual de seguridad.

Tome todas las demás precauciones habituales y acostumbradas para un trabajo seguro y, sobre todo:

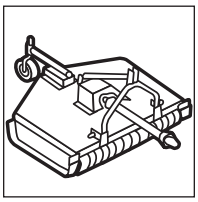
RECUERDE:
¡LA SEGURIDAD DEPENDE DE USTED!

¡PUEDE EVITAR LESIONES GRAVES O MUERTE CAUSADAS POR PRÁCTICAS LABORALES NO SEGURAS!

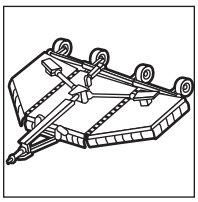
Cortadora de césped industrial/para agricultura

Tipos de cortadora de césped industrial/para agricultura

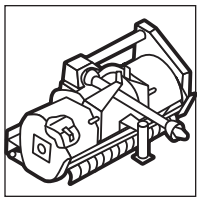
Las cortadoras de césped se usan para recortar pasturas, desmenuzar residuos de cultivos, cortar arbustos, realizar desbroce pesado, cortar la hierba en vías de agua, derechos de paso, costados de caminos o autopistas. Además, estas cortadoras se usan para cortar la hierba y otras plantas en zonas públicas como parques y cementerios.



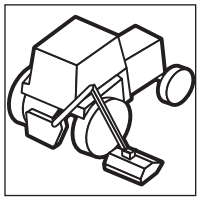
Giratorio



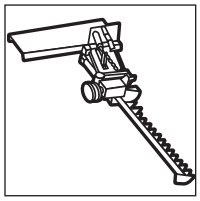
Giratorio con lateral plegable



Triturador



Aguilón

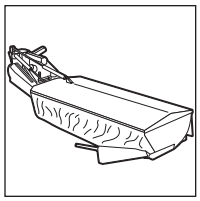


Barra en forma de hoz

Cortadora de césped industrial/para agricultura

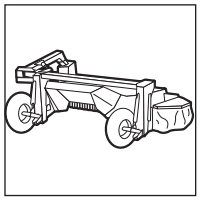
Tipos de cortadora de césped de disco para agricultura

Las cortadoras de césped de disco están diseñadas y equipadas para cortar cultivos de heno a mayor velocidad de desplazamiento.



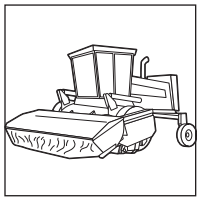
Cortadora de césped de disco

Las cortadoras/acondicionadoras de disco cortan y acondicionan los cultivos.



Cortadora/ acondicionadora de disco

Las formadoras de hileras autopropulsadas cortan el heno y lo acondicionan en hileras.



Formadora de hileras autopropulsada

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

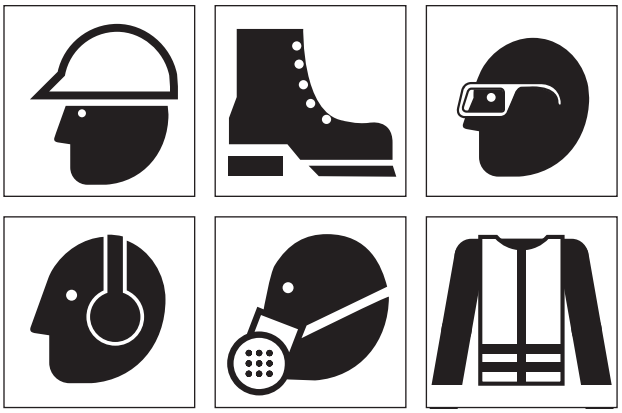
Protéjase a sí mismo

Use la ropa de protección personal y los equipos de protección personal (PPE) que se le proporcionen o que requieran las condiciones del trabajo. **SIEMPRE** debe usar gafas de seguridad con escudos laterales.

Puede necesitar también:
— Casco
— Calzado de seguridad
— Antiparras de seguridad o protección facial
— Guantes gruesos
— Protección para oídos
— Indumentaria reflectiva
— Indumentaria impermeable
— Respirador o máscara con filtro

Use la ropa necesaria; no corra ningún riesgo.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite lesiones graves o muerte por enredos. **No use ropa floja ni accesorios. Ate el cabello largo. Manténgase alejado de todos los componentes giratorios cuando el motor está en funcionamiento.** El contacto, el enrollado o el enredo con piezas giratorias o móviles podrían resultar en lesiones graves o la muerte.



Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

— Lea, asegúrese de comprender y siga las instrucciones escritas del fabricante que se encuentran en el manual del operador y en los letreros de seguridad sobre la cortadora y el tractor.
— Obtenga capacitación para la operación de la cortadora y el tractor.
— Aproveche los programas de capacitación que se ofrecen en su zona.
— Solicítele al distribuidor de equipos o al supervisor que le explique cualquier información que no comprenda.
— Explique las instrucciones escritas de los manuales del operador y los letreros de seguridad a los usuarios u operadores que no puedan leerlas.
— Inspeccione la cortadora y el tractor diariamente antes de hacerlos funcionar. Asegúrese de que todas las guardas se encuentren en su lugar y de que el equipo funcione correctamente.
— Nunca fume mientras lo está manejando. Nunca llene el depósito de combustible con el motor en funcionamiento o cerca de una llama abierta.
— Asegúrese de tener visibilidad adecuada e iluminación suficiente.
— Sepa cuáles son los puntos donde puede quedar atrapado y las partes giratorias. Su conocimiento puede evitar accidentes.
— Nunca intente hacer funcionar los controles, excepto desde el asiento del operador. Las funciones controladas de manera incorrecta pueden producir el movimiento imprevisto de la máquina y resultar en lesiones graves o muerte.
— Apague la cortadora y el tractor antes de descender. (Consulte la página 18, **Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos.**)

Lea, asegúrese de comprender y siga las indicaciones de los manuales y los letreros de seguridad

Evite las partes giratorias

Sepa cuáles son y evite los puntos donde pueda quedar atrapado

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

Evite las lesiones provocadas por equipos elevados

Evite posibles lesiones de aplastamiento por caídas de la cortadora u otros equipos elevados.

Evite ser aplastado – Bloquee o apoye con seguridad la cortadora

Antes de trabajar cerca o debajo de partes levadas de la cortadora o de los equipos:

— Apoye o bloquee con seguridad las partes elevadas de la cortadora o los equipos de acuerdo con el manual del operador.
— Apoye, bloquee o trabe con seguridad los laterales con dispositivos de bloqueo aprobados o descienda las partes de la cortadora o de los equipos hasta el suelo.
— Use trabas de transporte cuando transporte la cortadora por la vía pública.

Evite lesiones producidas por líquidos a alta presión

Evite las lesiones por inyección de fluidos debidas a fugas de líquidos a alta presión.

Si un fluido se inyecta en la piel, debe ser extraído dentro de pocas horas por personal médico familiarizado con este tipo de lesión.

Las fugas de fluido bajo presión pueden no ser visibles. Al verificar en busca de fugas o cuando trabaja cerca de sistemas presurizados:

— Lea las prácticas de seguridad recomendadas en los manuales del operador del fabricante.
— Use una protección facial o antiparras de seguridad para proteger los ojos.
— Use un cartón o una madera para buscar fugas; **NO use las manos.**
— Alivie la presión del sistema antes de desconectar líneas.
— Busque y repare las líneas, los tubos y las mangueras dañados o con fugas.
— Busque y apriete las conexiones flojas.
— Purgue el aire del sistema antes de hacerlo funcionar.

El fluido a alta presión puede inyectarse en el cuerpo

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

Evite lesiones por incendios y explosiones

Aplique el freno de estacionamiento, apague el motor de la cortadora y del tractor y retire la llave mientras llena el depósito de combustible. Tenga precaución adicional cuando carga combustible en un motor caliente. Nunca fume mientras carga combustible. Evite las chispas conectando a tierra la boquilla de combustible contra el cuello de llenado del depósito.

Los vapores de un depósito de combustible vacío son explosivos. Nunca suelde o realice cortes en líneas, depósitos o contenedores de combustible.

Retire toda la basura o los residuos de corte de la máquina todos los días o según sea necesario. Mantenga los residuos alejados del motor, el escape, los embragues y otras fuentes de calor. Use supresores de chispas, según corresponda, en el sistema de escape del motor. Asegúrese de que no haya trapos con aceite u otro material inflamable almacenado en la máquina.

Revise en busca de fugas de combustible, aceite o fluido hidráulico. Repare las fugas y limpie la máquina antes de hacerla funcionar.

El éter/fluido para arranque en frío es inflamable. No fume cuando usa éter/fluido para arranque en frío. Siempre siga las instrucciones del recipiente y de los manuales del operador del fabricante correspondientes a la cortadora de césped. No use éter/fluido para arranque en frío si el motor está equipado con bujías de precalentamiento u otro dispositivo de precalentamiento.

Siempre use solvente no inflamable para limpiar las partes. No use gasolina, combustible diesel u otros fluidos inflamables. Almacene todos los fluidos y materiales inflamables lejos de la máquina y de la zona de trabajo.

Sepa dónde se guardan los extintores de incendios, cómo funcionan y para qué tipo de incendio están destinados. Verifique la disponibilidad de los extintores de incendios de acuerdo con las instrucciones del fabricante. Asegúrese de que cada tractor esté equipado con un extintor de incendios.

No fumar; evitar las llamas abiertas

Retire los residuos a diario o según sea necesario

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

¡Manténgase alerta!

Sepa dónde obtener asistencia. Sepa cómo usar un equipo de primeros auxilios y un extintor de incendios/ sistema de supresión de fuego.

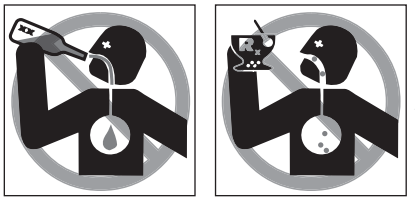
¡Manténgase informado!

Aproveche los programas de capacitación que se ofrecen.

¡Tenga cuidado!

El error humano es causado por muchos factores: descuido, fatiga, sobrecarga, preocupación, desconocimiento de la máquina por parte del operador, fármacos y alcohol, entre muchos otros. Los daños al tractor o la cortadora de césped se pueden arreglar en un tiempo breve, pero las lesiones o la muerte tienen un efecto perdurable.

Por su seguridad y la de los demás, aliente a sus compañeros de trabajo a actuar con seguridad.



Nunca use fármacos o alcohol mientras está operando la máquina

Para una operación segura

Usted debe ser un operador cualificado y autorizado para operar la máquina correctamente. Debe comprender claramente las instrucciones por escrito que proporciona el fabricante, recibir capacitación (que incluya la operación real de la cortadora de césped) y conocer las reglas y ordenanzas de seguridad correspondientes al sitio de trabajo. Una buena práctica de seguridad consiste en señalar y explicar los letreros y las prácticas de seguridad y asegurarse de que otras personas comprendan la importancia de seguir estas instrucciones.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Los fármacos y el alcohol afectan la capacidad de alerta y de coordinación del operador, así como su capacidad para operar los equipos con seguridad. **Nunca use fármacos o alcohol mientras opera el equipo de la cortadora. Nunca permita a sabiendas que otra persona opere esta máquina con la capacidad de alerta o coordinación deteriorada.** Un operador que toma un medicamento recetado o de venta libre debe consultar a un profesional médico con respecto a los efectos colaterales del medicamento que podrían reducir su capacidad de operar este equipo con seguridad.

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

Conozca las reglas

La mayoría de los empleadores tienen reglas que rigen la operación y el mantenimiento de los equipos. Antes de comenzar a trabajar en una ubicación nueva, verifique con el supervisor o con el coordinador de seguridad. Averigüe sobre las reglas que tendrá que obedecer.

La Administración de Seguridad y Salud Ocupacional (Occupational Safety and Health Administration, OSHA) hace cumplir leyes federales dentro de los EE.UU. que se aplican a la operación, la aplicación y el mantenimiento seguros de equipos en un sitio de trabajo. Es responsabilidad del empleador cumplir estas leyes. Un representante de OSHA puede visitar periódicamente un sitio de trabajo para ver si estas leyes se cumplen.

También puede haber leyes estatales/provinciales o locales u ordenanzas internacionales que se apliquen a este equipo y a su uso, junto con reglas específicas del sitio de trabajo o del empleador. Es importante que conozca y cumpla todas las leyes y reglas aplicables, incluso las que requieren capacitación y certificación del operador.

Las siguientes son algunas de las reglas que debe cumplir al trabajar:

— Un ROPS (sistema de protección antivuelco) y un tractor equipado con cinturón de seguridad es exigencia del gobierno federal (OSHA) par ala protección de los operadores durante el funcionamiento de la cortadora. Una cabina cerrada proporciona protección adicional para el operador con respecto a objetos arrojados. Verifique el manual del operador de la cortadora de césped para ver si también se requiere una cabina de tractor.
— Use y verifique que otras personas usen la indumentaria y los equipos de protección personal correctos.
— Inspeccione la máquina y los accesorios antes de cada uso según lo especificado por el fabricante y por su empleador.
— Conozca las limitaciones y las características operativas del equipo de corte de césped. No haga un uso indebido.
— Verifique que todos los escudos y las guardas estén correctamente instalados antes de hacer funcionar la máquina.
— Nunca modifique o retire partes de la máquina (excepto para realizar servicios; después, asegúrese de que se vuelvan a colocar en su lugar).

Sepa cuáles son y asegúrese de comprender las reglas de funcionamiento

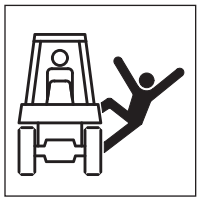
Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

Algunas reglas que debe cumplir al trabajar (continuación)

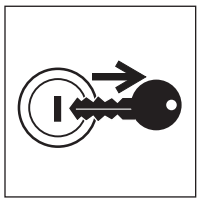
— Únicamente personas cualificadas y autorizadas pueden manejar estos equipos.
— **Nunca permita que los niños jueguen** en los equipos, **viajen** en ellos o los hagan **funcionar**. Los niños **no están** cualificados para manejar estos equipos.
— **No** transporte pasajeros.
— Use contacto en tres puntos (asideros y peldaños) y enfrente el equipo al ascender o descender de él.
— Mantenga a las personas ajenas a 300 pies (92 m) de la operación de corte.
— Familiarícese con el sitio de trabajo antes de usar la cortadora de césped. Tenga en cuenta posibles riesgos que puede encontrar en el terreno. Retire o marque los obstáculos y residuos que podrían dañar la cortadora o ser arrojados por ella.
— Utilice sólo accesorios y partes aprobados por el fabricante de la cortadora de césped.
— Asegúrese de que todos accesorios estén descendidos, aplique el freno de estacionamiento, apague el motor y haga funcionar todas las palancas de control. Retire la llave antes de salir del tractor. (Consulte la página 18, **Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos.**)
— Cuando transporte la cortadora de césped en un remolque, siga las instrucciones detalladas del fabricante para la carga, el amarre y la descarga de la cortadora.

Mantenga a los niños alejados de los equipos

Mantenga a las personas ajenas alejadas



No lleve pasajeros



Apague los equipos cuando están sin vigilancia

Cumplimiento del programa de seguridad

Conozca los equipos

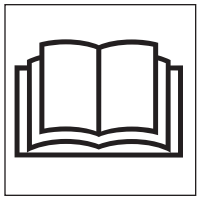
Lea y asegúrese de comprender los letreros de seguridad que indican PELIGRO, ADVERTENCIA, PRECAUCIÓN y AVISO y otros letreros informativos que hay sobre el tractor y la cortadora de césped y en el manual del operador del fabricante. Solicítele al supervisor o al distribuidor de la cortadora que le explique cualquier información que no comprenda. El incumplimiento de las instrucciones de seguridad podría resultar en lesiones graves o muerte.

Lea y asegúrese de comprender todos los letreros de seguridad

Asegúrese de que todas las estructuras de protección, guardas, escudos, pantallas y paneles del fabricante están bien reparados, en su lugar y bien ajustados. Los componentes de seguridad dañados, faltantes o debilitados pueden crear una situación de riesgo para usted como operador. **Nunca** retire o modifique ningún componente de seguridad (incluso escudos para objetos arrojados) que haya en la cortadora.

Conozca lo siguiente sobre el tractor y la cortadora de césped:

— Funcionamiento, propósito y uso de todos los controles.
— Velocidades de funcionamiento correctas.
— Capacidades y funcionamiento correcto en pendientes y terrenos desparejos.
— Características del frenado y la dirección.
— Radio de giro y separaciones.
— Cómo detener los equipos rápidamente en una emergencia.



Lea y asegúrese de comprender los manuales antes de comenzar la operación

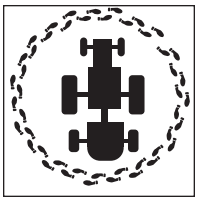
Preparación para una operación segura

Revise los equipos de la cortadora de césped y el tractor

Antes de comenzar la jornada de trabajo, inspeccione la máquina y asegúrese de que todos los sistemas estén en buenas condiciones operacionales.

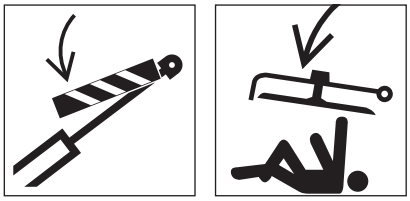
¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite posibles lesiones por aplastamiento producidas por equipos que caen. La falla del sistema hidráulico o de una parte podría causar la caída de equipos que no están apoyados. **No permanezca debajo de equipos elevados excepto que estén correctamente apoyados de acuerdo con el manual del operador.**

— Realice procedimientos de servicio diarios y periódicos según lo indicado por el fabricante del equipo.
— Verifique para detectar piezas faltantes, dañadas, rotas o flojas en el tractor y en la cortadora de césped. Repare o sustituya esas piezas.
— Verifique que los accesorios del tractor y la cortadora sean los correctos.
— Verifique que la clasificación nominal de velocidad de TDF del tractor y la cortadora sea la correcta.
— Verifique el estado de las hojas de la cortadora de césped. Sustituya las hojas que se encuentren gravemente gastadas, dobladas, agujereadas o marcadas; incluya los pernos y sujetadores de las hojas. Nunca enderece o suelde en las hojas.
— Asegúrese de que el escudo para objetos que son arrojados se encuentre correctamente instalado y en buen estado. Repárelo o sustitúyalo si está dañado o falta.



Recorrida de inspección

Realice el mantenimiento de la máquina



Lea el manual – Bloquee o apoye con seguridad la cortadora

Preparación para una operación segura

— Verifique que todos los escudos y guardas estén en su lugar y que todos los equipos se encuentren en buenas condiciones de funcionamiento. Esto incluye la línea motriz de la TDF, la caja de engranajes y las guardas y escudos de los implementos que se usan para proteger al operador.
— Verifique que los dispositivos de bloqueo del extremo en horquilla de la línea motriz estén correctamente enclavados.
— Verifique en busca de sistemas hidráulicos dañados o con fugas en el tractor o la cortadora. Repare o ajuste según sea necesario.

¡ADVERTENCIA! El fluido hidráulico bajo presión puede penetrar la piel o los ojos y causar lesiones graves, ceguera o la muerte. Las fugas de fluido bajo presión pueden no ser visibles. **Utilice un cartón o una madera para buscar fugas, no la mano. Use protección ocular.** Si el fluido se inyecta en la piel, debe ser extraído dentro de las próximas pocas horas por personal médico familiarizado con este tipo de lesión.

— Mantenga la superficie de la plataforma del operador limpia y libre de grasa, aceite, suciedad, nieve o hielo. Los peldaños y asideros deben estar limpios y funcionar correctamente.
— Asegúrese de que las luces de trabajo se mantengan limpias (si están instaladas). Verifique que todas las luces funcionen correctamente.
— Asegúrese de que el letrero de vehículo de movimiento lento, los y las luces de advertencia estén en buenas condiciones y puedan verse claramente.
— Asegúrese de que todas las herramientas y objetos sueltos se retiren o se sujeten con seguridad mientras se opera la máquina.
— Verifique que todos los letreros de seguridad se vean con claridad. Sustituya los letreros dañados.

Revise para detectar/guardas y escudos dañados

Verifique en busca de fugas e inspeccione las mangueras

Aparte las reflectores herramientas

Preparación para una operación segura

Familiarícese con la zona de trabajo

Antes de hacer funcionar la cortadora de césped, inspeccione cuidadosamente la zona de trabajo. Recorra a pie alrededor de la zona e inspeccione las superficies sobre las cuales se desplazará cuando utilice la cortadora.

Recorra a pie alrededor del lugar de trabajo

Localice y evite:

- Agujeros
- Desmoronamientos
- Obstáculos (tocones)
- Excavaciones
- Agua estancada
- Lodo profundo
- Puntos mojados
- Suelo blando
- Puntos irregulares
- Líneas y aparatos eléctricos
- Otros servicios públicos
- Cualquier condición que podría causar una colisión, pérdida de control o vuelco
- Pendientes empinadas

Busque residuos y obstáculos recorriendo a pie la zona antes de cortar. Los objetos como alambre, cable, rocas, neumáticos y metales que podrían dañar o ser arrojados por la cortadora de césped deben retirarse o marcarse claramente y evitarse.

Corrija las condiciones no seguras. No opere en áreas con problemas donde no se puedan retirar o marcar los residuos y los obstáculos.

Analice la zona de corte para determinar:

- El procedimiento de corte más eficiente.
- La altura del material que debe cortarse.
- Las condiciones operativas del terreno.
- Cómo usar mejor el patrón de corte en sentido de avance.
- Las posibilidades de que personas ajenas o que pasan circunstancialmente queden expuestas a objetos que se arrojan.

Retire o marque los residuos y obstáculos

Tenga cuidado con otras personas

Antes de poner en marcha los equipos:

- Recorra a pie alrededor de los equipos.
- Verifique en busca de personas debajo o cerca de los equipos.
- Retire a todas las personas de esas zonas.
- Haga sonar una advertencia.

Preparación para una operación segura

Ascienda y descienda del tractor correctamente

Siempre use contacto de tres puntos al ascender o descender del tractor o de la cortadora de césped. Enfrente la máquina al ingresar o salir de ella. Un contacto de tres puntos significa que tres de los cuatro miembros (brazos y piernas) están en contacto con la máquina en todo momento durante el ascenso y descenso.

Antes de ascender:

- Límpiese el calzado y las manos. Limpie la nieve, el hielo, el lodo o el aceite de los peldaños y asideros.

Durante el ascenso y el descenso:

- Use los asideros y los estribos.
- Nunca se aferre al volante o a los controles como asideros.
- Nunca ascienda o descienda de un tractor en movimiento.
- Nunca ascienda o descienda transportando herramientas u objetos que impidan el contacto de tres puntos. Deje en el piso las piezas o las herramientas. Manteniendo el contacto correcto, suba y, después, recoja el objeto.

Utilice contacto de tres puntos

Limpie las superficies resbaladizas

Preparación para una operación segura

Prueba de seguridad de los controles del tractor y de la cortadora de césped

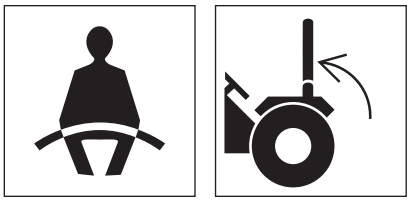
Arranque el tractor siguiendo los procedimientos específicos del manual del operador del fabricante. Estos procedimientos normalmente incluyen:

— Colóquese y ajústese el cinturón de seguridad en el tractor equipado con ROPS.
— Verifique que el freno de estacionamiento esté aplicado.
— Verifique que la TDF esté desenganchada.
— Verifique que todos los controles estén en la posición de estacionamiento.
— Advierta a otras personas en la zona antes de arrancar el tractor.
— Arranque el tractor siguiendo los procedimientos de arranque que recomienda el fabricante del tractor.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite lesiones graves o muertes producidas por el movimiento inesperado de la máquina. **Arranque el motor únicamente desde el puesto del operador. Nunca intente arrancar el motor haciendo un corto entre los bornes del arranque o tomando la llave desde el suelo o desde afuera de la cabina.**

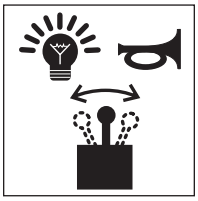
Después del arranque:

— Verifique que todos los instrumentos, indicadores y luces indicadoras funcionen normalmente.
— Verifique que todos los controles, la dirección y los frenos del tractor funcionen correctamente.



Use el ROPS y el cinturón de seguridad

Arranque únicamente desde el asiento del operador



Revise los instrumentos y controles

— Eleve y descienda la cortadora de césped en busca de problemas en el descenso total o el enganche de la línea motriz.
— Verifique los equipos en busca de vibraciones excesivas y ruidos anormales.

Preparación para una operación segura

— Use las prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos antes de inspeccionar equipos. Espere hasta que todo movimiento de los equipos se haya detenido antes de descender del tractor o la cortadora de césped.
— No haga funcionar la cortadora si el tractor y la cortadora de césped no funcionan correctamente. Coloque una etiqueta que indique “No poner en funcionamiento” en la máquina, retire la llave y no haga funcionar la cortadora hasta que el problema se haya corregido.

Sistema de toma de fuerza (TDF)

Asegúrese de hacer funcionar el tractor a la velocidad de TDF indicada para la cortadora.

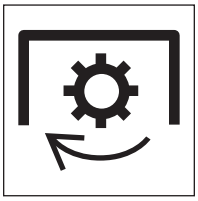
Al hacer funcionar tractores con sistemas de TDF impulsados por transmisión, una cortadora giratoria tiene un significativo efecto de rueda volante. La cortadora puede seguir propulsando un tractor con un sistema de TDF impulsado por transmisión.

El tractor debe estar equipado y funcionar como sigue:

— Instale una línea motriz equipada con un embrague de sobrecarga.
— Prevea suficiente espacio y tiempo para maniobrar anticipando los giros, las paradas y las reducciones de velocidad.

No descienda hasta que el movimiento de los equipos se haya detenido

Use una etiqueta que indique “No poner en funcionamiento”



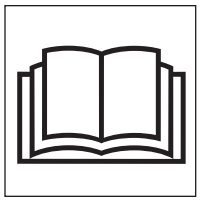
Use la velocidad de la TDF

Preparación para una operación segura

Enganche de la cortadora de césped al tractor

Cortadoras montadas en enganche de tres puntos:

— Consulte los manuales de los fabricantes de la cortadora y del tractor.
— Coloque la palanca selectora de elevación de potencia hidráulica del tractor en la posición descendida para evitar movimientos imprevistos.
— Explique los procedimientos de enganche a los operadores que no puedan leerlos.
— Pueden requerirse pesos en el extremo delantero para mantener el control de la dirección y la estabilidad del extremo delantero. Consulte los manuales del operador de los fabricantes.
— Al hacer retroceder el tractor hasta la cortadora de césped, NUNCA permita que haya personas entre tractor y la cortadora.
— Instale la cortadora en los eslabones de tres puntos del tractor y asegúrela en su lugar con pasadores.
— Instale con seguridad la línea motriz a la TDF del tractor. Descienda el escudo principal hasta su lugar si es móvil. Empuje y tire de la línea motriz para asegurarse de que esté trabada en el vástago de la TDF.



Lea y asegúrese de comprender los manuales antes de comenzar la operación

Mantenga una distribución correcta del peso

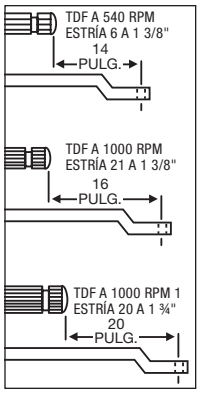
No permita que haya nadie entre el tractor y la cortadora de césped

Evite quedar enredado, use guardas y escudos

Preparación para una operación segura

Cortadoras montadas en enganche tipo de tiro:

— Consulte los manuales de los fabricantes de la cortadora y del tractor.
— Retire el acople rápido del enganche de tres puntos si está instalado.
— Instálelo únicamente al enganche de la barra de tiro.
— Ajuste la longitud de la barra de tiro del tractor para el funcionamiento de la TDF a 540 ó 1000 rpm.
— Al hacer retroceder el tractor hasta la cortadora de césped, NUNCA permita que haya personas entre tractor y la cortadora.
— Instale correctamente la cadena de remolque de seguridad de la cortadora en el tractor.
— Instale con seguridad la línea motriz a la TDF del tractor. Empuje y tire de la línea motriz para asegurarse de que esté trabada en la TDF. Descienda el escudo principal a su lugar.
— Conecte las mangueras hidráulicas de la cortadora de césped en el tractor.
— Asegúrese de que los laterales o las plataformas elevadas de la cortadora estén sostenidas por los cilindros antes de retirar las trabas de transporte. Nunca haga fuerza para soltar las trabas de transporte o de los laterales. Los laterales o la plataforma podrían caerse y aplastarlo.



Ajuste de la barra de tiro del tractor

Confirme que los laterales estén apoyados antes de soltar las trabas

Evite quedar enredado, use guardas y escudos

Arranque con seguridad

Cómo realizar un arranque correcto

Corte la hierba únicamente con luz diurna o en condiciones de buena luz artificial.

Evite lesiones graves o muerte producidas por objetos arrojados por la cortadora o por el contacto con las hojas:
- Mantenga los escudos de las cadenas, los escudos deflectores flexibles o sólidos y las rampas de descarga en su lugar y en buen estado de reparación.
- Mantenga a las personas ajenas a 300 pies (92 m) de la operación de corte.
- Nunca dirija la descarga de la cortadora hacia una persona.
- Mantenga las manos, los pies y otras partes del cuerpo alejadas de las piezas giratorias, las hojas y las aberturas de descarga.
- No haga funcionar la cortadora de césped en la posición de transporte.

No se acerque a una cortadora hasta que todo movimiento se haya detenido.

Enganche de la transmisión de RDF de la cortadora de césped:
- Eleve la cortadora hasta la altura de corte máxima.
- Enganche la TDF a baja velocidad del motor.
- Aumente la velocidad del motor hasta llegar a la velocidad nominal de la TDF.
- Descienda la cortadora hasta la altura de corte deseada.
- Detenga y apague de inmediato si la cortadora golpea contra una obstrucción.
- Inspeccione y repare cualquier daño de la cortadora antes de reanudar el corte.
- No haga funcionar una cortadora que vibra en exceso o produce ruidos anormales.

Hojas giratorias – Manténgase

No ponga en funcionamiento una cortadora de césped dañada

Objetos arrojados por la cortadora de césped

Dependiendo del propósito previsto, las cortadoras están diseñadas para cortar hierba, maleza, broza y cultivos. Las hojas de la cortadora están diseñadas y probadas para uso intensivo. Las hojas de la cortadora, sin embargo, no están diseñadas para entrar en contacto con objetos sólidos como rocas, cemento o metales. Un impacto de este tipo puede arrojar objetos rotos hasta 300 pies (92 m) de distancia. Nunca debe haber personas ajenas a menos de 300 pies (92 m) de una cortadora giratoria en funcionamiento o a menos de 100 pies (30 m) de una cortadora de disco correctamente equipada.

Operación con seguridad

Los escudos de la cortadora están diseñados para reducir el riesgo de objetos arrojados y se deben mantener correctamente y en su lugar durante las operaciones de corte.

El riesgo de lesiones graves o muerte puede reducirse significativamente si se siguen estas reglas. **Si no se siguen todas estas reglas de seguridad, la operación de corte debe detenerse en caso de que alguna persona ingrese dentro del límite de seguridad correspondiente a cada tipo de cortadora.**

Primero — Inspeccione la zona antes de cortar y retire las piedras, ramas, alambres, cables, metales, vidrios y otros objetos sólidos antes de hacer funcionar la máquina. Los objetos que no puedan retirarse deben marcarse con claridad y ser evitados con cuidado por el operador.

En áreas sin cultivos con hierba y maleza de altura suficiente como para ocultar objetos que podrían ser golpeados por las hojas, inspeccione la zona y retire o marque los residuos u obstáculos grandes.

Siga todas las reglas de seguridad

Realice el corte de la zona a una altura intermedia. Inspeccione la zona atentamente y retire o marque cualquier residuo u obstáculo restante. Corte nuevamente a la altura final deseada.

Segundo — Los escudos para objetos arrojados por la cortadora deben usarse cuando se opera cerca de caminos, parques, zonas pobladas u otras zonas donde objetos arrojados podrían lesionar a personas ajenas o dañar la propiedad. Siga el manual del operador del fabricante.

Tercero — Cruce en sentido diagonal cuando realiza el corte a través de zanjas, depresiones marcadas y hundimientos. Eleve la cortadora para evitar que las hojas de la cortadora golpeen el suelo.

Operación con seguridad

Objetos arrojados por la cortadora de césped (continuación)

Cortadoras de disco — Cuando se usa una cortadora de disco, es importante conocer la zona donde se va a cortar. Si el operador ha realizado cortes en el terreno antes y está familiarizado con todos los obstáculos que puede haber, es suficiente observar delante de la trayectoria de la cortadora para detectar cualquier objeto adicional que pueda haber ingresado en el terreno. Esté preparado para detenerse o evitar objetos que podrían ser peligrosos si son arrojados por la cortadora. Si piensa cortar en un terreno que no conoce bien y se encuentra junto a un camino transitado o puede haber personas a menos de 100 pies (30 m) de la cortadora de césped, debe inspeccionar y limpiar o marcar el terreno.

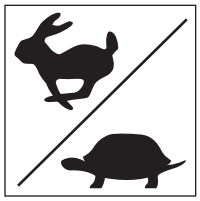
Cómo cortar en retroceso

No corte mientras se desplaza en retroceso. Es más probable que se arrojen objetos y que éstos puedan llegar más lejos.

No corte en retroceso

Apague la TDF, espere que las hojas dejen de girar, eleve la cortadora y, después, retroceda.

Corte desplazándose en sentido de avance.



Use la velocidad de desplazamiento correcta

Velocidad de desplazamiento durante el corte

La velocidad de desplazamiento correcta depende de las condiciones del terreno y del tipo de hierba, la densidad y la altura que debe cortarse:

— El rango normal de velocidad de desplazamiento es de 2 a 5 mph (3.2 a 8 km/h).
— Use una velocidad de desplazamiento menor para cortar hierbas altas y densas.
— Use una velocidad de desplazamiento mayor para cortar hierba delgada a altura media y con condiciones de terreno sin dificultades.
— Use una velocidad de desplazamiento menor par acortar en terreno irregular, con pendientes o no muy conocido.

Las cortadoras de disco están diseñadas para usar velocidades de desplazamiento mayores cuando funcionan en terrenos despejados de residuos y peligros superficiales.

Operación con seguridad

Corte de hierba extremadamente alta

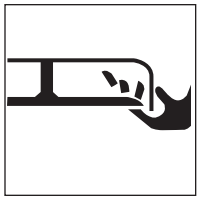
Puede ser necesario cortar dos veces la hierba extremadamente alta que no sea cultivo. (Consulte la página 13, **Objetos arrojados por la cortadora de césped**.)

Primera pasada de corte:

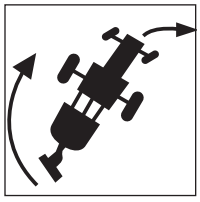
— Apague la cortadora y el tractor usando la práctica correcta de apagado de equipos antes de descender del tractor. (Consulte la página 18, **Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos**.)
— Inspeccione la zona y retire o marque cualquier residuo u obstáculo.
— Corte la hierba a mayor altura (10 a 15 pulg. [25 a 38 cm]) para evitar los objetos ocultos.

Segunda pasada de corte:

— Apague la cortadora y el tractor usando la práctica correcta de apagado de equipos antes de descender del tractor.
— Inspeccione la zona y retire o marque cualquier residuo u obstáculo.
— Corte la hierba a la altura deseada y, de ser posible, a 90 grados con respecto a la primera pasada de corte.



Detenga la hoja antes de desatascar



Proporcione el espacio libre adecuado para la oscilación de la cortadora de césped

Preste atención a los espacios libres de los equipos

Las cortadoras con enganche de tres puntos y montaje lateral tienen un arco de giro mayor que las tipo de tiro. Deje el espacio libre suficiente para la oscilación de la cortadora cuando gira.

No permita que haya personas ajenas cerca del tractor y la cortadora de césped cuando mueve o transporta el tractor y la cortadora.

Operación con seguridad

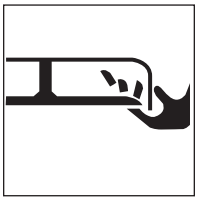
Prácticas de seguridad para la cortadora de césped de montaje inferior

Cuando se traslada con una cortadora de césped de montaje inferior:

— Mantenga la rampa de descarga extraíble en su lugar y por encima de la abertura de descarga.
— Nunca se pare sobre la carcasa de una cortadora de césped cuando el motor del tractor está en funcionamiento.
— Distribuya los recortes de hierba con la rampa de descarga orientada hacia la zona donde se cortó.
— Antes de limpiar una cortadora o una rampa de descarga atascada, apague la máquina usando la práctica correcta para apagado del equipo. (Consulte la página 18, **Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos**.)

Nunca se pare sobre la cortadora de césped – Manténgase alejado

Mantenga la rampa en su lugar



Detenga la hoja antes de desatascar

Operación con seguridad

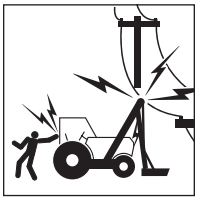
Cortadora de césped con lateral o aguilón Peligros y riesgos de obstrucciones elevadas

Verifique en busca de obstrucciones elevadas con las cortadoras que tienen el lateral o el aguilón elevado, para evitar lesiones graves o la muerte por contacto con:

— Líneas y aparatos eléctricos.
— Ramas bajas de los árboles.
— Otras obstrucciones elevadas.
— Mantenga las distancias especificadas con respecto a los cables y los aparatos eléctricos. Nunca se acerque a cables o aparatos eléctricos energizados con ninguna parte de la máquina, salvo que se hayan tomado todas las precauciones de seguridad locales, estatales/provinciales y federales (OSHA) necesarias. Use extrema precaución.

¡PELIGRO! Evite la electrocución o lesiones graves por contacto o un espacio libre inadecuado con respecto a líneas o aparatos eléctricos energizados. **No permita que la máquina o el accesorio se acerque o entre en contacto con una línea de electricidad. No se acerque ni toque una máquina que esté en contacto con una línea de electricidad.**

No se acerque a líneas de electricidad energizadas



Manténgase alejado de los equipos energizados

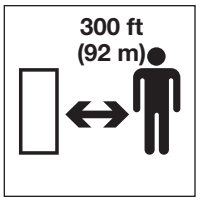
Operación con seguridad

Prácticas de seguridad para cortadoras de césped con laterales y montaje lateral

Las posiciones elevadas de los laterales reducen la protección de los escudos y aumentan los riesgos de objetos arrojados y contacto con las hojas.

Evite la posibilidad de lesiones graves o muerte por objetos arrojados o contacto con las hojas causados por la elevación y el descenso de los laterales durante las operaciones de corte:

— No realice cortes con personas ajenas presentes a menos de 300 pies (92 m) de la cortadora de césped.
— Asegúrese de que no haya personas cerca de la cortadora mientras se elevan o descienden los laterales.
— Apague la TDF y espere hasta que todos los elementos giratorios se hayan detenido antes de elevar la plataforma o la sección lateral de la cortadora.
— Únicamente eleve el lateral para quitar objetos de la trayectoria de corte o para acompañar una pendiente del terreno.
— Descienda hasta el suelo el lateral elevado una vez que se eliminó el objeto o se superó la pendiente.
— Detenga el trabajo de corte si alguna persona se acerca a menos de 300 pies (92 m) de la zona de corte.



Mantenga a las personas ajenas alejadas de la zona de corte

Evite golpear obstrucciones

Prácticas de seguridad para trabajos de corte en orillas de zanjas

Use extremo cuidado al realizar cortes en orillas de zanjas. Preste atención a escurrimientos, zonas erosionadas y obstrucciones para el corte a lo largo de las orillas de zanjas. Si se golpean obstrucciones con cortadoras de montaje lateral o con aguilón, el extremo delantero del tractor puede desviarse hacia la zanja.

Operación con seguridad

Los trabajos en orillas de zanjas con aguilón y lateral elevado pueden reducir la eficacia de la protección del operador de la cortadora que proporcionan los escudos para objetos arrojados.

Utilice cabinas cerradas con ROPS o cerramientos de protección

— Cuando realice estas operaciones, use cabinas cerradas con ROPS, cerramientos protectores especiales y otros escudos para el operador que ofrece el fabricante.
— Inspeccione la zona de corte y retire o marque todos los objetos extraños y los residuos que deberá esquivar la cortadora.

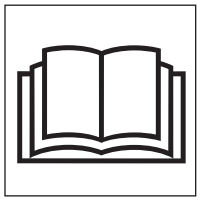
Prácticas de seguridad para trabajos de corte en terrenos desparejos

Las pendientes y los terrenos desparejos reducen la estabilidad del tractor y de la cortadora.

Como en todas las condiciones de corte, use tractores equipados con ROPS y cinturón de seguridad. **Asegúrese de que el ROPS está elevado y trabado en su lugar y use siempre el cinturón de seguridad.**

Prevenga los vuelcos del tractor y de la cortadora de césped y mantenga controlada la estabilidad de los equipos:

— Repase los manuales del operador del tractor y de la cortadora para ver las prácticas de seguridad para operaciones en pendientes y terrenos desparejos. Explique las prácticas a los operadores que no puedan leerlas.
— Evite trabajar en pendientes extremadamente empinadas.



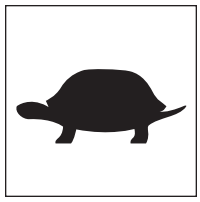
Lea y asegúrese de comprender los manuales antes de comenzar la operación

Use el ROPS y el cinturón de seguridad

Operación con seguridad

Prácticas de seguridad para trabajos de corte en terrenos desparejos (continuación)

— Use extremo cuidado para mantener el control de los equipos cuando trabaja en estas condiciones.
— Aumente la estabilidad del tractor agregando pesos o lastre en las ruedas y aumentando al máximo la separación entre las ruedas. Consulte las recomendaciones en el manual del operador.
— Mantenga la velocidad de desplazamiento en el mínimo.
— Realice giros amplios y graduales.
— Evite los arranques, las paradas y los giros bruscos cuando trabaje en subidas o bajadas de pendientes o sobre ellas.
— **No** levante del suelo las cortadoras de montaje trasero o de montaje lateral ni los laterales de la cortadora durante estas operaciones.
— Manténganse alerta en busca de agujeros, baches, pozos, tocones u otras obstrucciones que podrían hacer volcar la máquina.
— Evite las condiciones de suelo resbaladizo que podrían causar la pérdida de control y el vuelco del tractor y la cortadora.
— Evite bajar completamente y golpear el suelo cuando cruza en sentido diagonal depresiones marcadas y hundimientos.



Mantenga el control, desplácese

Agregue lastre, ensanche la separación entre las ruedas

Evite los pozos, baches y agujeros

Use extremo cuidado al mantener la estabilidad de los equipos durante todos los trabajos de corte en terrenos desparejos y pendientes. Usted es quien juzga en última instancia si en cualquier pendiente se puede trabajar con seguridad.

Operación con seguridad

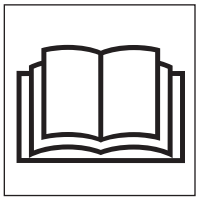
Prácticas de seguridad para el transporte en caminos

Antes de operar en la vía pública:
— Consulte los manuales del operador de los fabricantes de la cortadora y del tractor para ver instrucciones.
— Explique las instrucciones a los usuarios u operadores que no puedan leerlas.
— Verifique las ordenanzas locales sobre marcas, luces, balizas, etc. requeridas en los equipos durante el desplazamiento por la vía pública. Se requieren luces en las cortadoras que obstaculizan la visibilidad de las luces traseras y/o las luces de advertencia del tractor.
— Cuando transporte la cortadora de césped en un remolque, siga las instrucciones detalladas del fabricante para la carga, el amarre y la descarga de la cortadora.

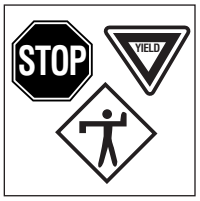
Antes de transportar en la vía pública:
— Desconecte la alimentación de la TDF a la cortadora.
— Eleve la cortadora a la posición de transporte y aplique la traba para transporte.
— Trabe los laterales de la cortadora de césped en la posición de transporte con dispositivos de bloqueo aprobados.
— Instale una cadena de seguridad para remolque entre la cortadora tipo de tiro y el tractor.
— Asegúrese de que las luces, las luces de advertencia y los reflectores están en su lugar y son visibles.
— Verifique que el emblema de vehículo de movimiento le resulte visible a cualquier vehículo que se aproxime por atrás.

Durante el transporte en la vía pública:
— Obedezca todas las ordenanzas de tránsito locales.
— Acérquese a las intersecciones con precaución.
— Observe los letreros de velocidad y control del tránsito.
— Evite las paradas de emergencia y los giros cerrados.

Sea un operador amable y apártese periódicamente para dejar pasar el tránsito.



Lea y asegúrese de comprender los manuales antes de comenzar la operación



Obedezca las ordenanzas de tránsito

Estacionamiento seguro

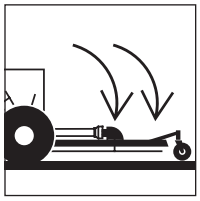
Prácticas de seguridad para el estacionamiento

— Use las zonas designadas o alejadas del tránsito.
— Use lugares con suelo firme y nivelado.
— Aplique el freno de estacionamiento.
— Descienda el equipo de la cortadora de césped hasta el suelo.

Apague la cortadora y el tractor usando la práctica correcta de apagado de equipos antes de descender del tractor. (Consulte la página 18, **Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos**.)

Lugares de estacionamiento con suelo en pendiente:
— Ubique los equipos transversalmente con respecto a la pendiente.
— Aplique los frenos de estacionamiento.
— Descienda el equipo de la cortadora de césped hasta el suelo.
— Bloquee las ruedas del tractor.

Aplique el freno de estacionamiento



Descienda los equipos elevados hasta el suelo

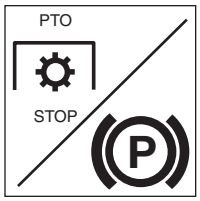
Antes de estacionar temporalmente y dejar equipos deshabilitados cerca de zonas con tránsito:
— Retire los equipos de la vía pública.
— Instale banderas de advertencia.
— Use las balizas de advertencia del tractor.

Apagado con seguridad

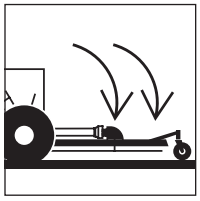
Prácticas correctas de apagado de los equipos

Transforme el apagado correcto de los equipos en un hábito.

El apagado correcto de un tractor y una cortadora de césped puede ayudar a evitar accidentes cuando la cortadora está sin vigilancia. Apague la cortadora siguiendo los procedimientos específicos del manual del operador del fabricante. Estos procedimientos normalmente incluirán:
— Reduzca la velocidad del motor.
— Desenganche el embrague de la TDF y la transmisión.
— Haga funcionar el motor en ralentí para que se enfríe gradualmente.
— Coloque todos los controles en la posición de estacionamiento.
— Aplique el freno de estacionamiento.
— Descienda la cortadora de césped hasta el suelo.
— Descienda los laterales de las cortadoras con laterales hasta el suelo.
— Apague el motor, trabe la ignición y retire la llave de la máquina; llévela con usted.
— Espere hasta que todas las piezas móviles se hayan detenido antes de descender.
— Libere la presión hidráulica moviendo los controles hidráulicos varias veces en todas las direcciones.
— Trabe las cubiertas y los cerramientos antivandalismo, si están instalados, cuando los equipos están sin vigilancia.
— Descienda con cuidado manteniendo contacto de tres puntos.

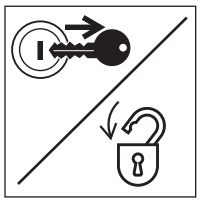


Desenganche la TDF, aplique el freno



Descienda los equipos elevados hasta el suelo

Espere hasta que las piezas giratorias se detengan



Retire la llave, trabe la ignición, llévese la llave

Apagado con seguridad

Descenso correcto

— Nunca descienda de equipos en movimiento.
— Nunca baje de una máquina saltando.
— Descienda con cuidado.
— Verifique que no haya peldaños resbaladizos.
— Mantenga los pies y las manos lejos de los controles.
— Use los asideros y los peldaños durante el descenso.
— Enfrente la máquina y use contacto de tres puntos (2 manos y 1 pie o 2 pies y 1 mano).

Espere hasta que las piezas móviles se detengan

Use contacto de tres puntos; enfrente a la máquina

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Mantenimiento de los equipos

Realice el mantenimiento de los equipos

Asegúrese de mantener los equipos de acuerdo con las instrucciones del fabricante. Verifique con regularidad el funcionamiento de los dispositivos de protección y de seguridad.

No realice ningún trabajo en un tractor o en una cortadora de césped si no está autorizado y cualificado para hacerlo.

Si ha sido autorizado para realizar mantenimiento, **lea los manuales del operador y de servicios**. Estudie las instrucciones; verifique las tablas de lubricación; examine todos los mensajes de instrucciones que haya sobre la máquina. El mantenimiento puede ser peligroso si no se realiza correctamente. Asegúrese de tener las habilidades necesarias, la información y las herramientas y equipos correctos para realizar el trabajo.

¡ADVERTENCIA! No modifique equipos ni agregue componentes no aprobados por el fabricante. Use piezas, lubricantes y técnicas de servicio recomendadas por el fabricante.

Piezas de la cortadora de césped y seguridad personal

Los fabricantes de cortadoras de césped usan sujetadores y específicos y piezas especialmente diseñadas para cumplir con los requisitos de las operaciones de las cortadoras. Las piezas críticas (pernos autobloqueantes de las hojas, hojas, pasadores, escudos y otros componentes especiales) tienen requisitos específicos de resistencia, diseño y ajuste para la marca y el modelo de cortadora que usted está usando.

Evite posibles lesiones graves o la muerte por el uso de piezas o modificaciones no aprobadas:
— No sustituya con tornillería común los pernos de las hojas u otros componentes de piezas especiales originales del fabricante.
— No sustituya hojas, pasadores, escudos u otras piezas críticas.
— No use pernos de mayor resistencia para reemplazar los pernos de seguridad originales del fabricante.

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Preparación personal

Use la ropa de protección personal y los equipos de protección personal (PPE) que se le proporcionen o que requieran las condiciones del trabajo. **SIEMPRE** debe usar gafas de seguridad con escudos laterales.

Puede necesitar también:
— Casco
— Calzado de seguridad
— Anteojos de seguridad, antiparras o protección facial
— Delantal y guantes
— Protección para oídos
— Casco o antiparras para soldar
— Respirador o máscara con filtro

Use la ropa necesaria; no corra ningún riesgo.

Mantenga las manos (y la ropa)alejadas de todas las piezas móviles. No use cordones sueltos, mangas flojas, anillos, relojes o cabello largo.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite lesiones graves o muerte por enredos. **No use ropa floja ni accesorios. Manténgase alejado de todos los componentes giratorios cuando el motor está en funcionamiento.** El contacto, el enrollado o el enredo con piezas giratorias o móviles podrían resultar en lesiones graves o la muerte.

Evite las piezas giratorias

Evite puntos donde pueda quedar atrapado

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Use un delantal de caucho y guantes de caucho cuando trabaja con sustancias corrosivas. Use guantes y calzado de seguridad cuando manipula bloques de madera o metales con bordes agudos.

Use siempre anteojos de seguridad, antiparras o protección facial. Proporcionan protección ocular para fluidos bajo presión, mientras se esmerila y se realizan servicios a las baterías. También es necesaria protección contra residuos, líquidos y material suelto producido por el equipo, las herramientas y el aire/agua presurizada.

Use protección facial y siga las instrucciones del fabricante cuando desarma componentes cargados a resorte o cuando trabaja con ácidos de batería. Use un casco o antiparras para soldar con filtro esfumado cuando suelda o corta con soplete.

No arene, esmerile, corte con soplete o suelde sin un respirador aprobado por NIOSH o una ventilación adecuada. Si se requiere soldar en esta máquina, consulte los manuales del operador o de servicios del fabricante o consulte al concesionario de los equipos para obtener los procedimientos correctos.

Mantenga los bolsillos sin objetos que podrían salirse y caer dentro de la maquinaria.

Limpie las superficies resbaladizas

Ventile la zona de trabajo

Maneje las herramientas y las piezas pesadas con sensatez con respecto a usted mismo y a otras personas. Deposite los elementos, no los deje caer.

Preparación de la zona de trabajo

— Ubique la cortadora de césped en una zona nivelada fuera del paso de otros equipos en funcionamiento.
— Asegúrese de que haya luz, ventilación y espacio libre adecuados.
— Quite el aceite, la grasa o el agua para eliminar toda superficie resbaladiza.
— Limpie alrededor de la zona donde se realizarán servicios para minimizar la contaminación.

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Preparación de la máquina

Deben controlarse o reducirse las fuentes de energía almacenada (eléctricas, mecánicas, hidráulicas, neumáticas, químicas, térmicas, etc.) al mínimo practicable antes de realizar cualquier procedimiento de mantenimiento, reparación o servicio.

Prácticas de seguridad para prevenir posibles lesiones por fuentes que liberan energía:

— Desenganche la TDF antes de apagar el motor.
— Coloque los controles en la posición de estacionamiento o punto muerto antes de apagar el motor.
— Aplique el freno de estacionamiento o bloquee las ruedas.
— Espere hasta que todas las piezas móviles se detengan.
— Descienda la cortadora de césped hasta el suelo.
— Descienda los laterales de las cortadoras con laterales hasta el suelo.
— Apague el motor del tractor.
— Libere la presión del sistema hidráulico moviendo los controles varias veces en todas las direcciones.
— Trabe la ignición, retire la llave y llévesela.

Prepare los sistemas de la máquina para realizarles servicios

— Escuche y observe en busca de evidencias que indiquen piezas en movimiento antes de descender.
— Apoye o bloquee con seguridad la cortadora de césped antes de trabajar debajo de ella o de otros componentes elevados.
— Apoye, bloquee o trabe con seguridad los laterales de la cortadora con dispositivos de traba aprobados antes de trabajar cerca o debajo de una cortadora con laterales.
— Alivie la presión antes de desconectar o desarmar un sistema presurizado.
— Bloquee o alivie la presión de los resortes antes de desarmar un mecanismo cargado a resorte.
— Apoye o bloquee con seguridad cualquier componente elevado de la máquina antes de trabajar en él.
— Evite las llamas, las chispas y no fume cerca de combustibles, fluido hidráulico u otro material inflamable como los residuos de los cortes.

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Fije una etiqueta con la advertencia “NO PONER EN FUNCIONAMIENTO” en todas las palancas de control y retire la llave de contacto si la cortadora de césped no debe ser utilizada. Llévese la llave.

Instale dispositivos de apoyo aprobados cuando trabaja debajo o cerca de equipos elevados.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Las cortadoras de césped u otros equipos elevados no apoyados pueden caerse de manera imprevista. **Nunca se introduzca debajo de equipos elevados si no están apoyados en dispositivos de apoyo aprobados.** La caída de equipos podría resultar en una lesión grave o la muerte por aplastamiento.

Retire sólo las guardas o cubiertas que permiten acceder a la zona donde se realizarán servicios. Vuelva a colocar todas las guardas y cubiertas cuando el trabajo esté terminado.

Use una “etiqueta que indique No poner en funcionamiento”

Utilice dispositivos de apoyo aprobados

Vuelva a colocar todas las guardas

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Use ventilación adecuada

Si es necesario hacer funcionar un motor en una zona cerrada, elimine del área las emanaciones de escape con una extensión del caño de escape. Si no tiene esa extensión, asegúrese de abrir las puertas y dejar entrar aire del exterior.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite posibles lesiones. **Nunca trabaje en la maquinaria con el motor en funcionamiento salvo que así lo indiquen los manuales del fabricante para un servicio en particular.**

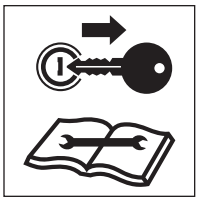
¡ADVERTENCIA! Nunca haga funcionar ningún tipo de motor sin la ventilación adecuada: LAS EMANACIONES DEL ESCAPE PUEDEN SER MORTALES.

Use gatos y malacates con cuidado

Los soportes o bloques de seguridad deben ubicarse en una parte rígida de la cortadora. No ubique soportes debajo de ejes o apoyos de ruedas que puedan girar.

Si debe trabajar debajo de equipos elevados, siempre use bloques de madera (**no de concreto**), soportes de gato u otros soportes rígidos y estables. Cuando use gatos o malacates, siempre asegúrese de que están correctamente apoyados.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite posibles lesiones por aplastamiento. **Nunca use bloques de concreto para apoyo.** Pueden colapsar bajo cargas incluso livianas.



Retire la llave y lea el manual de mantenimiento

Ventile la zona de trabajo

Use un apoyo adecuado para los equipos elevados

Asegúrese de que los malacates o gatos que usa estén en buenas condiciones. Nunca use gatos con piezas rajadas, dobladas o retorcidas. Nunca use cables pelados, retorcidos o pellizcados. Nunca use ganchos doblados o deformados.

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Prácticas de seguridad para tareas de mantenimiento comunes

Riesgos del combustible

¡ADVERTENCIA! Siempre use recipientes y/o equipos de distribución de combustible aprobados.

Los combustibles son inflamables; por eso, debe cumplir estas prácticas con el fin de reducir la posibilidad de un accidente grave.

- — Apague el motor y la ignición mientras carga combustible.
- — Siempre conecte a tierra la boquilla de combustible contra el cuello de llenado del depósito para evitar chispas.
- — Mantenga las chispas y llamas abiertas alejadas del combustible.
- — No fume mientras carga combustible o manipula recipientes con combustible.
- — No corte ni suelde en líneas, tanques o recipientes de combustible ni cerca de ellos.
- — No llene el depósito en exceso o derrame combustible. Limpie el combustible derramado de inmediato.

Riesgos del refrigerante de motor

Los sistemas de refrigeración con líquidos acumulan presión a medida que el motor se calienta; **tenga suma precaución antes** de retirar la tapa del radiador. Asegúrese de:

- — Detener el motor y esperar que el sistema se enfríe.
- — Usar ropa de protección y anteojos de seguridad.
- — Girar la tapa del radiador lentamente hasta el primer tope para permitir que la presión escape antes de retirar la tapa por completo.

No fumar; evitar las llamas abiertas

Retire la tapa del radiador lentamente

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Riesgos del sistema hidráulico

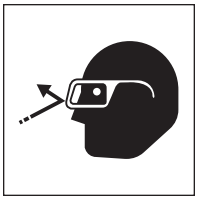
El sistema hidráulico se encuentra bajo presión siempre que el motor está funcionando; puede conservar presión incluso después de apagar el motor. Haga funcionar todos los controles hidráulicos incluyendo el control hidráulico auxiliar después de que el motor esté apagado. Alivie la presión atrapada en las líneas después de que los accesorios están apagados y apoyados en el suelo.

Durante la inspección del sistema hidráulico:
— Espere que el fluido se enfríe antes de desconectar las líneas. El fluido hidráulico caliente puede causar QUEMADURAS GRAVES.
— **No** use las manos para verificar la presencia de fugas. En cambio, use un cartón o papel para buscar fugas.
— Use protección ocular adecuada. El fluido hidráulico puede causar lesiones oculares permanentes.

¡ADVERTENCIA! El fluido hidráulico bajo presión pueden penetrar la piel o los ojos y causar lesiones graves, ceguera o la muerte. Las fugas de fluido bajo presión pueden no ser visibles. **Utilice un cartón o una madera para buscar fugas, no la mano. Use una protección facial o antiparras de seguridad para proteger los ojos.** Si el fluido se inyecta en la piel, debe ser extraído dentro de las próximas pocas horas por personal médico familiarizado con este tipo de lesión.

Cuando ventila o llena el sistema hidráulico, afloje la tapa de llenado con lentitud y retírela gradualmente.

Nunca restablezca una válvula de alivio del sistema hidráulico a una presión mayor que la recomendada por el fabricante.



Use protección ocular

El fluido a alta presión puede inyectarse en el cuerpo

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Riesgos del sistema eléctrico

Antes de trabajar en el sistema eléctrico, desconecte los cables de la batería.
— Retire primero los cables negativos (-) de la batería.
— Al reconectar la batería, conecte los cables negativos (-) de la batería al final.

El líquido del interior de las baterías contiene ácido, que es un VENENO y puede causar QUEMADURAS QUÍMICAS GRAVES.

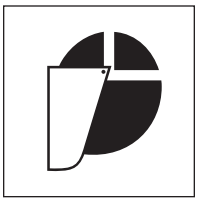
Evite lesiones

— Use una protección facial para evitar el contacto con los ojos.
— Use guantes y ropa resistentes a los productos químicos para mantener al electrolito alejado de la piel y la ropa común.

¡ADVERTENCIA! El contacto con el electrolito daña los ojos y la piel. **Siempre use una protección facial para evitar que el electrolito penetre en los ojos.** Si el electrolito entra en contacto con los ojos, enjuague de inmediato con agua limpia y busque atención médica.

Use guantes de caucho y ropa de protección para mantener el electrolito lejos de la piel. Si el electrolito entra en contacto con la piel o la ropa, lave de inmediato con agua limpia.

Si se ingiere, busque atención médica de inmediato. NUNCA proporcione líquidos que induzcan el vómito.



Use protección facial

Use indumentaria de protección

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Evite explosiones

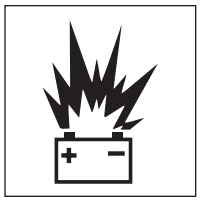
¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite posibles lesiones graves por explosiones. Las baterías de plomo-ácido producen gases sumamente explosivos, especialmente durante la carga. **Mantenga alejados los arcos, las chispas, las llamas y el tabaco encendido.**

— **No** fume cerca de las baterías.
— Mantenga los arcos, las chispas y llamas abiertas alejadas de las baterías.
— Proporcione ventilación adecuada.

Nunca revise la batería colocando un objeto metálico entre los bornes: la chispa resultante podría causar una explosión.

¡ADVERTENCIA! Evite posibles lesiones graves por explosiones de baterías. **No cargue baterías ni arranque con refuerzo el motor si la batería está congelada.** Caliente a 60 °F (15,5 °C) o la batería puede explotar y causar lesiones graves.

Reglas de seguridad durante el arranque con refuerzo de batería:
— Siga las instrucciones para el “arranque con refuerzo de batería” correcto como se especifica en el manual del fabricante.
— Asegúrese de que las máquinas no se estén tocando.
— Observe la polaridad de las baterías y conexiones.
— Realice la conexión final de cable al motor o al punto de tierra más alejado de la batería. Nunca realice la conexión final en el arrancador o la batería muerta: las chispas pueden encender gases explosivos presentes en la batería.
— Cuando desconecta cables después de un arranque con puente, retire los cables en el orden inverso al de la conexión (es decir, la conexión final primero).



Evite las chispas y las llamas abiertas cerca de las baterías

Para el arranque con refuerzo, observe la polaridad y realice la conexión final en el punto de descarga a tierra

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

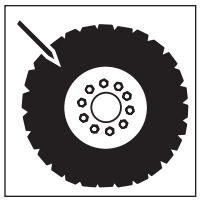
Mantenimiento de neumáticos y ruedas

Revise los neumáticos y las ruedas a diario porque la estabilidad del tractor y la cortadora de césped puede verse significativamente afectada por la presión de los neumáticos o daños en los neumáticos o en las ruedas.

Revise los neumáticos para verificar:
— La presión correcta.
— Cortes y protuberancias.
— Clavos u otras pinchaduras.
— Desgaste desparejo o excesivo.
— Estado de los vástagos y tapas de las válvulas.

Revise las ruedas para verificar:
— Daños en las llantas.
— Tuercas o pernos faltantes o flojos.
— Desalineación.

Todos los servicios de neumáticos deben ser realizados por un centro de servicios para neumáticos cualificado o por una persona de servicio autorizada debidamente capacitada en los procedimientos y el uso del equipo de seguridad destinado a los servicios de neumáticos.



Revise los neumáticos y las ruedas en busca de daños

Mantenga la presión correcta en los neumáticos

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Mantenimiento de neumáticos y ruedas (continuación)

¡ADVERTENCIA! Los tipos de ruedas y neumáticos que generalmente se encuentran en estos equipos requieren cuidados especiales al realizar servicios para evitar lesiones graves o la muerte.

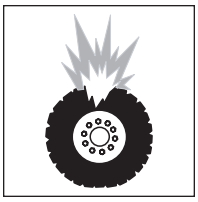
No infle los neumáticos por encima de la presión recomendada. Asegúrese de volver a colocar el lastre de los neumáticos si está instalado. Consulte las especificaciones del fabricante para ver los requisitos de lastre.

Mantenga las tuercas de las ruedas apretadas según las recomendaciones del fabricante.

Es normal que la presión de los neumáticos aumente durante el funcionamiento; NO se debe reducir.

Nunca vuelva a inflar un neumático que se ha desinflado mucho o por completo sin retirar el neumático de la rueda. Haga inspeccionar atentamente el neumático y la rueda para detectar daños antes de volverlos a armar.

Al agregar aire a un neumático, hágalo desde cierta distancia. Use una manguera larga con mandril de autofijación. Siempre párese detrás de la trocha cuando ajusta la presión de un neumático.



Evite la explosión de los neumáticos

No infle neumáticos con gases inflamables o con sistemas que usan un inyector de alcohol.

Nunca corte o suelde una rueda con un neumático inflado instalado en ella. Esto podría causar descompresión explosiva.

Verifique que el tamaño del neumático y la rueda coincidan correctamente.

Cuando reemplaza neumáticos, asegúrese de que sean de la clasificación adecuada especificada por el fabricante.

Los neumáticos no deben funcionar a velocidades más altas que las nominales. La mayoría de los neumáticos para agricultura están clasificados para una velocidad máxima de 20 mph (32 km/h).

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Servicio y reparaciones completas antes de liberar la máquina

Apriete todos los pernos, accesorios y conexiones con las torsiones especificadas por el fabricante.

Instale todas las guardas, cubiertas y escudos después de realizar los servicios. Reemplace o repare los que estén dañados. Llene y recargue los sistemas a presión sólo con los fluidos aprobados o recomendados por el fabricante.

Arranque el motor y revise para detectar fugas. (Consulte la página 23, **Riesgos del sistema hidráulico**.) Haga funcionar todos los controles para asegurarse de que el tractor y la cortadora de césped funcionan correctamente. Pruebe la máquina si es necesario. Después de las pruebas, apague y verifique el trabajo realizado. ¿Falta algún pasador, arandela, tuerca de seguridad, etc.? Vuelva a revisar todos los niveles de fluidos antes de liberar la máquina para el funcionamiento.

Todas las piezas deben ser inspeccionadas durante la reparación y deben reemplazarse si están gastadas, rajadas o dañadas. Las piezas excesivamente gastadas o dañadas pueden fallar y causar lesiones o la muerte.

Reemplace cualquier letrero dañado o ilegible.

Verifique el trabajo de servicio cuando está completo

Mantenimiento de las hojas de la cortadora

No corra riesgos usando hojas dañadas o dobladas. Los fabricantes de cortadoras de césped de la Asociación de Fabricantes de Equipos (Association of Equipment Manufacturers, AEM) y la Asociación de Fabricantes de Equipos para Agricultura (Farm Equipment Manufacturers Association, FEMA) piden que las hojas de cortadoras NO se reutilicen, enderecen, refuercen en su superficie o suelden. Si una hoja rota es arrojada por una cortadora, podrían producirse lesiones graves o la muerte.

Realización de mantenimiento con seguridad

Mantenimiento de las hojas de la cortadora (continuación)

— **¿Cómo están hechas las hojas de la cortadora de césped?** Están hechas acero para resortes de aleación de alta resistencia. Se forjan en caliente y se les da forma para cumplir con las especificaciones individuales del fabricante; luego, se tratan y templan a un estado dúctil, de alta resistencia para reducir la posibilidad de rupturas durante el corte. Las hojas se prueban para garantizar que cumplan con las normas de resistencia, dureza y ductilidad. Si una hoja no cumple con alguna de estas especificaciones, no se utilizará en la cortadora de césped.

— **¿Qué sucede cuando se dobla una hoja de la cortadora?** Se necesita una gran fuerza de impacto para doblar la hoja. Esta fuerza de impacto a menudo resulta en que las hojas se agujerean o marcan. Una vez que una hoja está dañada por un agujero o una marca, es mucho más probable que ocurra una falla de la hoja. Cuando una hoja está gravemente doblada, puede crearse una rajadura microscópica en ella. Enderezar la hoja no quita o repara esta rajadura, sino que puede causar rajaduras adicionales.Tensiones adicionales durante los trabajos de corte pueden resultar en una falla imprevista de la hoja.

— **Evite doblar las hojas.** Contribuya a prevenir que las hojas de la cortadora se doblen o rajen evitando el contacto con objetos sólidos. Las hojas de la cortadora de césped están destinadas a cortar hierba, arbustos, vegetación leñosa y árboles y ramas pequeños. No están diseñadas para entrar en contacto con objetos sólidos como roca, cemento o postes de acero. Inspeccione la zona antes de usar la cortadora. Retire o marque claramente los objetos sólidos y corte alrededor de ellos.

— **Sustituya las hojas dañadas!** Inspeccione las hojas de la cortadora diariamente o después de golpear algún objeto sólido. Si una hoja de la cortadora de césped se daña (está doblada, agujereada, rajada) o desgasta más del 25 por ciento del tamaño original, debe retirarse y sustituirse con una nueva. Siempre use las hojas originales del fabricante. Las hojas de marcas no originales pueden no cumplir con los requisitos de resistencia, dureza y ductilidad del fabricante de la cortadora.

— **No corra riesgos usando hojas dañadas o dobladas.** El uso de una hoja de cortadora dañada o enderezada puede resultar en la ruptura de la hoja y que la hoja sea arrojada hacia el operador o una persona ajena causando una lesión grave o la muerte. El precio de una nueva hoja es bajo en comparación con la posibilidad de una lesión grave que podría resultar de una hoja doblada o rota arrojada por la cortadora

Palabras finales para el usuario

Acaba de terminar de leer el Manual de la cortadora de césped industrial y para agricultura AEM. Es imposible que este manual abarque todas las situaciones de seguridad que se podría encontrar a diario. Su conocimiento de estas precauciones de seguridad y de su cumplimiento de las reglas básicas de seguridad contribuirán a formar un buen juicio en todas las situaciones. Nuestro objetivo es ayudarlo a desarrollar, establecer y mantener buenos hábitos de seguridad para que la operación de una cortadora de césped industrial y para agricultura le resulte más fácil y más segura.

Éste es otro manual de una serie publicada por AEM sobre la operación de maquinaria en condiciones de seguridad. Muchas de las ilustraciones de este manual de seguridad se pueden encontrar y descargar en http://pictorials.aem.org. Para obtener publicaciones adicionales, visite nuestro sitio web en www.safetymaterials.org.

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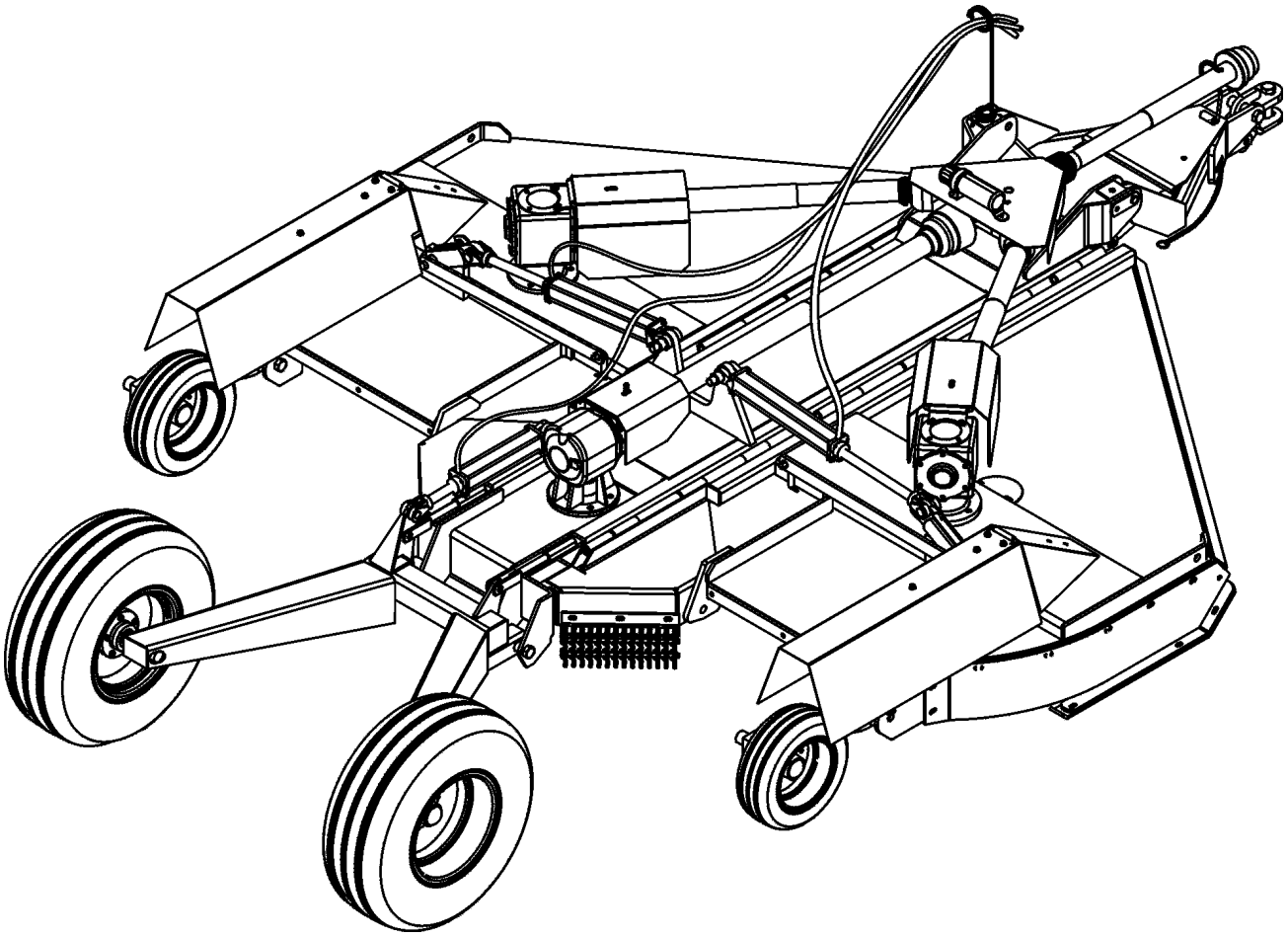
INTRODUCTION SECTION

INTRODUCTION



Your heavy-duty Cutter is designed primarily for weed, grass, and brush to 3-1/2" diameter. With proper maintenance as described in this manual, your Cutter will provide you with years of dependable service with a minimum of repairs.

It is recommended that all operators of this implement read this manual or be instructed of its contents as to safety, proper operation, and maintenance before beginning operation.

Your Cutter has been assembled for operation with a tractor PTO input speed of 540. This machine is recommended for use with tractors rated 50 HP (37kW) to 120 HP (75kW) for 540 RPM drive.

When ordering parts for the Gearboxes and the Drivelines, be sure to specify the serial number. The serial number is located outside of the right Tongue attaching Plate on the center Mainframe section.

Chain Guards are extra equipment. Deflectors, Driveline Integral Shields, and Gearbox Shields are standard equipment and are to be used at all times.

To place the warranty into effect, fill out the warranty card in full, giving all the requested information, and mail promptly. Be sure to give the serial number of this Cutter.

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ASSEMBLY SECTION

ASSEMBLY

Set up mower as received from factory with these instructions. Refer to Parts Listing Section for further information when necessary.

Select a suitable working area. Open parts box and lay out parts to make location easy. Refer to parts listing and exploded view drawings in the Parts Listing Section and the packing list.

Cut all wire ties, including those on blades if present.

This mower is shipped partially assembled. Assembly will be easier if components are aligned and loosely assembled before tightening hardware. Refer to Torque Chart when tightening hardware.

Position Center Section on a flat surface. Elevate approximately 10 inches from ground to permit the installation of Wing Sections.

BLADE CARRIER AND BLADES

The Frame sections are shipped from the factory without the Blades attached to the Blade Carrier to prevent damage to Blades and Blade Carrier. Optional Straight or Fan Blades are available.

WARNING Do not install Blades or do any work under the Cutter sections unless the section(s) are safely and securely blocked or latched in place.

The Blade Bolts must be tightened to 300 ft. lbs. torque before operating. NOTE: Blade Bolts have left-hand threads.

To insure proper installation, check to see that Blade cutting surfaces are correct for counterclockwise rotation on the Center Section and on the Left Wing Blade Carrier. See **Figure 1**. (Clockwise on Right Wing)

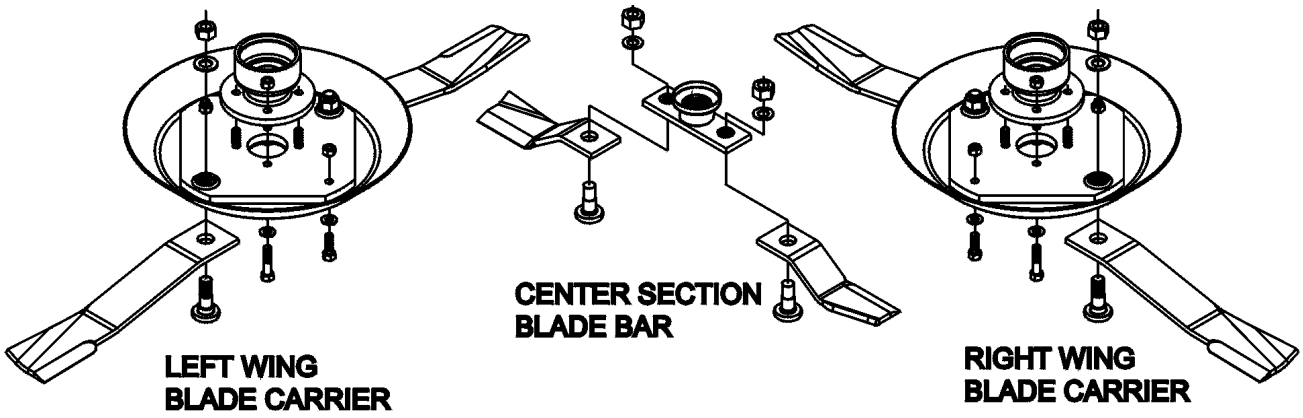

FIGURE 1 Blade Carrier

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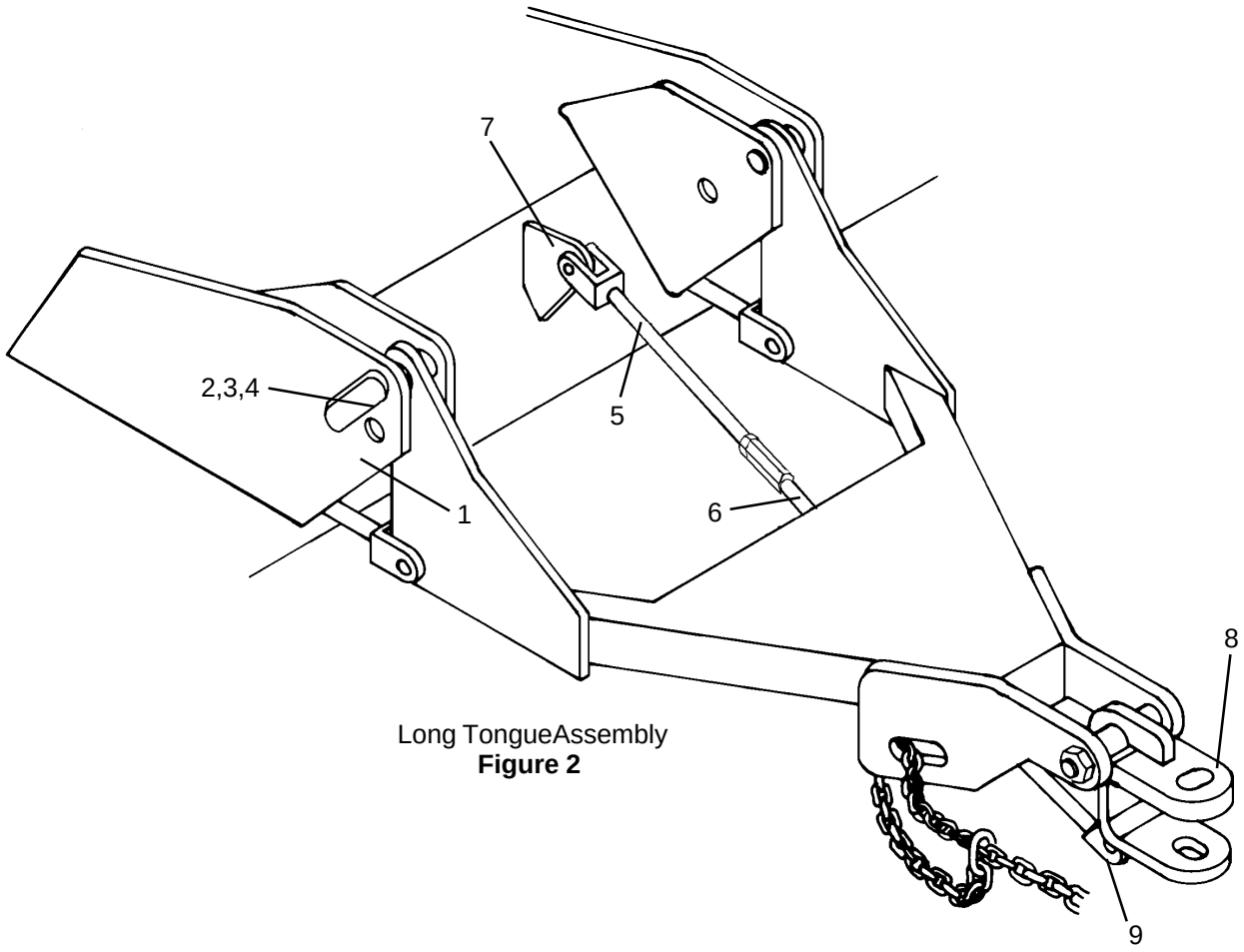
TONGUE ATTACHMENT

Long Tongue (Figure 2)

To assemble the long tongue. Align the lugs of the tongue with the top holes of the mainframe hitch plate (1). Insert the pivot pin (2) and fasten with 2 - 3/8" x 1 1/4" bolt (3) and 3/8" locknut (4). To assemble the control rod insert a jam nut to the short rod (5), then insert the short rod (5) into the long rod (6). Align the hole of the short control rod (5) to the top hole of the center lug on the mainframe (7). Insert pin and lock with cotter pins. Align the hole of the long rod (6) to the clevis hitch (8) and insert pin with cotter pin (9).



Long TongueAssembly
Figure 2

CENTER AXLE ATTACHMENT- & NON LEVEL LIFT

Install Center Axle (1) to lugs (2) at rear of Center Section with (2) 1" x 7" lg. bolts (3), and locknuts (4). **Figure 3.**

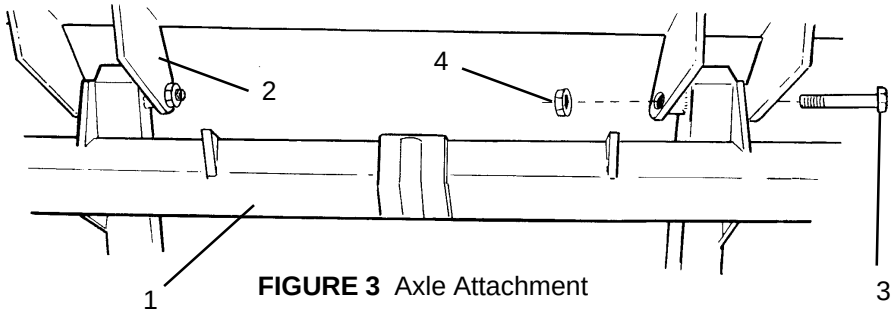


FIGURE 3 Axle Attachment

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ASSEMBLY

LEVEL ROD ASSEMBLY

Slide Long Level Rods (1) through Center Section frame channel and attach to Tongue with Level Rod Pins (2), washers (3), and cotter pins (4). **Figure 4.** Attach Jam Nuts (5) and Adjusting Nuts (6) to the Long Level Rods. Install Short Level Rods to Adjusting Nuts. Measure and adjust to the same length. Then attach the Short Level Rods to the Rear Axle with Level Rod Pins, washers, and cotter pins. **Figure 5**.

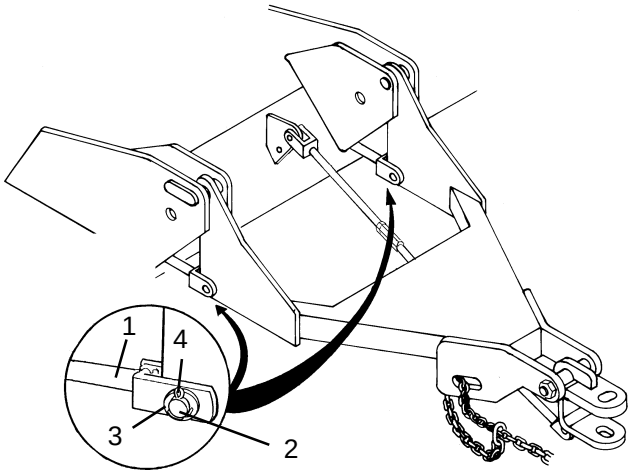

FIGURE 4 Long Level Rod Attachment to Tongue

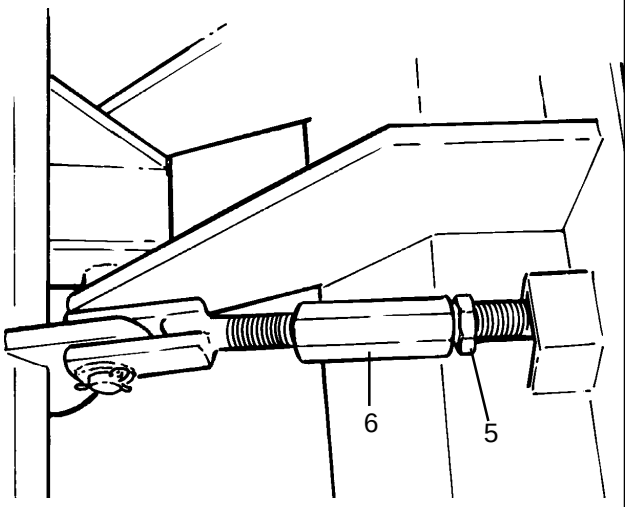

FIGURE 5 Short Level Rod Attachment To Axle

WING SECTIONS ATTACHMENTS

While the Center Section is still solidly blocked, attach the Wing Sections (1) in the horizontal plane. Using Hinge Pins (2), attach the Right and Left Wing Sections to the Center Sections.

NOTE: *Wing Sections may require slight lifting after the Hinge Pin is started to aid pin installation.*

Lock the Wing Sections in place with the Hinge Pins. Insert 5/16 x 1-1/2 bolt (3) and locknut (4) at the end of each of the Hinge Pins and tighten securely. **Figure 6.**

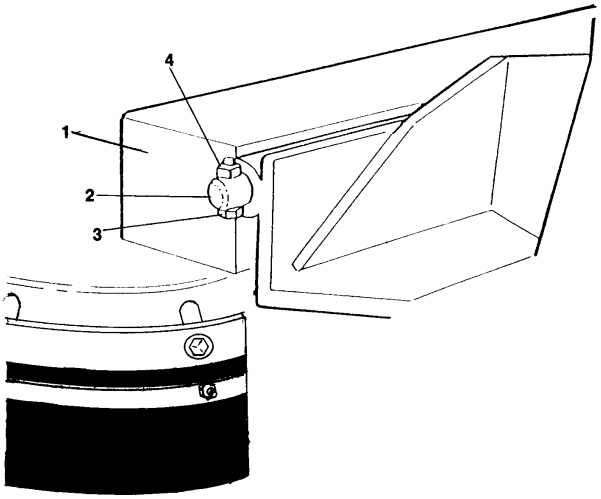

FIGURE 6 Wing Sections Attachments

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WING AXLE ATTACHMENT

Attach wing axles (1) to each wing section using bolts (2) and locknuts (3). Install Manual Lift Screw (4) to Rocker Arm (5) with Hyd. pin (6) and cotter pin (8) attach the opposite end using Hyd. Pin (6) and cotter pin (8). Then attach spring (7) to Rocker Arm(5) and then attach to Lug (9). Adjust length of lift screw to give desired wing height. See **Figure 7**.

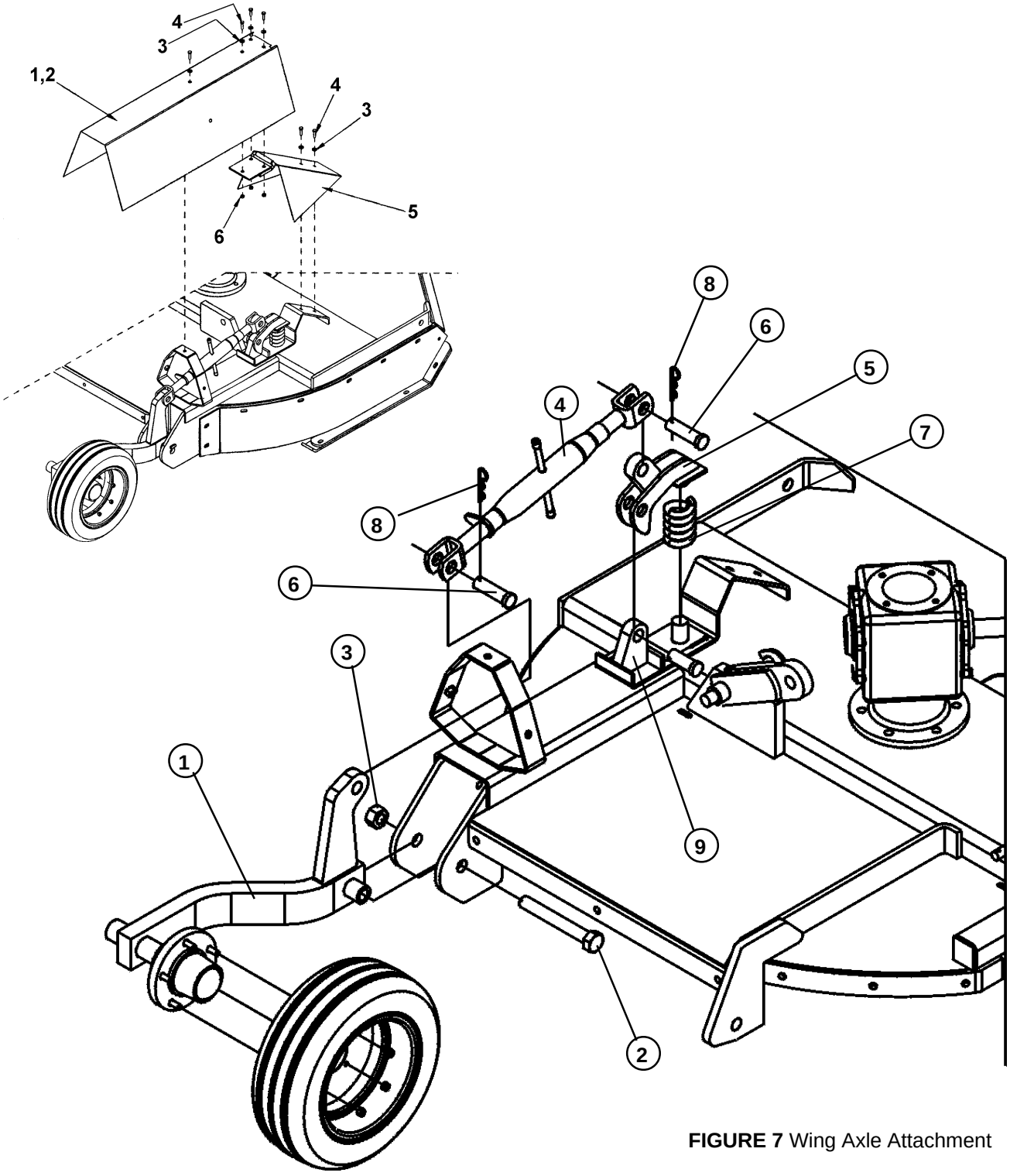

FIGURE 7 Wing Axle Attachment

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WING SECTION HYDRAULIC CYLINDER ATTACHMENT

Mount the 14" stroke Hydraulic Cylinder butt clevis to the upright lugs on the Center Section and the rod end to lugs on wing. Make sure the ports of the Hydraulic Cylinder are facing upwards. Keep the ports capped until the hoses are attached to the tractor and are ready to attach to the cylinder ports. **Figure 10.** Install the Transport Bars to retain the Wing Sections in the upright position for transport on roads and highways. When in transport keep the Center Section as low to the ground as possible to increase stability but high enough to prevent the Skid Shoes from dragging.

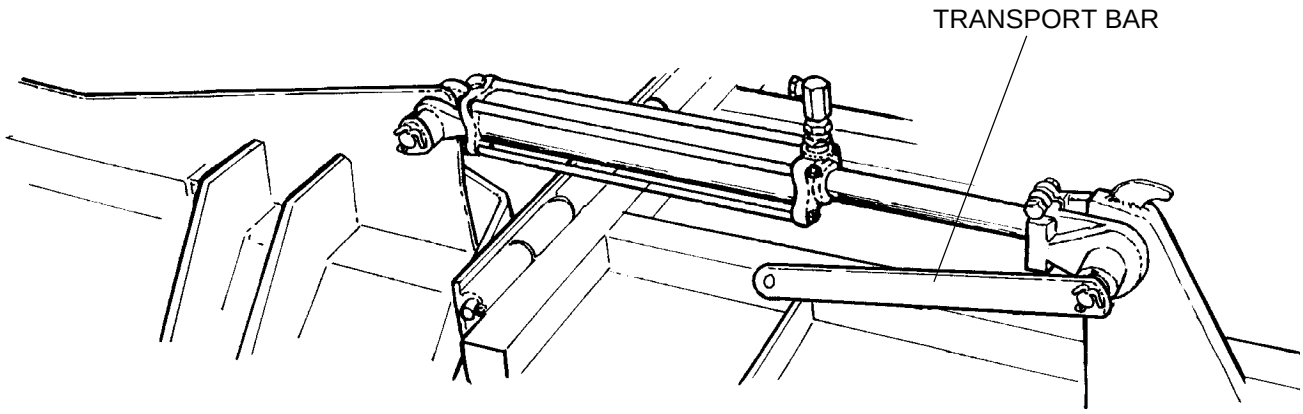

FIGURE 10 Wing Section Hydraulic Cylinder Attachment.

HOSE BRACKET ATTACHMENT

Hose Brackets are attached in the front of the mower. The Front Hose Bracket bolts to the deck beside the divider gearbox. **Figure 12.**

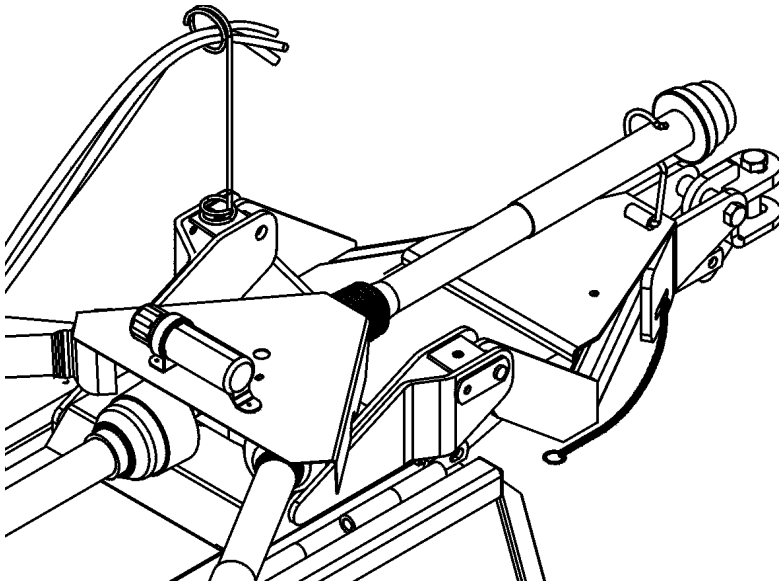

FIGURE 12 Hose Bracket Attachment

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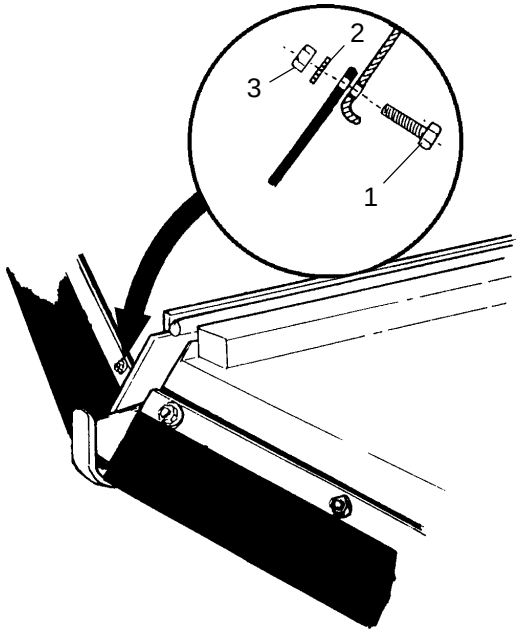
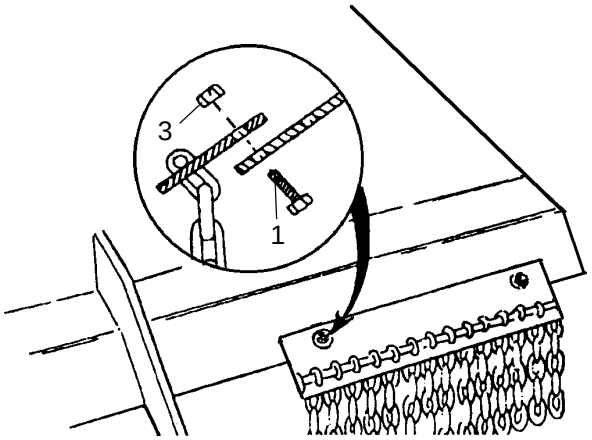
CHAINGUARDS (EXTRA) OR RUBBER DEFLECTORS (STANDARD)

Fasten the front Chainguards or Rubber Deflector **(Figure 12)** to the Center Section and Wing Sections with bolts (1) and locknuts (3) through the deflector bracket (2). The Rubber Deflector for the Wing Section is one piece.

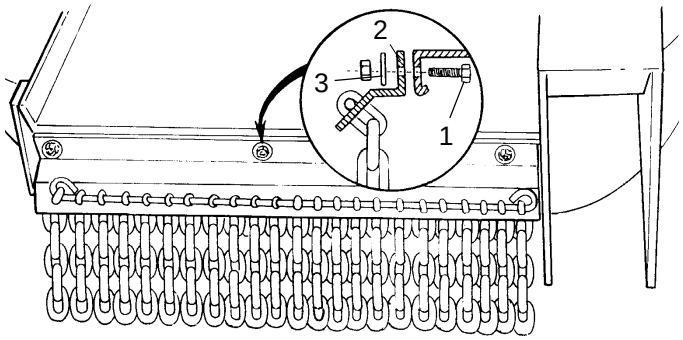
Fasten the rear Chainguards **(Figure 13)** or Rubber Deflector to the Center Section and Wing Section with bolts (1) and locknuts (3).



NOTE: Chainguards use a flatwasher (2) for attachment.



REAR CENTER SECTION



REAR RIGHT WING SECTION

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ASSEMBLY

DRIVELINE AND SHIELD ATTACHMENT

Remove any protective covering on gearbox shafts or in driveline bores. Remove clamp bolt from yoke and install on gearbox shaft. Install clamp bolt and tighten to proper specifications given on the Torque Chart in the Maintenance Section of this Manual.

Remove washer, castle nut, and cotter pin from wing gearbox shaft. Install clutch yoke on shaft. Attach yoke to clutch by inserting spacer flat (#1) between yoke and clutch. Insert 5/16 x 3-1/2 bolts (#2) and install lock-nuts (#3). Tighten securely. Install washer and castle nut on gearbox shaft between yoke ears. Tighten Mounting Nut and the back off to allow approximately .015 clearance. **(Figure 14)**

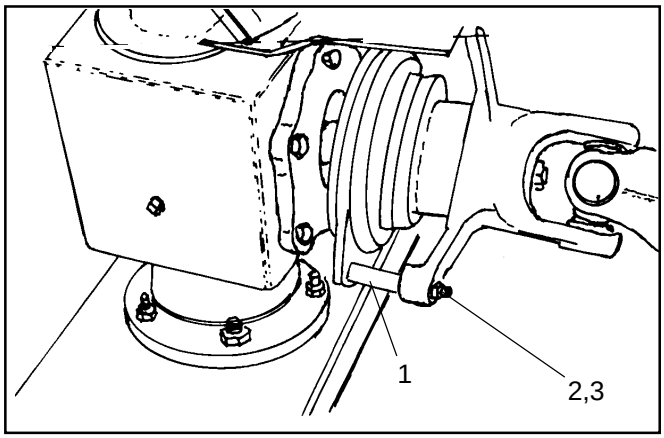

FIGURE 14

WARNING Install all Canopy Shields over Torque Limiters and Drivelines and make certain they remain installed at all times when operating this Mower.

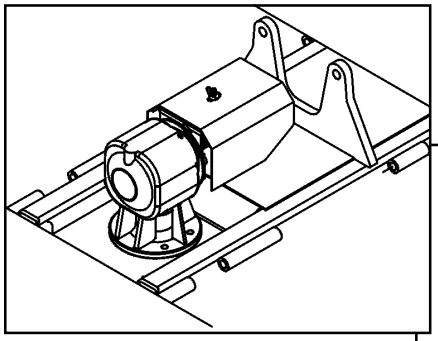

FIGURE 15

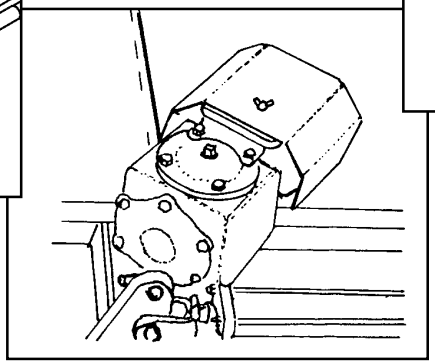

FIGURE 16

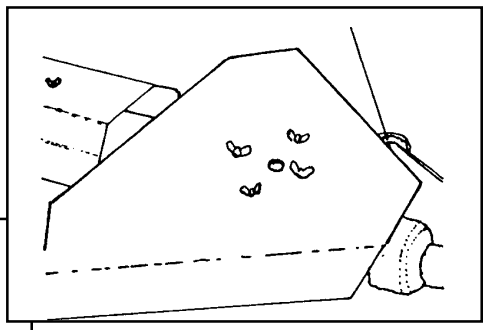

FIGURE 17

DANGER DO NOT operate with Shields removed or inoperative!

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HYDRAULIC HOSE ATTACHMENT

A Three-Spool Control Valve is available from your dealer for use with tractors having either an open or closed center Hydraulic System. If a 3 spool valve bank is required assemble on bracket and install on tractor fender at desired location. Refer to Parts List Section. To install the hydraulics from the Mower to the Control Valve, connect the Center Axle Lift Cylinder Hose to the Center Port on the Hydraulic Valve. Connect the Wing Folding Cylinder Hoses to the same side of the Control Valve as the Cylinder are on the Mower rather than crossing the Hoses. (See illustration below.) Route hoses through front hose bracket. Remove plastic plug from Breather of Cylinder before operation. See **Figure 18.**

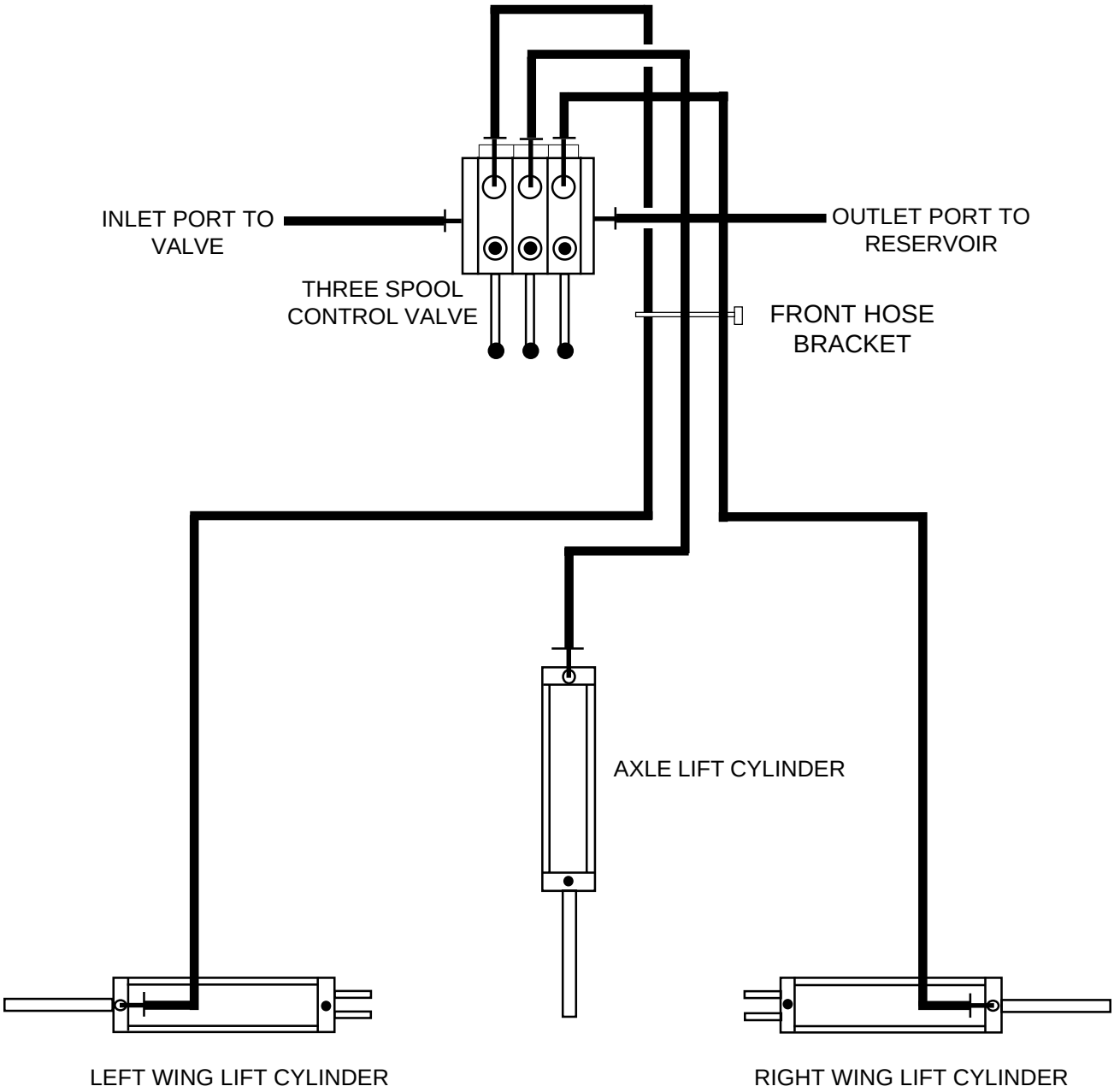

FIGURE 18

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OPERATION SECTION

OPERATION

The safe operation of this machine is the responsibility of the operator. The operator should be familiar with the Mower and tractor and all safety practices before starting operation. This Mower is designed primarily for weed and grass control. It is equipped with suction blades. Recommended cutting speed for most conditions is from 2 to 5 mph. Always operate tractor PTO recommended PTO speed.

IMPORTANT: To avoid damage to Mower, retorque all bolts after the first 10 hours of operation. Retorque blade carrier retaining nut on gearbox lower shaft to 450 ft. lbs.

PREPARING THE TRACTOR

A few simple preparations will be necessary to prepare your tractor for use with the Rotary Mower.

1. Adjust drawbar length to 14" (540 RPM) maximum from end PTO shaft to drawbar hole.
2. Remove cap from tractor PTO shaft.
3. Tractor PTO shield must be in place.
4. Set tractor tires out to 60" or greater dimension between tires.

ATTACHING CUTTER TO TRACTOR

WARNING Never hitch or unhitch without using the Tongue Jack. The Tongue is very heavy, any attempted lifting can cause strains and crushing injury should the Tongue fall suddenly and unexpectedly. Use the Jack only for lifting the Mower. Overloading the Jack can cause failure with possible serious bodily injury or even death.

Use the Tongue Jack to either hitch or unhitch the mower. Be sure the Wheels are properly blocked to avoid rolling.

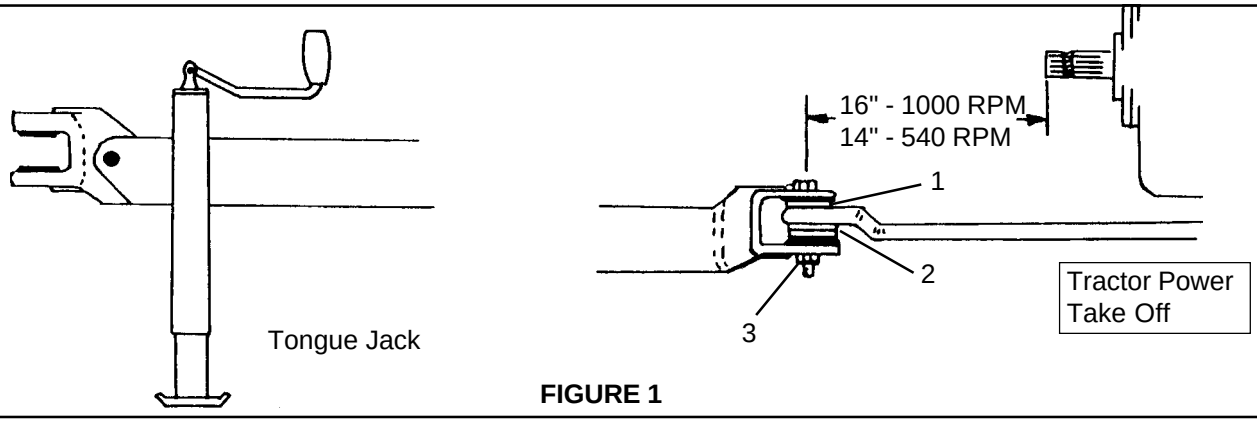

FIGURE 1

Place a 1" washer (1) under top lip of a cast Clevis. Add enough 1" spacer washers (2) between bottom of drawbar and bottom lip of Clevis to fill the open space. Install a 1" grade 8 bolt (5" long). Install a locknut (3) onto the bolt beneath the Clevis and tighten the 1" locknut & bolt securely. See **Figure 1**.

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NOTE: When attaching Mower Clevis, tractor drawbar must extend to rear to allow turning without binding in the Tongue Clevis. *DO NOT USE THIS TYPE DRAWBAR WITHOUT STABILIZERS*. Install washers the same as detailed previously. See **Figure 2** below.

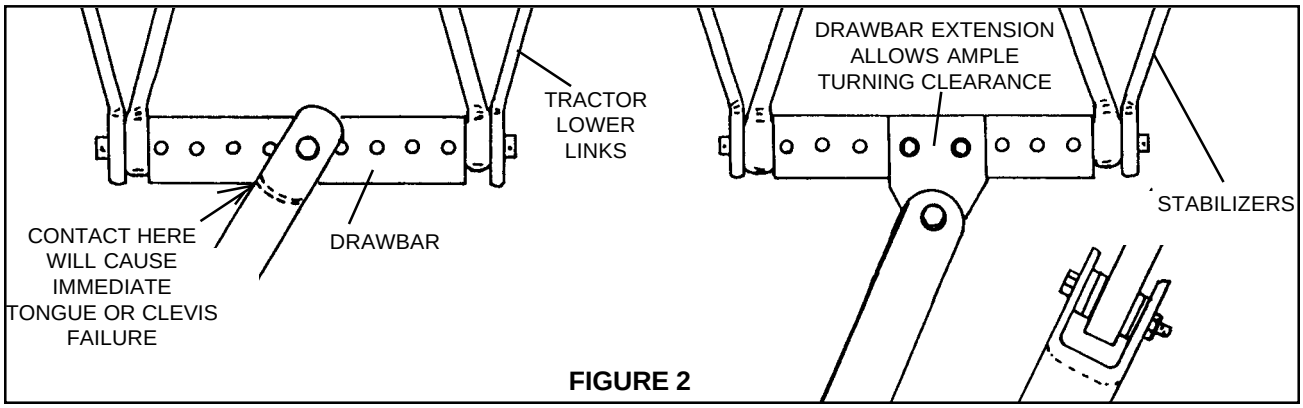

FIGURE 2

NOTE: *NEVER ATTACH MOWER TO TRACTOR WITH A PIN NOT HAVING A NUT.*
The two halves of the Clevis must be bolted together securely to carry the load properly without springing or breaking the Clevis.

DANGER

Failure to adjust the Drawbar to the CORRECT LENGTH, failure to PROVIDE DRAWBAR CLEARANCE sufficient for short turns, and/or failure to ATTACH CLEVIS TO THE DRAWBAR correctly and securely MAY ALLOW THE MOWER TO SEPARATE FROM THE TRACTOR AND/OR THE DRIVELINE HALVES TO SEPARATE WHICH CAN CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH TO THE OPERATOR OR OTHERS.

Parking Jack Adjustment

The Tongue is equipped with a jack mounting which can be rotated approximately 15 degrees in each direction so that jack may always be positioned in a near vertical position.

Loosen nut A, install parking jack, and then rotate until jack is vertical. Retighten nut A. **Figure 3.**

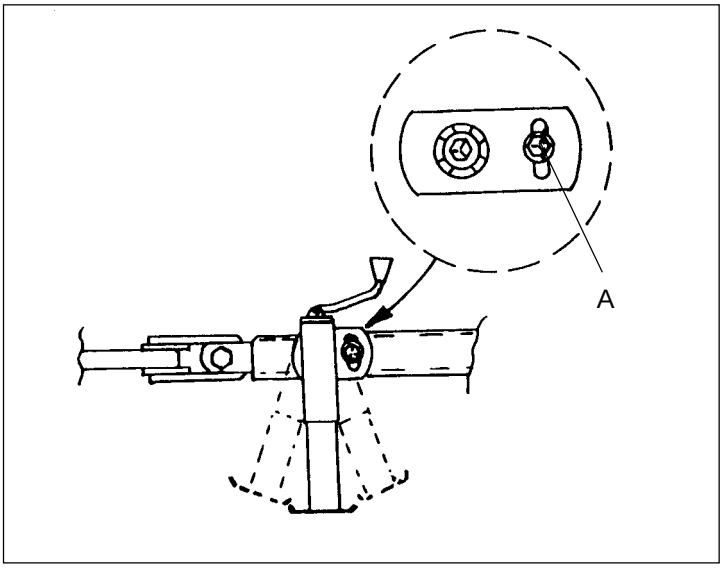

FIGURE 3

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***NOTE**: Always place jack foot on firm surface or place board under jack for support.*

Remove parking jack from tongue and place on storage bracket on left side of main frame.

With the Rotary Cutter attached to the tractor's drawbar, proceed to connect the PTO as follows:

1. On the CV Driveline slide the collar back and push driveline yoke onto PTO shaft on tractor until engaged.

2. Move yoke back and forth to make sure yoke is locked in place.

WARNING A loose yoke could slip and cause personal injury or damage to cutter. When attaching PTO yoke to tractor PTO shaft, it is important that the QD pin be fully forward and seated on yoke.

SAFETY CHAINS

When towing implements on the highway, use a safety chain with tensile strength equal to or greater than the gross weight of the implement to be towed by the tractor. This will control the implement in the event the hitch pin is lost. See **Figure 4**.

After attaching the safety chain, make a trial run by driving the tractor to the right and to the left for a short distance to check the safety chain adjustment. If necessary, readjust to eliminate tight or loose chain.

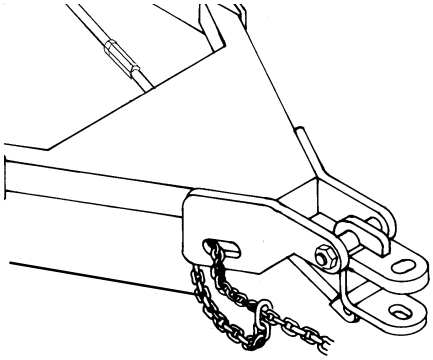

FIGURE 4

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HYDRAULICS

A Three-Spool Control Valve (Extra Equipment) is available from your dealer for use with tractors having either an open or closed center Hydraulic System. To install the Hydraulics from the Cutter to the Control Valve, connect the Center Axle Lift Cylinder Hose to the Center Port on the Hydraulic Valve. Connect the wing-folding Cylinder Hoses to the same side of the Control Valve as the Cylinders are on the Cutter rather than crossing the Hoses. Remove plastic Plug from Breather of Cylinder before operation.

The Control Valve Handles should be set in the float position for most Cutter operations. This will allow the Cutter sections to follow the contour of the land. In the float position, the Control Valve Handles are pushed in closest to the Valve body. The closed-center Valve Handles must be kept in the float position to keep the Wings and Center Section from creeping up. When extending the left or right Wing out over a ditch when mowing, put the Control Valve Handles with detents in the center position on the Valve. This will give the Cutter more stability and prevent the opposite Wing from raising. Do not operate Cutter in this position over rough terrain or for long periods of time.

***NOTE**: Use a sealant and do not over-tighten Hose Fittings since this will break out the Cylinder Ports.*

Keep Hoses and Quick Couplers or Swivels free from contamination. Never leave a disconnected end of Hose open. Be sure the Hoses are supported by the two Hose Brackets and are not allowed to come in contact with the Drivelines or to be put in a bind.

In case of Valve or Cylinder malfunction, contact your local dealer. If it becomes necessary to remove the Piston from the Cylinder, apply a few drops of “Loctite” No. 227 to Nut before replacing.

WARNING Repair leaky Hoses as soon as you discover them. DO NOT use your hand to detect pinhole leaks as a high-pressure stream of escaping hydraulic fluid can penetrate skin and cause serious infection. Check for leaks with a piece of paper - DO NOT USE YOUR HAND.

WARNING In the event that you do have oil penetration through the skin, contact a physician at once! Serious infection can result!

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CUTTING HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

WARNING Avoid personal injury! Be sure tractor engine is off, key is removed, and ALLOW BLADES TO STOP TURNING before dismounting to make adjustments.

IMPORTANT: Avoid very low cutting heights. Striking the ground with blades gives the most damaging shock loads a cutter can encounter and will cause damage to cutter and drive.

To achieve maximum cutting efficiency and provide the most uniform cut, the cutter should be operated with the rear of cutter slightly higher (1/2" - 3/4") than the front.

LEVELING CENTER SECTION

1. Place tractor and cutter on level surface.

2. Using center axle hydraulic cylinder, raise or lower center section to approximate cutting height.

3. Level the cutter deck front to rear, by adjusting the leveling rods linking the tongue and rear axle. To lower front, lengthen level rods and to raise front, shorten level rods. **FIGURE 5.**

IMPORTANT: Adjust level rods the same length to maintain equal tension in rods. Improper adjustment may cause rods to snap or bend.

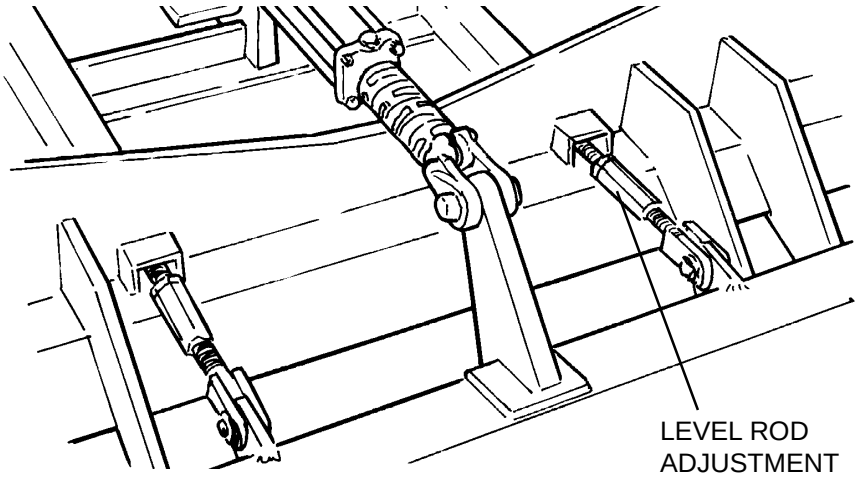

FIGURE 5

4. Once machine has been leveled according to directions, exact cutting height can be set. Use split collar assemblies provided and inserted on center axle hydraulic cylinder rod to set height so when cylinder is lowered against collars, cut height is set.

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STARTING & STOPPING CUTTER

Power for operating cutter is supplied from the tractor PTO. Refer to your tractor manual instructions for engaging and disengaging the PTO. Always engage the PTO at low engine rpm. Always operate at recommended PTO speed. Learn how to stop tractor and cutter quickly in case of an emergency.

IMPORTANT: Stop cutter and tractor immediately upon striking an obstruction. Inspect the cutter and repair any damage before resuming operation. Do not disengage PTO when engine is at full PTO RPM. Always idle engine before disengaging PTO.

WARNING Avoid personal injury. When attempting to stop a tractor which does not have a live PTO, the momentum created by the blade carrier of a rotary cutter can cause the tractor to be pushed forward. DO NOT operate this cutter unless tractor has live or independent PTO.

To commence operation, reduce engine speed and engage the tractor PTO. Before starting to cut, gradually increase engine speed to develop full PTO speed.

DANGER Chain guards must be installed if operating with people or livestock in the area or close to highways or buildings and in all non-agricultural operations.

Enter the area to cut with the cutter operating at PTO speed and, if it becomes necessary to temporarily regulate engine speed during operations, increase or decrease the throttle gradually.

To transport, disengage the PTO, raise center section and wings to full transport height, and install transport bars.

WARNING When lowering wings from transport position, be sure all persons are clear of wings. Do not work under wing in raised position unless transport lock bar is in place.

IMPORTANT: Wing hydraulic cylinders should always be controlled by a tractor valve or remote valve which has float detent position which allows wings to float over uneven terrain.

WARNING
WHENEVER THIS MACHINE IS OPERATED IN ANY AREA WHERE THROWN OBJECTS COULD INJURE PERSONS OR PROPERTY, SAFETY SHIELDING MUST BE INSTALLED AND IN GOOD REPAIR TO REDUCE THE POSSIBILITY OF INJURY FROM THROWN OBJECTS.
CHAIN GUARDS, SOLID BANDS, RUBBER FLAPS, AND OTHER GUARDS ARE SUBJECT TO WEAR AND LOST OR BROKEN PIECES. IT IS THE OPERATOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SEE THAT THESE ITEMS OF SAFETY EQUIPMENT ARE REPAIRED AND/OR REPLACED AS SOON AS DAMAGE OCCURS, OR YOU WILL BE OPERATING MACHINE THAT IS IN AN UNSAFE CONDITION.
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OPERATION

CUTTING SPEED

Proper ground speed for cutting will depend upon the height, type, and density of material to be cut.

Normally, ground speed will range from 2 to 5 mph. Tall, dense material should be cut at low speed while thin medium height material can be cut at a faster ground speed.

WARNING Do not attempt to raise wings on slopes or banks. Pull machine to level area before attempting to raise wings.

CUTTING TIPS

Always operate PTO at recommended RPM when cutting. This is necessary to maintain proper blade speed and to produce a clean cut.

Under certain conditions, tractor tires may roll some grasses down and prevent them from being cut at the same height as the surrounding area. When this occurs, reduce the tractor ground speed, but maintain PTO RPM. The lower speed will permit grasses to be at least partially rebound and be cut. Taking a partial cut and/or reversing the direction of travel may also produce a cleaner cut.

IMPORTANT: To produce best possible cut, move tractor rear tires out to minimum 60 inches inside of tires so wing blades will pick up grass. Wing blades turn so they will help pick up material mashed down by the tractor tires.

WARNING Avoid personal injury. Pick up all rocks and other debris before cutting. Enter new areas carefully. Cut material higher the first time to allow cutter to clear unseen objects. Never assume an area is clear. Always check.

Extremely tall grass should be cut twice. Raise cutter and cut twice the desired height. Cut the second time at desired height at 90 degree to first pass.

Remember, sharp blades produce cleaner cuts and use less power.

Before cutting, analyze the area to determine the best cutting procedure. Consider the height and type of material and the terrain type: hilly, level or rough.

DANGER Wing sections should be raised only for clearance of obstructions and never for continuous cutting operations. Cutting with wings raised above the ground surface exposes the blades and can cause objects to be thrown from under the guards at a very high velocity and can cause property damage, bodily injury, or even death!

DANGER DO NOT raise wing with blades rotating if bystanders are within 300 feet.

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CV DRIVELINE CHECK PROCEDURES

The Main Driveline to tractor is equipped with a special constant velocity (CV) joint that allows the joint to run smooth with no vibration even at joint angles up to 70 degrees. This joint will operate and perform satisfactorily as long as it is not subjected to conditions which abuse it or go beyond its operating limits.

1. The constant velocity joint must be greased daily at 8 hour intervals. See Maintenance Section. Failure to lubricate as instructed will cause rapid wear and failure of operating components of joint.

2. The constant velocity joint must not be subjected to a joint angle greater than 80 degrees. **FIGURE 6.**

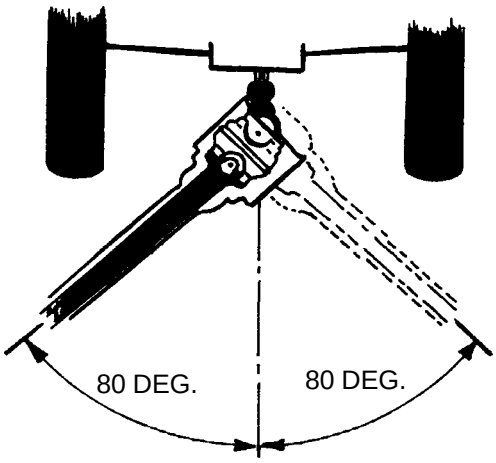

FIGURE 6

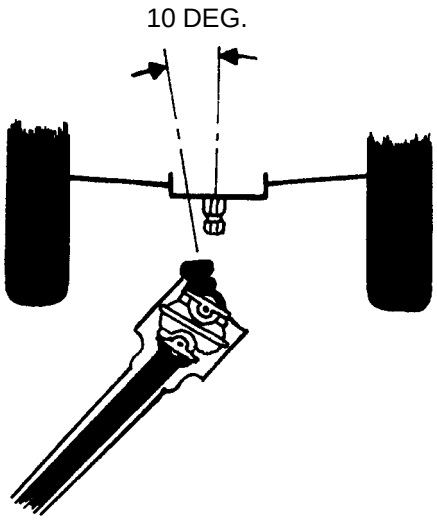

FIGURE 7

To check maximum joint angle, connect cutter to tractor. Do not connect driveline at this time. Start tractor and make a maximum turn to left until tractor tire almost contacts frame. Then check joint by holding driveline yoke above PTO shaft and then angle driveline yoke until it stops. There should be approximately a 10 degree difference between center line of yoke and PTO shaft. **FIGURE 7.** If not, check drawbar length and shorten if necessary or move rear tractor tires wider apart to limit turning radius.

3. The constant velocity joint must also not be subjected to conditions where telescoping tubes bottom out. Check this condition at same time maximum angle was checked above. There should be at least 4 inches of additional telescoping available with the yoke attached to the tractor.

NOTE: *If the driveline will not connect because it does not have enough clearance; check to see if drawbar can be lengthened or cut the driveline shield and tube lengths to provide adequate clearance.*

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DETACHING AND STORING

Lower the Mower to the Gound. Park the Tractor with the transmission in the correct gear (Automatic Transmission--Park; Standard Transmission--Neutral). Set the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key. Wait until the PTO stops rotating before getting down from the tractor.

Raise Tongue with Parking Jack. Disconnect Driveline from tractor PTO shaft. Remove Hitch Bolt.

Always reinstall the Master Shield over the tractor PTO Shaft. This Shield should always remain in place except when connecting or disconnecting Driveline.

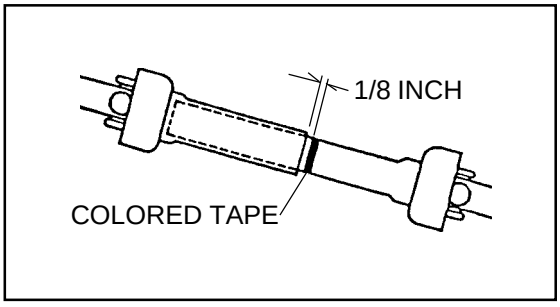
Keep hands and feet out from under Tongue or Shredder.

DRIVELINE LENGTH CHECK PROCEDURE

WARNING A loose shaft could slip off and result in personal injury or damage to cutter. When attaching Driveline yoke to tractor PTO shaft, it is important that spring activated locking collar slides freely and locking balls are seated in groove on PTO shaft.

WARNING Before operating cutter, check to make sure the driveline will not bottom out or become disengage.

- Disengage the Driveline from the tractor PTO Shaft.
- Slide the Driveline together until it “bottoms out” solidly.
- Apply colored tape to the Inner Shield 1/8" from the end of the Outer Shield. **Figure 8**
- Re-attach the Driveline to the PTO Shaft.



Driveline in maximum compressed position
FIGURE 8

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With the PTO NOT TURNING, slowly drive the tractor with Cutter attached through the most severe terrain conditions expected and watch Shaft movement.

Check position which places driveline at maximum extended length and at maximum compressed length. Maximum extended length must always maintain at least 12 inches of profile tube engagement. Maximum compressed length should always maintain 1-9/16 clearance. If not shorten driveline as described in **Figure 9**.

If driveline cannot be shortened and still maintain 12 inches of tube engagement then the operator should note test so the operator can recognize the terrain conditions that might cause the problem and avoid possible damage by disconnecting driveline from tractor or crossing terrain in different manner.
See special instructions for rough terrain operations.

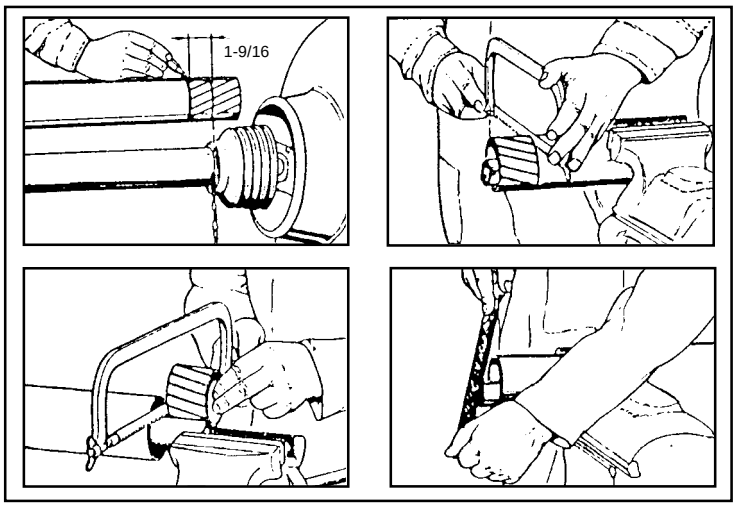


FIGURE 9

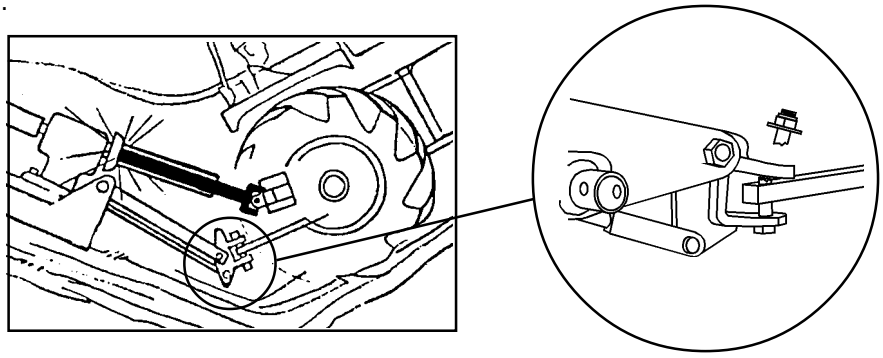
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR ROUGH TERRAIN OPERATIONS

When crossing ditches with steep banks or going up sharp inclines, it is possible to “bottom out” the Driveline that connects the tractor PTO to the Gearbox on mower.

Note: To bottom out means that the Inner Shaft has penetrated into the Outer Housing to its maximum depth until the Assembly becomes solid - it can shorten no more. See **Figure 10.**

If this happens, it can cause serious damage to the tractor PTO by pushing the PTO into the tractor and through the Support Bearings or downward onto the PTO Shaft, breaking it off. The hitch bolt could break or cause damage to the tractor drawbar.

Driveline bottom out.
FIGURE 10



WARNING Either failure can allow the Driveline to come loose from the tractor which could cause bodily injury to the operator or others in the vicinity along with expensive damage to the tractor and/or Cutter.

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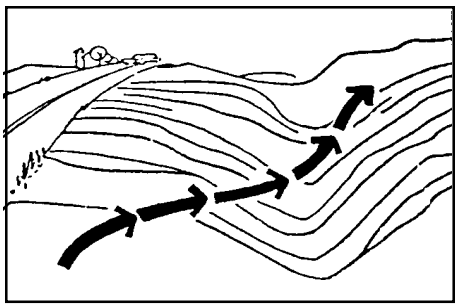
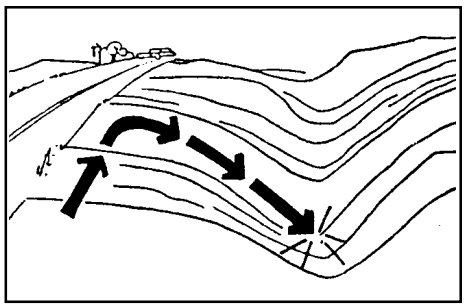
If you have condition where your tractor will be going up a steep incline wiht your mower still on the flat area or coming down the opposite incline, you have a potential problem. **Figure 12**. The correct preventive measure is to instruct the operator to cross this kind of terrain at an angle. **Figure 11**. This will reduce the angle between the tractor and the Mower. The problem is more likely to occur if the Mower is in the raised position while the tractor is turning sharply and going up an incline.



CORRECT: Approach ditch at an angle
FIGURE 11



INCORRECT: DO NOT approach ditch straight on.
FIGURE 12

TRANSPORTING CUTTER:

1. Raise wings to full height.
2. Install transport lock bars.

Note: *If the transport lock bars can not be easily installed, lower wings remove rod end of cylinder and adjust the rod clevis in or out to match transport bar length.*

3. Raise center section.

WARNING This machine can be turned over. Use caution when operating in transport position. Limit speed and avoid sharp turns and rough terrain.

When transporting the mower, keep the Center Section as low to the ground as is practical to increase stability. Raise the left and right Wing sections and use the transport lock bars to retain them in the upright position.

DANGER Keep everyone clear while lifting or lowering Mower or raising and lowering Wings.

CAUTION Do not exceed 10 MPH with Sectional Tires or 15 MPH with Pneumatic Tires.

WARNING Use the tractor Warning Lights, SMV Sign, Reflectors, and other devices for adequate warning to the operators of other vehicles. Comply with local governmental regulations.

SMV Sign

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TROUBLE SHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY
Excessive Vibrations	1. Check gear box bolts.	Tighten if loose.
	2. Check for loose nuts on bladeholder and blades.	Tighten if loose.
	3. Check for bent output shaft. If shaft is bent, oil will normally leak from bottom seal.	Replace shaft if bent.
	4. Check to see if blades are free swinging.	Free blades so they swing.
	5. Check for even wear on each blade tip. Were both blades changed at the same time?	Weigh blades. Weight should be within 1 oz. Always replace both blades.
	6. Blade broken.	Replace blades, in sets.
	7. Blade carrier bent.	Replace carrier.
	8. Blade hub not properly seated on shaft.	Remove hub, check tapered spline shaft, clean and replace.
	9. New blade or bolts matched with worn blade or bolts.	Replace blades or bolts in sets.
	10. Drivelines not phased correctly. Implement & Tractor yokes must be in line.	Replace driveline.
Gear Box Overheating	1. Low on lubricant.	Fill to level plug.
	2. Improper type lubricant.	Replace with proper lubricant.
	3. Excessive trash build-up around gear box.	Remove trash.
	4. Bearing or gears set up improperly.	Consult your Dealer.

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TROUBLE SHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY
Gear Box Noisy	1. Rough gears.	Run in or change gears.
	2. Worn bearing.	Replace bearing.
Gear Box Leaking	1. Damaged oil seal.	Replace seal.
	2. Bent shaft.	Replace oil seal and shaft.
	3. Shaft rough in oil seal area.	Replace or repair shaft.
	4. Oil seal installed wrong.	Replace seal.
	5. Oil seal not sealing in the housing.	Replace seal or use a sealant on OD of seal.
	6. Oil level too high.	Drain oil to proper level.
	7. Sand hole in casting.	Replace castings or gear box.
	8. Gasket damaged.	Replace gasket.
	9. Bolts loose.	Tighten bolts.
Clutch Slips Excessively	1. Clutch linings badly worn or plates warped.	Repair clutch per maintenance section of manuals.
	2. Too much power for clutch.	Reduce ground speed and material intake.
	3. Oil on facings.	Replace facings.
	4. Friction facings glazed.	Clean with emery cloth.
Blade Wears Too Fast	1. Cutting in sandy conditions.	Increase cutting height.
	2. Cutting in rocky conditions.	Increase cutting height.
	3. Soft "will fit" blades.	Use genuine Rhino HT blades.
Hydraulic Cylinder Will Not Operate	1. Not enough pressure.	Check pressure.
	2. Valve not connected properly.	Re-plumb valve.
	3. Quick coupler not completely connected.	Complete connection.

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TROUBLE SHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY
Oil Squirting from Breather Vent Hole	1. Oil leaking by piston ring. (A small amount of leakage is normal)	Do not carry cutter on cylinder. (Use stroke collars)
	2. Piston "O" ring worn.	Replace piston "O" ring.
	3. Cylinder wall scored or pitted.	Replace cylinder.
	4. Wrong piston ring on piston.	Use correct piston rings.
Not Cutting Clean	1. Blades dull.	Sharpen or replace blades.
	2. Blade rotation incorrect.	Use correct blade for carrier rotation.
	3. Carrier RPM too low.	Use correct PTO speed and check for correct gear box ratio.
	4. Mower not level.	Adjust machine.
	5. Tires mashing down grass.	Adjust tire spacing so that blades pick up grass that is laying down.
	6. Ground speed too fast.	Reduce ground speed.
	7. Blades locked back.	Free blades.
	8. Blades riding up due to blade bolt wear.	Replace blade bolts.
Streaking Conditions In Swath	1. Conditions too wet for cutting. Blades unable to cut that part of grass pressed down by path of tractor tires.	Allow grass to dry before cutting. Slow ground speed of tractor but keep engine running at full PTO rpm. Move rear tires as wide as possible so wing blades will pick up grass.
	2. Dull Blades.	Sharpen or replace blades.
	3. Height of cutter lower at rear or front.	See Cutting Height Instructions.

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MAINTENANCE SECTION

MAINTENANCE

Before operating your Rotary Cutter, make sure it is properly lubricated and thoroughly inspected. Only a minimum of time and effort is required to regularly lubricate and maintain this machine to provide long life and trouble free operation.

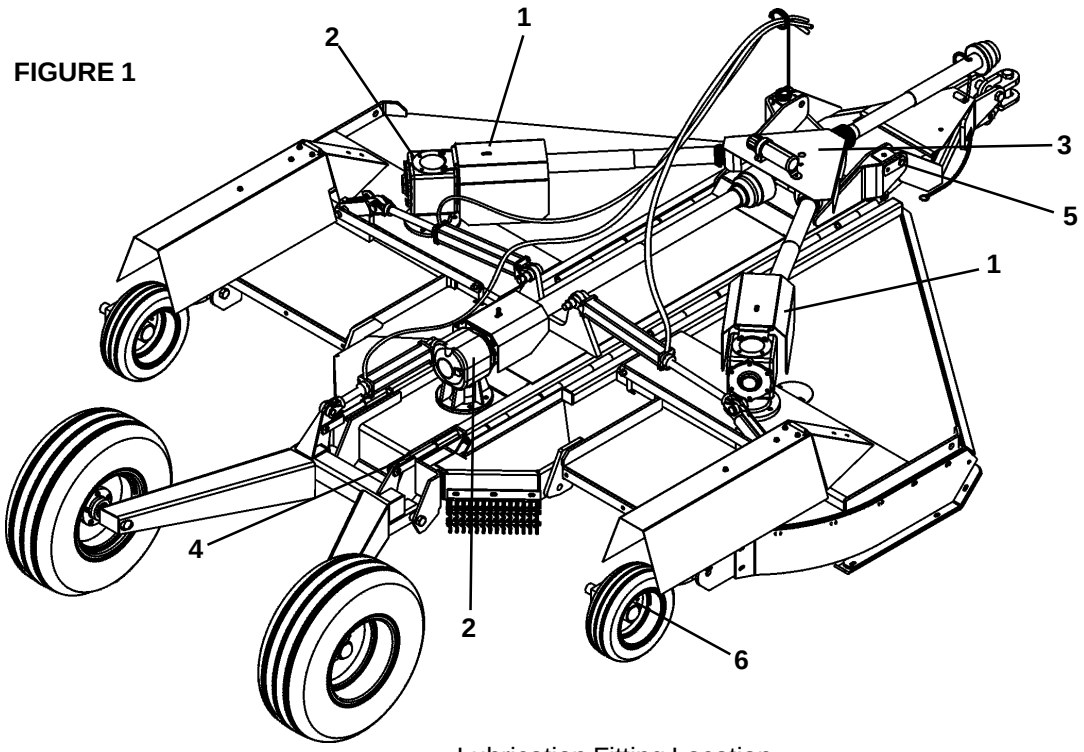
WARNING Always disengage the PTO before raising the Rotary Cutter for transporting or making adjustments.

LUBRICATION INFORMATION

Do not let excess grease collect on or around parts, particularly when operating in sandy areas. The accompanying illustration shows lubrication points. The chart gives the frequency of lubrication in hours, based on normal operating conditions. Severe or unusual conditions may require more frequent lubrication. **FIGURE 1.**

Use an SAE multi-purpose, lithium-type grease for all locations shown. Be sure to clean the fitting thoroughly before using grease gun. Daily lubrication of the wing driveline slip joint is necessary. Failure to maintain proper lubrication will result in damage to U-joints, gearbox, and/or driveshaft.

FIGURE 1



Lubrication Fitting Location

ITEM	Description	Frequency
1	U-Joints	8 hours
2	Gearbox	Check daily
3	Divider Gearbox	Check daily
4	Axle Adjustment Rod	8 Hours
5	Tongue Pivot	8 hours
6	Wheel Hubs	Weekly

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TONGUE

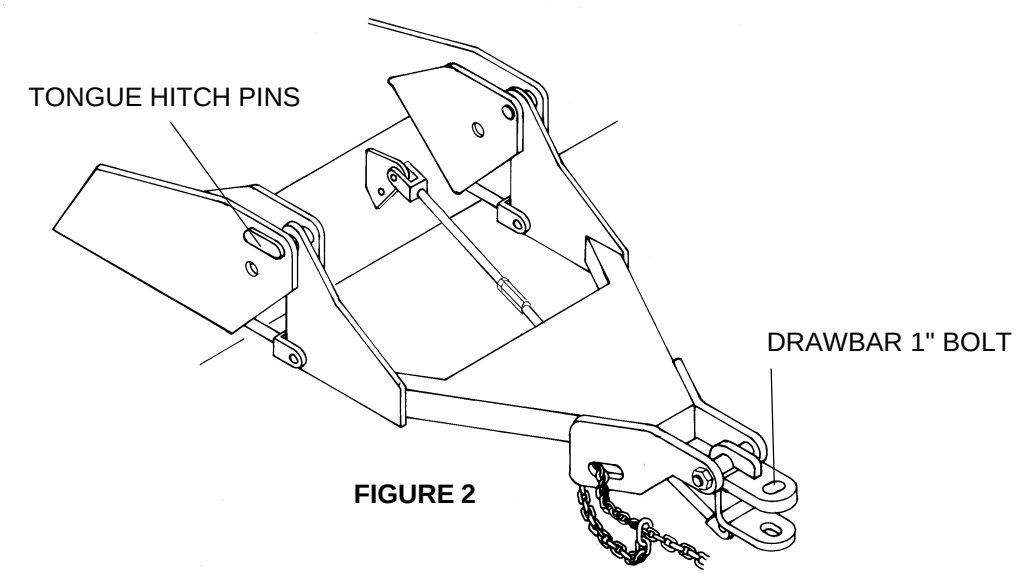

FIGURE 2

CENTER & WING GEARBOXES

The Gearboxes have been filled with lubricant to the Test Plug Level prior to shipment. However, you should check the oil level at Test Plug before operating, and frequently thereafter.

The gearbox should not require additional lubricant unless the box is cracked or a seal is leaking. It is recommended that the oil level plug be removed after every 8 to 10 hours of operation and oil added until it runs out Test Plug hole. The Test Plug on the Center Gearbox, Right & Left Wing Gearbox is located on the side of the Gearboxes. Filler Plugs are located on top of all Gearboxes. **FIGURE 3.**

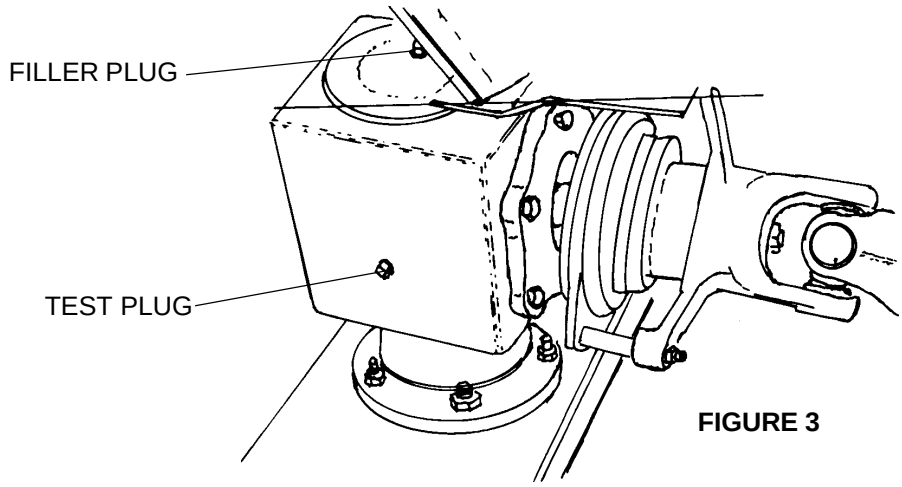

FIGURE 3

Recommended lubricant is Exxon - Spartan EP220, Mobil HD 80W90, or equal. Required lubricant is a SAE 90 or SAE EP80W90T (PN 00769031) with EP additives for extreme pressure and temperature, with a API-Gl-5 Service rating.

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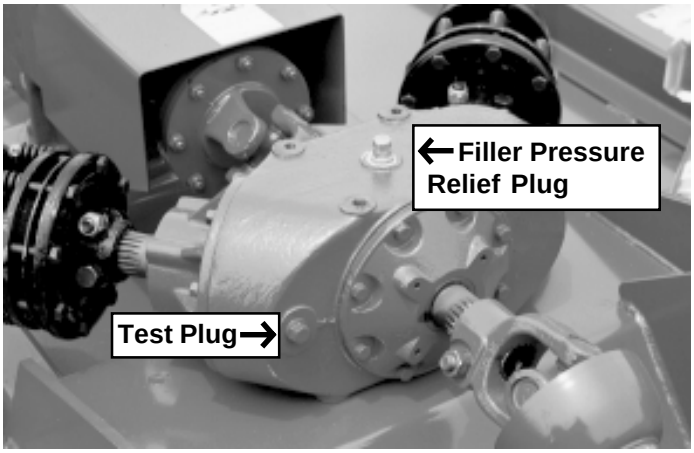
DIVIDER GEARBOX

The Test Plug for the Divider Gearbox is located on the right side of the input shaft. The filler pressure relief Plug is on top of the Gearbox. **FIGURE 4.**



CAUTION Do not over-fill. If Gearboxes are filled above Test Plug Level, pressure under working conditions may cause the Grease Seals to leak.

Recommended lubricant is NLGI 000 Grease.

WHEEL HUB ASSEMBLY

The Wheel Hub Assemblies need to be lubricated on a weekly basis.

DRIVELINES

The Drivelines and U-Joints should be inspected each morning before the mower is started. **FIGURE 5 & 6.**

The U-Joint and CV Joint on the Driveline undergo extreme forces when the unit is turning or when the Wings are being raised. It is important that the U-Joints and CV Joint be greased each day before the unit is started. The U-Joints are located at each end of the Center and Wing Drivelines. The CV Joint is located at the end of the Main Driveline. The U-Joint and CV Joint assemblies are accessible by rotating the Driveline Safety Shield until the hole in the Shield matches up with the Grease Fitting. Use #2 Bearing Grease for lubrication. Inspect the U-Joint for wear by holding the shaft on one side of the U-Joint while trying to rotate the shaft on the other side of the U-Joint. If there is noticeable movement in the Driveline replace the U-joint before it causes severe damage to the Driveline.,

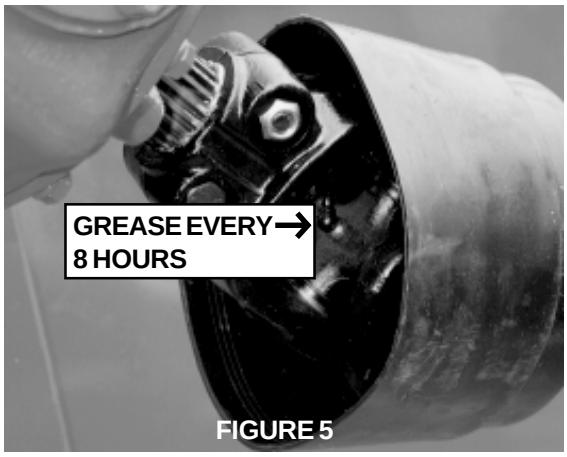


FIGURE 5

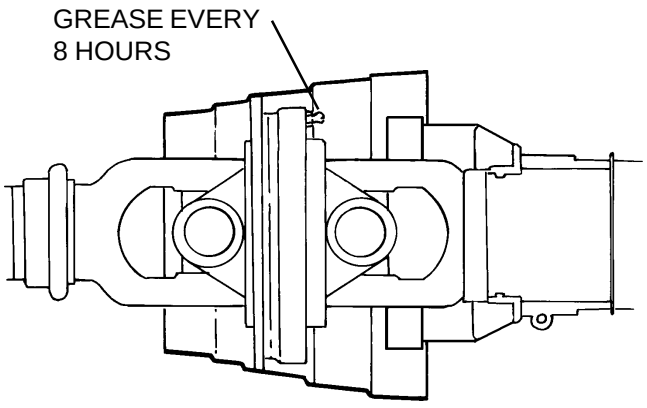


FIGURE 6

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MAIN CV DRIVELINE SAFETY SHIELD (Figure 7)

1. To remove Outer CV Cone remove the 6 screws (#1) from shield cone. Remove cone forward over yoke (#2). Shield bearing is split and can be removed by spreading and removing from groove in CV Body (#3).

2. To remove Shields over telescoping Members remove the screws (#1) from cone (#4 or #5). Twist cone (#4 or #5) until slot openings in cone allign with tabs on bearing (#6). Pull on shield tube and assembly will disengage from bearing. Shield bearing is split and can be removed by spreading and removing from groove in yoke.

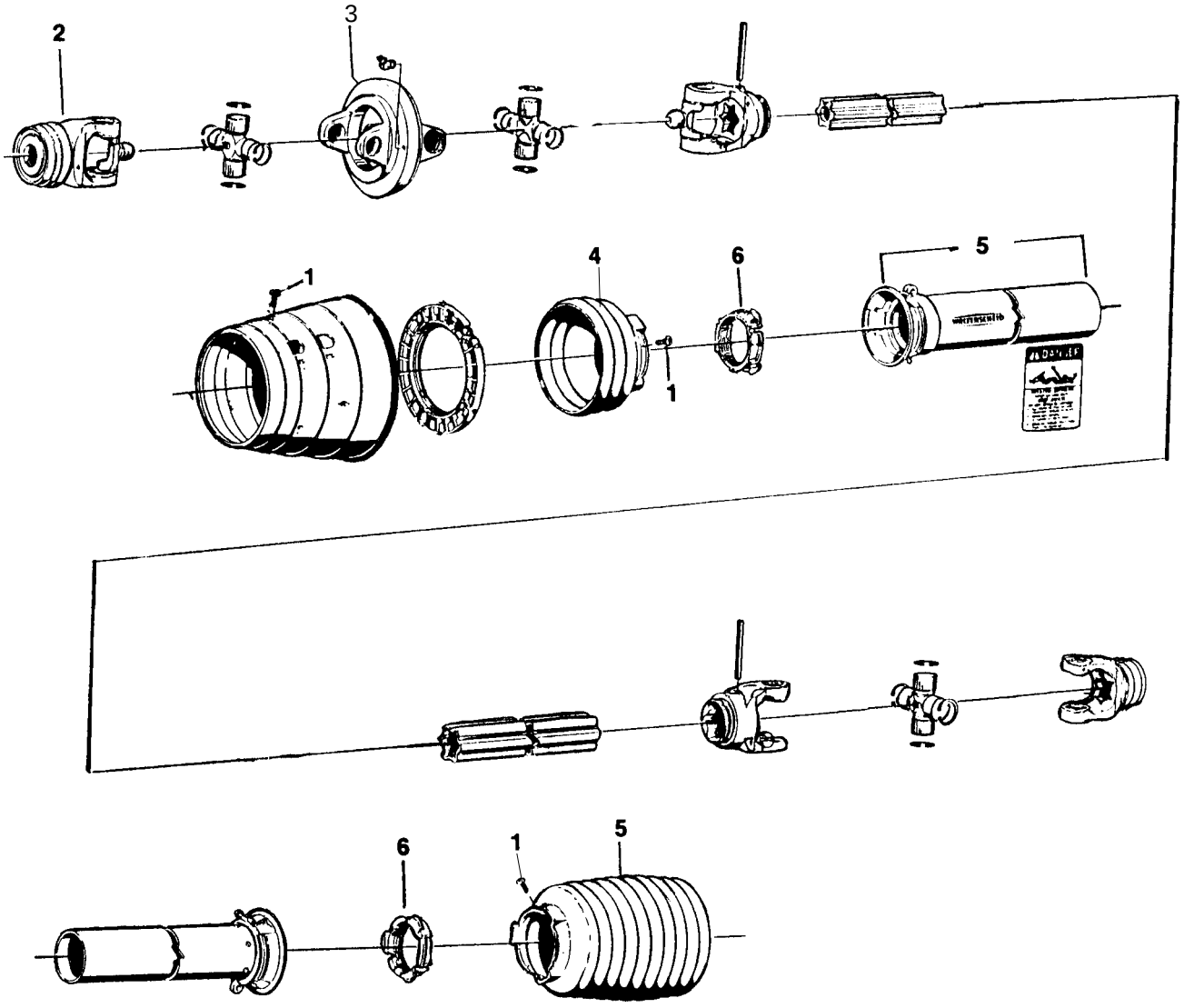

FIGURE 7

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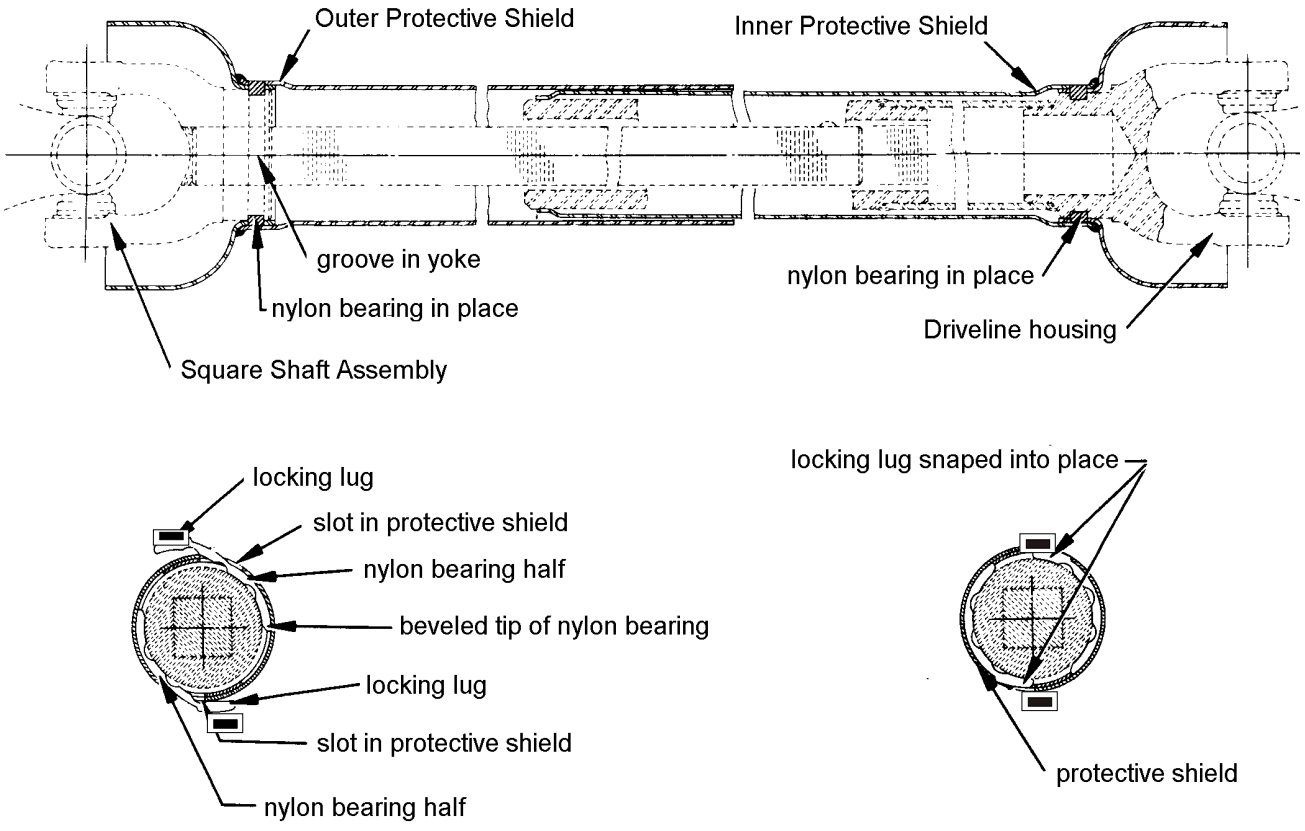
PROTECTIVE, INTEGRAL SHIELDS - 44R

Protective Driveline Shields should be installed on Drivelines as shown in Figure 8 below. The protective Integral Shields are assembled onto nylon bearings and should turn freely - but should not spin. Greasing the nylon bearings is not required but will not harm them. Each Shield Bearing is composed of two nylon bearing halves. They may be removed by prying the locking lug of the nylon bearing out of the slot in the Shield and pulling the bearing out through the slot. To replace the nylon bearings, align the slot in the shield over the groove in the Yoke of the Driveline. Insert the beveled tip of the nylon bearing into the slot of the shield and push into place. Push the locking lug of the nylon bearing into the slot until it snaps into place. See **Figure 8**.

CAUTION Driveline Integral Shields must be in place at all times when operating.



Installing nylon bearing halves

Figure 8

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SLIP CLUTCH

Avoid overheating of clutches by too long or too frequent slipping of the clutch since this can damage the friction plates and clutch parts. When checking slip clutch for overheating, DO NOT touch with hand. Clutch could be extremely hot and cause severe burn.

If an adjustment is required, this may be done in the field by following the procedure outlined below. Following these instructions will give maximum rated torque and long life. See **Figure 9**.

(a) With the three Capscrews (#8) backed out until the points are below the surface of the circular Adjusting Nut (#7), run Adjusting Nut up finger-tight, or slightly less than finger-tight.

(b) Alternately tighten the hardened, cup point Capscrews (#8) no more than one-half turn at a time until the Capscrew heads "Bottom Out". Do not over tighten the Capscrews nor completely flatten the Spring Washers (#5).

If the Hub is removed from the Shaft for any reason, the Shaft and Hub should be coated with a heavy grease before reassembly to prevent Hub from freezing to Shaft.

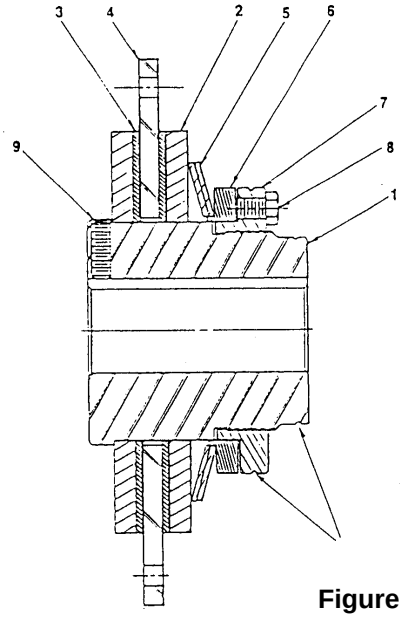

Figure 9

SEASONAL SLIP CLUTCH MAINTENANCE

It is important that the clutches slip when an obstacle or load heavier than the clutch setting is encountered. Before using the cutter each season, use the following procedure to make sure the clutch will slip and give the overload protection required.

1. Loosen Bolts (#8) until gap between adjusting nut (#7) and guide ring is approximately 1/16".

2. Attach machine to tractor, set engine at approximately half throttle and quickly engage PTO. This procedure will break clutch facings loose and allow the proper torque to be maintained.

3. Return the bolts to their original position as described in (b) above.

NOTE: If machine sits outside longer than 30 days and is exposed to rain and humid air, the clutches should be removed from machine and stored in a dry area. Clutch facings will soak up moisture and cause the metal plates to rust badly. When this occurs, the break-away torque increases greatly and damage to gearbox, driveline, or tractor PTO can occur.

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BLADE SERVICING

Inspect blades before each use to determine that they are properly installed and in good condition. Replace any blade that is bent, excessively nicked, worn, or has any other damage. Small nicks can be ground out when sharpening.

WARNING Use only original equipment blades on this cutter. They are made of special heat-treated alloy steel. Substitute blades may not meet specifications and may be dangerous.

BLADE SHARPENING

Always sharpen both blades at same time to maintain balance. Follow original sharpening pattern as shown in Figure 3. Always sharpen blades by grinding. DO NOT heat and pound out edge. Do not sharpen blade to a razor edge, but leave a 1/16" blunt edge. Do not sharpen back side of blade. See **Figure 11**.

IMPORTANT: When sharpening blades, grind each blade the same amount to maintain balance. The difference in blade weights should not exceed 1 ounce. Unbalanced blades will cause excessive vibration which can damage gear box bearings. Vibration may also cause structural cracks in cutter housing.

WARNING Never work under equipment supported by a hydraulic device because it may drop if the control is actuated (even with the engine stopped) or in the event of hose failure, etc. Always use a secure support for equipment which must be serviced while in the raised position.

DANGER! Replace bent or broken blade with new blades. NEVER ATTEMPT TO STRAIGHTEN OR WELD ON BLADES SINCE THIS WILL LIKELY CRACK OR OTHERWISE DAMAGE THE BLADE WITH SUBSEQUENT FAILURE AND POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY FROM THROWN BLADES. (SGM-10)

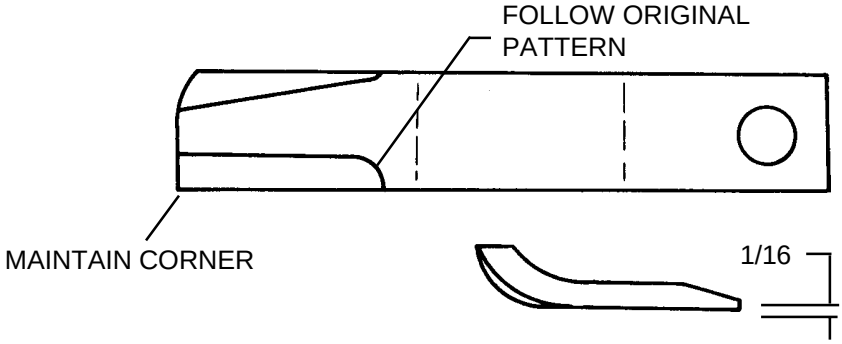

FIGURE 11

BLADE REMOVAL

To remove blades for sharpening or replacement, remove the cover plate on deck of cutter near each gear box. Remove locknut from blade bolt. **Note:** To remove center blade nuts it may be necessary to raise wing to gain access Inspect lock nut after removal and replace if threads or nylon insert are damaged. Always replace nut when replacing blade bolt. When installing blades, be sure to check blade bolt pivot diameter for wear. Replace bolt if worn more than 1/4" at any point. Install blade bolts with worn side of bolt away from the center of the blade carrier. Tighten lock nut to 300 ft. lbs.

WARNING Avoid personal injury. Blade and/or blade carrier removal should be done only with the tractor engine shut off, key removed, in neutral, parking brake on , PTO disengaged, and the cutter blocked in the raised position.

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BLADE CARRIER REMOVAL

Remove cotter pin and loosen slotted nut on gear box shaft. Loosen but do not remove the nut until the blade carrier is loosened. Use a suitable two-jaw gear puller to pull carrier off tapered gear box shaft. If gear puller is not available use long bar inserted through blade bolt acces hole with end against rotor bar. Strike opposite end of bar with sledge hammer. Rotate blade carrier 180 degrees and repeat process.

BLADE CARRIER INSTALLATION

Clean the taper and keyway on both the blade carrier and output shaft. Position carrier on the gear box output shaft and install flat washer and 1" hex nut. Tighten nut holding blade carrier to minimum 450 ft. pounds, strike the carrier on the hub several times with a heavy hammer to seat the hub. Use a suitable spacer over the nut to prevent damage to the nut and threads. Retighten the nut to 450 ft. pounds. Install and spread cotter pin.

***NOTE**: After a few hours of operation ,always recheck blade carrier retaining nut torque.*

WARNING Avoid personal injury. Do not work under cutter without support blocks to keep frame from falling.

HYDRAULIC HOSES

Replace pinched and broken Hydraulic Hoses at once. Tighten any Hydraulic Fitting with fluid leaking from it. If fluid still leaks, loosen the fitting, apply a pipe thread compound to the threads and tighten. Care must be exercised when tightening Hydraulic Fittings. Too much tightening can cause the fittings to crack and require replacement fittings.

Although a small amount of oil will be present from bleeding at all Hydraulic Fittings, significant amounts of oil leaking around the Breather Plug on the Cylinder indicates that the seal in the Cylinder is worn out. Replace the seals in the Cylinder immediately before the Cylinder is damaged or too much hydraulic fluid is lost.

SKID SHOES

Skid shoes are made of carbon steel to reduce wear and increase service life. Premature wear can be caused by the mower Wing sections being set too low which allows the Wing Skid Shoes to drag on the ground. Dragging the Skid Shoes on the ground or running the Skid Shoes into solid objects can contribute to early frame failure on the mower. Replace worn Skid Shoes as required.

WHEEL BEARINGS

Every six months, the Wheel Hubs should be removed. Remove, clean, and inspect the bearings making certain that they are free of all signs of pitting, rust, decay, or deformation. If any of these problems exist, the Cups and Cones in the Wheel Hub should be replaced. Replace the Cups and Cones as a set. This prevents a continuation of the original problem. If the bearings are in good shape, pack them with grease.

Put the Bearing and Seal back into the Wheel Hub and replace the Hub. Tighten the adjusting nut until there is noticeable drag while turning the Wheel. Back off just enough to provide a free-rolling fit. Insert and spread the Cotter Pin. Install the Hub Cap. Fill the Hub completely with #2 Bearing Grease.

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STORAGE

Your rotary mower represents an investment from which you should get the greatest possible benefit. Therefore, when the season is over, the cutter should be thoroughly checked and prepared for storage so that a minimum amount of work will be required to put it back into operation for the next season. The following are suggested storage procedures:

1. Thoroughly clean the cutter.
2. Lubricate the cutter as covered in Maintenance Section.
3. Tighten all bolts and pins to the recommended torque.
4. Check the cutter for worn or damaged parts. Make replacements immediately.
5. Store the cutter in a clean, dry place with the cutter housing resting on blocks.
6. Use spray touch-up enamel where necessary to prevent rust and maintain the appearance of the cutter.

PROPER TORQUE FOR FASTENERS (FIGURE 12)

The chart lists the correct tightening torque for fasteners. When bolts are to be tightened or replaced, refer to this chart to determine the grade of bolts and the proper torque except when specific torque values are assigned in manual text.

NOTE: *These values apply to fasteners as received from supplier, dry or when lubricated with normal engine oil. They do not apply if special graphited or molydisulphide greases or other extreme pressure lubricants are used. This applies to both UNF fine and UNC coarse threads.*

RECOMMENDED TORQUE IN FOOT POUNDS UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED IN THE MANUAL *

Proper Torque values for bolts that are measured in Inches

Bolt Diameter	Head Marking No Marks Grade Two	Head Marking Three Lines Grade Five	Head Marking Six Lines Grade Eight
	Pound - Foot Value Dry	Pound - Foot Value Dry	Pound - Foot Value Dry
1/4"	5.5	9	12.5
5/16"	11	18	26
3/8"	20	33	46
7/16"	32	52	75
1/2"	50	80	115
9/16"	70	115	160
5/8"	100	160	225
3/4"	175	280	400
7/8"	175	450	650
1"	270	675	975
1-1/8"	375	850	1350
1-1/4"	530	1200	1950
1-3/8"	700	1550	2550
1-1/2"	930	2100	3350

Proper Torque values for Metric bolts

Bolt Diameter	4.8 Head Marking 4.8	8.8 Head Marking 8.8 or 9.8	10.9 Head Marking 10.9	12.9 Head Marking 12.9
	Pound - Foot Value Dry	Pound - Foot Value Dry	Pound - Foot Value Dry	Pound - Foot Value Dry
6mm	4.5	8.5	12	14.5
8mm	11	20	30	35
10mm	21	40	60	70
12mm	37	70	105	120
14mm	60	110	165	190
16mm	92	175	255	300
18mm	125	250	350	410
20mm	180	350	500	580
22mm	250	475	675	800
24mm	310	600	850	1000
27mm	450	875	1250	1500
30mm	625	1200	1700	2000

FIGURE 12

*To get Newton-Meters multipy pound-foot of torque by 1.356

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NOTES

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NOTES

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PARTS SECTION

PARTS ORDERING GUIDE

The following instructions are offered to help eliminate needless delay and error in processing purchase orders for the equipment in this section.

1. The Parts Section is prepared in logical sequence and grouping of parts that belong to the basic machine featured in this manual. Part Numbers and Descriptions are given to help locate the parts and quantities required.

2. The Purchase Order must include the name and address of the person or organization ordering the parts, who should be charged, and if possible, the serial number of the machine for which the parts are ordered.

3. The Purchase Order must clearly list the quantity of each part, the complete and correct part number, and the basic name of the part.

4. The Manufacturer reserves the right to substitute parts where applicable.

5. Some parts are unlisted items which are special production items not normally stocked and are subject to special handling. Request a quotation for such parts before sending a Purchase Order.

6. The Manufacturer reserves the right to change prices without prior notice.

NOTE: Please refer to The Safety Section in the front of this Manual for the proper Part Number when ordering Replacement Safety Decals.

For maximum safety and to guarantee optimum product reliability, always use genuine Alamo Group Parts. The use of inferior replacement parts may cause premature or catastrophic failure which could result in serious injury or death. Direct any questions regarding parts to:

Servis-Rhino
1502 E. Walnut
Seguin,Texas 78155
830-372-3080

PARTS

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SERVIS-RHINO
LIMITED WARRANTY

1. LIMITED WARRANTIES

1.01. Servis-Rhino warrants for one year from the purchase date to the original non-commercial, governmental, or municipal purchaser ("Purchaser") and warrants for six months to the original commercial or industrial purchaser ("Purchaser") that the goods purchased are free from defects in material or workmanship.

1.02. Manufacturer will replace for the Purchaser any part or parts found, upon examination at one of its factories, to be defective under normal use and service due to defects in material or workmanship.

1.03. This limited warranty does not apply to any part of the goods which has been subjected to improper or abnormal use, negligence, alteration, modification, or accident, damaged due to lack of maintenance or use of wrong fuel, oil, or lubricants, or which has served its normal life. This limited warranty does not apply to any part of any internal combustion engine, or expendable items such as blades, shields, guards, or pneumatic tires except as specifically found in your Operator's Manual.

1.04. Except as provided herein, no employee, agent, Dealer, or other person is authorized to give any warranties of any nature on behalf of Manufacturer.

2. REMEDIES AND PROCEDURES.

2.01. This limited warranty is not effective unless the Purchaser returns the Registration and Warranty Form to Manufacturer within 30 days of purchase.

2.02. Purchaser claims must be made in writing to the Authorized Dealer ("Dealer") from whom Purchaser purchased the goods or an approved Authorized Dealer ("Dealer") within 30 days after Purchaser learns of the facts on which the claim is based.

2.03. Purchaser is responsible for returning the goods in question to the Dealer.

2.04. If after examining the goods and/or parts in question, Manufacturer finds them to be defective under normal use and service due to defects in material or workmanship, Manufacturer will:

(a) Repair or replace the defective goods or part(s) or

(b) Reimburse Purchaser for the cost of the part(s) and reasonable labor charges (as determined by Manufacturer) if Purchaser paid for the repair and/or replacement prior to the final determination of applicability of the warranty by Manufacturer.

The choice of remedy shall belong to Manufacturer.

2.05. Purchaser is responsible for any labor charges exceeding a reasonable amount as determined by Manufacturer and for returning the goods to the Dealer, whether or not the claim is approved. Purchaser is responsible for the transportation cost for the goods or part(s) from the Dealer to the designated factory.

3. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.

3.01. MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS (EXCEPT AS SET FORTH HEREIN) AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE GOODS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

3.02. MANUFACTURER MAKES NO WARRANTY AS TO THE DESIGN, CAPABILITY, CAPACITY, OR SUITABILITY FOR USE OF THE GOODS.

3.03. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED HEREIN, MANUFACTURER SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY OR RESPONSIBILITY TO PURCHASER OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY WITH RESPECT TO ANY LIABILITY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE CAUSED OR ALLEGED TO BE CAUSED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY THE GOODS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR OPERATION OF THE GOODS OR ANY BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY. NOT WITHSTANDING THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS AND WARRANTIES, MANUFACTURER'S LIABILITY HEREUNDER FOR DAMAGES INCURRED BY PURCHASER OR OTHERS SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PRICE OF THE GOODS.

3.04. NO ACTION ARISING OUT OF ANY CLAIMED BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY OR TRANSACTIONS UNDER THIS WARRANTY MAY BE BROUGHT MORE THAN TWO (2) YEARS AFTER THE CAUSE OF ACTION HAS OCCURRED.

4. MISCELLANEOUS.

4.01. Proper Venue for any lawsuits arising from or related to this limited warranty shall be only in Guadalupe County, Texas.

4.02. Manufacturer may waive compliance with any of the terms of this limited warranty, but no waiver of any terms shall be deemed to be a waiver of any other term.

4.03. If any provision of this limited warranty shall violate any applicable law and is held to be unenforceable, then the invalidity of such provision shall not invalidate any other provisions herein.

4.04. Applicable law may provide rights and benefits to purchaser in addition to those provided herein.

KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS

ATTENTION: Purchaser should fill in the blanks below for his reference when buying repair parts and/or for proper machine identification when applying for warranty.

Servis-Rhino Implement Model _____ Serial Number _____

Date Purchased _____ Dealer _____

ATTENTION:
READ YOUR OPERATOR'S MANUAL

SERVIS-RHINO
An **Alamo Group** Company
Post Office Drawer 712
Seguin, Texas 78156
830-372-3080

In addition to the standard Limited Warranty, Rhino provides one year (12 months),(6 months for Commercial/Industrial Users) Limited Warranty on the Driveline Components provided that these components have been properly maintained and lubricated that and have not been subjected to abuse or mis-use.

TO THE OWNER/OPERATOR/DEALER

To keep your implement running efficiently and safely, read your manual thoroughly and follow these directions and the Safety Messages in this Manual. The Table of Contents clearly identifies each section where you can easily find the information you need.

The OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT (1928.51 Subpart C) makes these minimum safety requirements of tractor operators:

REQUIRED OF THE OWNER:

1. Provide a Roll-Over-Protective Structure that meets the requirements of this Standard; and
2. Provide Seatbelts that meet the requirements of this paragraph of this Standard and SAE J4C;and
3. Ensure that each employee uses such Seatbelt while the tractor is moving; and
4. Ensure that each employee tightens the Seatbelt sufficiently to confine the employee to theprotected area provided by the ROPS.

REQUIRED OF THE OPERATOR

1. Securely fasten seatbelt if the tractor has a ROPS.
2. Where possible, avoid operating the tractor near ditches, embankments, and holes.
3. Reduce speed when turning, crossing slopes, and on rough, slick, or muddy surfaces.
4. Stay off slopes too steep for safe operation.
5. Watch where you are going - especially at row ends, on roads, and around trees.
6. Do not permit others to ride.
7. Operate the tractor smoothly - no jerky turns, starts, or stops.
8. Hitch only to the drawbar and hitch points recommended by the tractor manufacturer.
9. When the tractor is stopped, set brakes securely and use park lock, if available.

☑ **Keep children away from danger all day, every day...**

☑ **Equip tractors with rollover protection (ROPS) and keep all machinery guards in place...**

☑ **Please work, drive, play and live each day with care and concern for your safety and that of your family and fellow citizens.**

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